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VOL. XXIII NO. 190 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, AUGUST 10, 1935 EIGHTEEN PAGES

NEW PROBLEM FOR MUSSOLINI

Police Open Fire On Jat Crowd

CRISIS IN LOHARU STATE

Agrarian Discontent Takes Serious Turn

SIMLA, Aug. 9.

The Jat agitation in Loharu State took a serious turn, when the State Police and Infantry opened fire in Shenghani yesterday resulting in the death of three and serious injuries to 47.

Some of the armed Jats, it is reported, who dispersed from Chehar on the night of August 5, collected again in village Shenghani, about seven miles from Chehar, and seven miles south-east of Loharu. A party of the Loharu State Police numbering 15, and 30 men and officers of the State Infantry proceeded to this village on August 8, to make arrests. They were surrounded by a hostile mob, about one thousand strong, and were therefore forced to open fire in self-defence.

A military mobile column, which was in the camp at Chehar is moving to the camp at Loharu to-day.—United Press.

APPEAL TO VICEROY

Woeful Tales Of Alleged Repression

NEW DELHI, August 9.

People coming from Loharu State reveal sensational developments there and relate woeful tales of alleged repression. They allege that State forces are making indiscriminate lathi charges and arrests. The whole State comprising about 24,000 population is in complete turmoil.

AGRARIAN GRIEVANCES

Though the trouble has been brewing for some time past, the immediate cause, it is understood, is in connection with the realisation of the camel tax. The grievances of peasantry are of agrarian nature.

A report received last evening shows that the Agent to the Governor-General, Punjab, reached the spot but has failed to create normal conditions so far. Rai Bahadur Chotturam, a member of the Punjab Legislative Council and a Jat leader, has wired to the Loharu Nawab requesting the latter to allow himself and Thakurdas Bhargava to represent the peasants' case to the Nawab.

WIRE TO VICEROY

The following telegram has been sent to His Excellency the Viceroy by the Loharu State public:-

"Chaharkalan village has been occupied by 150 armed police Soldiers and officers of the State have since four days guarded all sides. We cannot drink water from wells and cannot go to farms. We request Your Excellency to arrange a settlement, otherwise we will flee away from the State."

Sufferers have called a conference at Bhiwana on August 11 wherein the future course of action will be chalked out.—United Press.

UNREST IN LOHARU STATE

Purely Agricultural And Not Communal

BOMBAY, Friday.

Kunwar Ratansingh, President of the Rajputana Jat Sabha, Ajmer has issued the following statement on the Agrarian Unrest in Loharu State:—

It is deplorable that attempts should be made to give Loharu agitation a communal colour. It is a fact that there is only a negligible number of non-Jat peasants in all the 80 villages of the State but it does not mean that the agitation is a Jat agitation. On the contrary, it is purely an agrarian agitation and nothing special is demanded for the Jats as a community.

It is also untrue to say that the agitation is a contagion of the Sikar Jat agitation. The people of Loharu State have been petitioning, wiring and using all sorts of constitutional methods to move the Ruler and the Political Department for the removal of the unbearable cesses, such as camel and marriage cesses they are asked to pay; but they have never refused to pay revenue as had been made to appear in the press.

To call it an agitation of Jats alone, a contagion of the Sikar unrest, or a no-tax campaign is to do gross injustice to the poor peasants. The dissemination of news in such coloured form does not seem worthy of responsible press. It would do nothing but incite the Paramount Power to take a wrong view of the situation, as the interested wish and crush the poor cultivators. I am sure that if the situation is independently inquired into, the Government itself would be convinced that the excessive taxation and repressive policy prevalent in the Loharu State have accentuated agricultural discontent.

It is interesting to note that due to depression, the Governments of the Punjab and U.P. have decided to realise only that much taxation from the farmers as was fixed up in the settlement of 1905. Is it just that the farmers in the Loharu State should be asked to pay more and more, and say nothing.

MUNICIPAL COUNCILLOR UNSEATED

Notice For Alleged Malpractice Served On His Brother

(From Our Correspondent).

POONA, Aug. 9.

Mr. K. G. Pashankar (Congress) Municipal Councillor, was unseated to-day when the Additional District Judge, Mr. Joshi, passed orders in the election petition filed against him by Dr. Tendulkar, the unsuccessful candidate.

It was alleged that Mr. Pashankar won over the votes of the Shimpi community by donating Rs. 1,000 to their Dharmshala. Notice has been issued against Mr. Pashankar's brother to show why he should not be disqualified for five years for the alleged participation in this malpractice.

Mr. S. G. Patkar Arrested

Close on the heels of Mr. S. S. Mirajkar's arrest, comes the news of the arrest of Mr. S. G. Patkar.

Mr. Patkar was arrested at Lalbaug at 5-30 p.m. on Friday at his residence. He was arrested by Inspector Kothare of the C.I.D. under Emergency Powers Act.

Mr. Patkar was recently elected to the executive committee of the Girni Kamgar Union and was arrested for alleged Communist activities.

(Mirajkar's Arrest—Page 8.)

Men Under Orders Play Truant

NEXT CONGRESS PRESIDENT

Maharashtra Committee Proposes Name Of Jawaharlal

POONA, Aug. 9.

It is understood that the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee will recommend Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru for the presidentship of the ensuing Lucknow session of the Congress.—United Press.

'POOR MAN'S DINNER' FOR CONGRESS CABINET

GODHRA, Aug. 8.

The specially deputed Wardha correspondent of the "Deshbandhu" a local weekly, reports that Mahatma Gandhi invited the members of the Congress Cabinet to a "poor man's dinner" on the evening of 31st July and served them with hand-cleaned rice, uncooked but boiled green vegetables and jelly made of the orange skin soaked in 'Gur.' Powder chutney of linseed was also served.

Mahatma has given up the use of 'nim' tree leaves and tamarind which caused him acute stomach trouble a few days ago.—United Press.

CESSION OF TERRITORY TO STATES

Gadgil's Questions In Assembly

POONA, Aug. 9.

Mr. Gadgil, M.L.A. has given notice of his intention to ask questions in the Assembly about the Quetta earthquake, and on the reported attempt of some Indian States to regain territories in British India.—United Press.

MALERKOTLA SHOPS BROKEN INTO?

Hindu Sabha Seeks Interview With Nawab

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, Aug. 9.

The Secretary of the Hindu Sabha, Malerkotla, who is here along with a deputation which has sought an interview with the Nawab of Malerkotla, has wired the following to the Nawab:—

"A Hindu-Sikh Deputation of forty persons reached Simla on the 6th. News has been received from Malerkotla that shops were broken into and property removed though Section 144 is in force. The Hartal continued for the 39th day.

200 HOUSES WATER-LOGGED

Heavy Damage To Crops Sequel To Flooding Of Wana River

NAGPUR, Aug. 9.

Considerable damage to standing crops has been caused and about 200 houses are water-logged as a result of floods in the Wana river following heavy rains, according to an official report. No loss of life is reported. Damage to crops has occurred in Wardha District, especially cotton, and in Nagpur District, the major part of which was under water last week. Agricultural operations have been suspended almost throughout the province. —A.P.

ARMY DESERTIONS

They Prefer Safety In Alps To Abyssinian Venture

(Special Cable.)

BELLINZONA, Aug. 9.

Notwithstanding denial from Rome of desertions in the army it is believed that a considerable number of deserters hitered into Ticino, the Italian-speaking Canton, during the past few days, many of whom were in the units under orders to proceed to Abyssinia.

The Italian Frontier guards were on the "Qui Vive". Consequently the deserters were forced to cross the wild and desolate parts of the Alps. Once they get into Ticino there is no great difficulty in concealing themselves owing to language and the sympathy of a number of the inhabitants.

Meanwhile a message from Berne says that the Federal Council is taking a grave view of propaganda in Ticino for union with Italy and have decided to prosecute for high treason a man and a woman of Bellinzona who have been arrested.

ADJOURNMENT IN C.P. COUNCIL

Benda Incident To Be Discussed To-day

NAGPUR, Aug. 9.

It is understood that Mr. K. P. Pande has given notice of an adjournment motion to discuss the recent incident near Jubbulpore in which some soldiers of the King's Regiment were involved. The matter is likely to be discussed to-morrow—A.P.

ETHIOPIA TURNS DOWN BR. OFFER

Nationality And Expenses Are Hindrances To Enrolment

LONDON, Aug. 9.

The Ethiopian Legation declined applications from Britons for enlistment in the army as questions of nationality and expense were involved.—Reuter.

GERMANS IN THOUS. ANDS READY TO JOIN

(Special Cable.)

BERLIN, Aug. 9.

Several thousand applications to join the Ethiopian army have been received at the Ethiopian Consulate and are still arriving at the rate of a hundred daily. In addition to German offers, offers come from Britain, Poland, Sweden Czechoslovakia and other countres while the Resident of the Gold Coast has offered to furnish 10,000 men. All applicatons are being refused.

ITALY'S WAR PREPARATIONS

Baroda People's Condemnation

BARODA, Aug. 9.

The Baroda State Prajamandal Working Committee has decided to offer felicitations to the Gaek war on the occasion of the Diamond Jubilee celebrations and to celebrate it independently.

It also passed another resolution expressing its dissatisfaction at Italy's war preparations against Ethiopia because it is an Imperialist effort to curb backward people by war.

BENGAL PUBLIC SECURITY ACT

Home Member To Introduce Bill For Its Extension For Five Years

CALCUTTA, Aug. 9.

The "United Press" reliably understands that Mr. R. N. Reid, Home Member of the Bengal Government, will bring in a Bill in the course of the present session of the Legislative Council to extend for a term of five years the operation of the Bengal Public Security Act of 1932, which is due to expire in December, 1935. He will also move that this Bill be taken into consideration and passed by this session of the Council.

In the statement of objects and reasons, the Home Member says:—

"The Bengal Public Security Act of 1932, lapses in next December. This Act was passed to confer special powers, on the local Government to enable it in case of emergency to combat with the activities subversive to law and order or prejudicial to public security, for the suppression of which, ordinary powers of the Government are inadequate.

That such activities may recur is, by no means, impossible and the local Government are of the opinion that it ought, in common prudence, not allow the preventive power conferred by this Act to lapse. It is therefore proposed to extend the period of this Act for a term of five years."

H. A. LALJEE FOR ASSEMBLY SEAT

(From Our Correspondent).

POONA, Aug. 9.

Mr. Hooseinbhoy Laljee filed his nomination to-day for the Assembly bye-election from the Central Division Mahomedan Constituency.

JAPAN & MANCHUKO

Right Of Extra-Territoriality To Be Abandoned

TOKIO, Aug. 9.

The Government have approved the abandonment of the right of extra-territoriality in Manchukuo.

Japan will maintain the South-Manchukuo railway zone but transfer administrative rights to Manchukuo.—Reuter's Special.

"MANUNG" DISASTER CASE

Owner Fined Rs. 1,000

CALCUTTA, August 9.

F. Gaebele was fined by the Chief Presidency Magistrate Rs. 1,000 under section 58 of the Indian Steam Vessels Act for allowing 100 excess passengers on board "Manung" which sank in the Ganges on June 7, 1934, between Tetauaghat and Kakdip near Diamond Harbour, resulting, as alleged by the prosecution in loss of several lives. The accused is one of the owners of the ship.

Asraf Ali, the 'serang' of the steamer and Krishna Chandra Mahanty, a ticket collector, were each sentenced to 2 years' rigorous imprisonment under section 282 I.P.C. for rash and negligent act in navigation.

Fernandez, another owner, has been acquitted.—United Press.

A demonstration of some popular Psychological tests. Attention, Perseverance and general intelligence was given by Dr. A. R. Pachauri, M.A., Ph.D., Senior Lecturer Secondary Teachers' Training College, Baroda, to a gathering of teachers. Mr. B. K. Bhate the Commissioner of Education was also present. The demonstration was very much appreciated by the audience as it was the first of its kind in Baroda.

British Fabricated Steel For Howrah?

Indo-British Combine's Bid For Bridge Contract

("Chronicle" Special.)

The "Chronicle" understands that a prominent firm of Indian contractors has joined forces with a "British combine" in the race for securing the contract of the Howrah Bridge.

While the tenders are still in the "sealed" stage, it is anticipated that this Indo-British combine is likely to annex the "two crore Derby."

It will be recalled that this "combine" was entrusted with the construction of another gigantic bridge recently.

The Bombay Government, if referred to by Simla, will, it is learnt strongly recommend the services of this "combine" in view of their past record.

Opinon, it is stated, strongly favours this combine.

BRITISH STEEL FOR HOWRAH.

It is surprising to learn that Indian steel will be practically eliminated. It is apprehended by Indian steel interests that fabricated steel from England will be employed, even if the Indo-British combine gets the contract.

In an interview to the "Chronicle" representative an eminent steel magnate made this astounding statement.

He stated that Indian steel might be used only for the foundation, and that fabricated steel from England would be used for the entire superstructure, which meant that the bulk of the profits would go to Britain.

It is interesting to learn, in this connection, that the "combine" has made provisions for the use of Indian concrete, cement, bricks and stones. Speculation veers round the recent "cement merger" move whose services—if it comes to fruition—may be availed of in the construction of the Bridge.

HISTORY OF THE SCHEME.

It will be recalled that the idea of having a pier bridge was ruled out so long ago as in 1926 because, in the first place such an experiment would take at least seven or eight years, and by that time, "the present bridge would be in the river" and secondly with the falling of the piers in the river, the work of the Port would be very much impeded.

The Howrah Bridge Bill was introduced as long ago as in August 1924. It will be interesting to note in this connection, the plea of urgency put forward by Hon. Mr. MacDonald in the Bengal Legislative Council.

For a long period, the question of the bridge became a hardy annual in the Council. Several years have rolled on and the issue is still hanging fire. But there is no change in the attitude of the authorities concerned, despite reports of grave danger to the Bridge.

The new bridge is stated to cover 17,000 tons of high tensile steel and 8,500 tons mild steel, the whole scheme costing Rs. 1,98,00,000.

Ahmedabad Labour Dispute Amicably Settled

SCHEME OF RATIONALISATION EMBODIED IN DELHI AGREEMENT TO BE ADHERED TO

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 9.

A dispute which recently arose between the Labour Association and the Millowners Association with regard to the working of the "double sides" system in the Spinning Departments of the local mills has now been settled.

The Labour Association lodged several complaints contending that the working of the system was not in consonance with the letter and spirit of the scheme of rationalisation embodied in the Delhi Agreement concluded last year in the presence of Gandhiji. The Association added that it would advise the workmen to stop working "double sides" in mills which failed to make certain stated improvements within a specified period. Thereupon the Secretary, Millowners Association and the Secretary, Labour Association, together went round the different mills to explain to the management the improvements needed.

Some of the mills carried out the suggested improvements while a few stopped working "double sides" as they could not make these improvements.—A.P.

TWO SEPARATE SCHEMES?

An earlier message stated:

The Labour Association is pressing for the abolition of the system of giving damaged cloth to the weavers concerned and deducting its cost from their wages.

The Labour Association and the Millowners Association are preparing two separate schemes for prompt settlement of industrial disputes in pursuance of the Delhi Agreement. The understanding is that from these two schemes a "code" to be applied in case of industrial disputes is to be evolved, failing which the two bodies will again approach Gandhiji.—A.P.

MISCHIEF-MONGERS BEWARE!

Why These False Rumours Of Communal Riot

LAHORE, Aug. 9.

In view of the several false rumours of communal riot, murder and arson, spread in the city by mischief-mongers, Mr. S. Pratap, District Magistrate, announces by a beat of drum throughout the city that serious action will be taken against persons giving currency to false rumours.—United Press.

A. G. G. IN CENTRAL INDIA

Col. Robson To Act In Absence Of Hon. Fitze On Leave

(From Our Correspondent).

INDORE, Aug. 9.

It is reliably understood that Col. Robson, Political Agent, Bhopal, has been selected by the Viceroy to officiate as A.G.G., Central India, vice Hon. K. S. Fitze proceeding on leave out of India for 4 months. Mr. Egerton, Secretary to the A.G.G. is appointed as Political Agent, Bhopal, while Capt. Alban, Under-Secretary, will in addition to his own duties act as Secretary.

TABULATED ADLETS

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SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

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REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:——"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

2. MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted educated healthy beautiful Brahmin bride for young Brahmin qualified doctor. Apply Box No. 4684 "Bombay Chronicle."

5. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted—An young English-speaking Aya and an young governess for one child to an Indian Lady. Box No. 4660, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Smart, Experienced, Advertisement Canvassers for Insurance Monthly. Tempting Commission. Padma, Care Post Box 181, Bombay. (4686).

Wanted Immediately—A really proficient Lecturer in Wireless Technology. Must also be a good operator with practical knowledge of construction of Receivers and Transmitters. Decent salary. Apply with copies of certificates to Box No. 1516, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a qualified lady doctor (Gujrati knowing preferred) for part-time service for a charitable dispensary. Apply stating qualifications, experience and minimum salary expected to Honorary Secretary, Grain Merchants' Association, Mandvi, Bombay. (4687).

Wanted Ladies for office and canvassing. Apply personally, at once. Health and Beauty Products, above A 1 Restaurant, Grant Road, Bombay. (4693).

Wanted a Gujrati Graduate to line with a high-class Gujrati family, staying mostly on hill stations. Main duties teaching of 3 young children. Apply with conditions and pay required. Box No. 4691, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—(1) A Graduate holding University Degree in Civil Engineering with at least five years' previous experience in building construction and maintenance. Salary Rs. 150-5-200. (2) An experienced Plumber at Rs. 2-8-0 per working day. Apply with copies of testimonials to the Manager, Calico Mills, Ahmedabad. (1496).

Wanted Immediately for six weeks —A well qualified, competent and experienced tutor to direct studies in Logic and Kant's Critique of Pure Reason and to discuss problems connected with certain questions considered by European Philosophers (Locke, Hume, etc.) from the standpoint of Hindu Philosophy. Apply to Mrs. Saraladevi Sarabhai, The Retreat, Shahibag, Ahmedabad. (1507).

Applications are invited from qualified and competent persons for the post of Science Tutor (Physics Specialist with Chemistry and Mathematics) to direct and teach students reading University Courses on the lines of the Tutorial system as in Oxford and Cambridge Universities. Only those possessing high Honours degree of an Indian University or a well recognised Foreign University may apply to Mrs. Saraladevi Sarabhai, The Retreat, Shahibag, Ahmedabad. (1511).

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted influential Principal Motor Agents and Canvassers to represent an old Indian Insurance Office for Bombay City and Mofussil towns. Apply with references Box No. 4647, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Canvassers in City and Mofussil to sell on commission high class Ravasia Brand Washing Soaps. Apply Box No. 4685, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Lady Teacher, Parsi preferred, knowing Indian music, English and drill. Apply Post Box No. 4614, "Bombay Chronicle."

10. SITUATIONS WANTED.

Wanted job for a man, well versed in gardening, growing fruit trees and vegetables, etc. Please write to C. H. Islamuddin, Head Gardener, Nemawar, Holkar State. (4673).

12. TO BE LET

To Let whole or in parts large Bungalow at Land's End, Bandra, facing sea with compound, garages and up to date arrangements. Phone 40773. (4671).

To Let—Godown in Backhouse Lane, Forbes Street, Fort. Apply Doongursee & Sons, C|o Messrs. David Sassoon and Co., Ltd., Forbes Street. (4678).

13. SHOPS & ROOMS TO LET.

To Let in Shrinivas Building, Teland Road, Matunga, G.I.P. Rly., (three minutes from King's Circle) airy and well-ventilated Rooms and Blocks at reduced rents to high class vegetarian Hindus only. Apply there Bhaiya or Second floor. (4688).

14. HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

To Let.—Chowpatty, Gilbert Building flat of four large bed-rooms near Babulnath, Apply Kanji Cursondas, 187, Hornby Road. (4689).

27. HOTELS.

Bombay Savoy Hotel, next door to Central Station. Boarding and Lodging Rs. 4. Lodging only Rs. 2. (4681).

44. MEDICAL.

Cataract or Chronic eye-troubles, their bonafide harmless medication "Eyesun," world-wide reputed and tested. No operation. No obligation. If not price refunded. Phial 2|-. Stockists—P. M. Zaveri & Co., Princess Street, Bombay. (1407).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Kalkadevi Shorthand Typewriting Institution. Established 1898 by Gopaldas Laldas. Expert individual training in Shorthand, Typewriting, Book-keeping and Accountancy. Princess Street Corner, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay. (4638)

Hewett Engineering School, Lucknow, Recognised by U. P. Govt.—Applications from Matriculates invited for Overseer Class, Session July, 1935. Admission commenced. Excellent employment facilities. Free Prospectus from Principal. (4542).

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES.

Available Rs. 3,00,000 up to 60 p.c. value interest 5 or 6 p.c., on a sound freehold structure, business locality, Bombay. Period 2 years. No Brokers. Apply Post Box 928, Bombay. (4690).

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted Agents to secure orders for our attractive calendars. Easy terms. No security required. Oriental Calendar Mfg., Co., 18B (B.C.) North Chittaranjan avenue, Calcutta. (4694).

Wanted a Chief Agent for the Bombay Presidency well up in Insurance work and thoroughly conversant with organisation. Only persons capable of guaranteeing business need apply in confidence to the General Manager, the All-India United Assurance Co., Ltd., Head Office, Lucknow. (4626).

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar	Broach	Baroda
Borivli	Bhusaval	Dahod
Deolali	Dhond	Daman
Dhanu Road	Golvad	Karjat
Kasara	Lonavla	Manmad
Matheran	Neral	Navsari
Nasik	Sholapur	Virar

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

74. AGENCIES WANTED.

Tea—Expert in Tea Business with 47 years' experience is open to engagement or a representation, specially of Nilgiri and Travancore Tea. Apply Jamshetji Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi, Bombay.

87. ASTROLOGERS.

Ten years' annual life reading. Rupees Two. State Birth Time, Year, Place, Poolow, Bakerahmed Street, Secunderabad. (4692).

124. FRUITS & VEGETABLES.

Fruits and Grafts—All sorts of Grafts on large scale supplied cheaply. Free catalogue from Dilkush Nursery, Vyara, T. V. Rly. (4665)

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Sexus Paste, best Contraceptive Jelly. Complete outfit, Rs 2.12. Refill, Rs. 2. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (4440).

2,750 More Students to apply for Scholarships in Homoeopathy and Biochemistry, and intelligent men to win Rs. 50,000 by solving our easy puzzle. Apply for prospectus and detailed rules of puzzle, enclosing 2 annas stamps to:—The Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara, Travancore. (4676).

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

ADDITIONAL MOTIONS to the following effect of which notices have been received will be placed before the ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the CORPORATION called for MONDAY, the 12th August, 1935, at 2-30 p.m. (Bombay Time):—

96-98. From Mr. I. S. Patel—For obtaining reports from the Commissioner on the desirability of (96) declaring certain private streets in G Ward as public streets, (97) transferring the staff of certain departments from one Ward to another every two years and (98) throwing open the first gate of the Gilder Tank Market Building for children attending the school thereat.

99. From Mr. K. H. Goregaoker —Regarding the feasibility of installing "Electric Discharge Lamps" at important junctions in the City.

100. From Mr. Gordhandas G. Morarji—For expressing an opinion that all private Maternity Homes and allied institutions in the City should be licensed.

101. From Dr. Mrs. Malinibai B. Sukthankar—For amending the Bombay Nurses, etc., Registration Act so as to provide therein for compulsory registration of midwives in the City.

102-103. From Dr. J. N. Choksy —For requesting (102) Government to undertake legislation for laying down that rents in the City shall be collected according to English Calendar months and (103) the Commissioner to consider the possibility of reissuing the cancelled licences to hawkers on the Musjid Bunder Bridge.

104. From Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai, seconded by Mr. Meyer Nissim—For obtaining a report from the Law, etc., Committee on the advisability of amending the Municipal Act so as to prescribe therein that no bye-election will be held in case of a casual vacancy occurring within two months prior to the General Elections.

105. From Mr. K. H. Goregaoker—For requesting the Law, etc., Committee to expedite, their report on the amendment of Schedule H to the Municipal Act relating to Town Duties.

106. From Dr. Mrs. Malinibai B. Sukthankar—For obtaining a report from the Commissioner on the desirability of providing a permanent footpath along the side of the Arthur Road stables.

107. From Dr. M. C. Javle—For expressing the Corporation's protest against the Bombay Delimitation Committee's proposal to combine the Mahim Ward with the suburban areas for the purpose of forming a constituency.

108. From Sir Jehangir B. Bomon-Behram, Kt.—For requesting Government to place before the Indian Delimitation Committee the claims of the City for an adequate representation on the proposed provincial legislature.

109. From Mr. Cooverji J. Shah —For requesting Government to undertake legislation for prohibiting the mixture of butter fat with any vegetable product offered for sale.

110-111. From Mr. K. H. Goregaoker—For obtaining reports from the Commissioner on the desirability of (110) investigating the possibility of the spread of leprosy by the sale of garden products reared up by the inmates of the Acworth Leper Asylum, and (111) improving the concrete surface of the Hornby Vellard road with a view to avoiding skidding of motor cars thereon.

112-115. From Mr. Keshao Ganesh Tambe—For requesting (112) the Commissioner to take steps for widening the bottle neck of Worli Road near the Love Grove Outfall; (113) the Committee appointed to investigate the causes of deficient water supply to take expert opinion in the matter, etc., (114) the Works Committee to consider the advisability of paving the carriage entrances in level with the footpaths so as to dispense with the curbing on either side of the same and (115) the Commissioner to undertake repairs of certain private streets, especially in F and G Wards.

By Order of His Worship the Mayor,
D. V. NADKARNI,
Ag. Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 9th August, 1935.

1522

NOTICE.

WANTED three GRADUATE LADIES for the Municipal Girls' Middle School. Apply stating terms to the undersigned.

B.A. PATEL,
Chief Officer,
Broach Borough Municipality
Broach.

Broach, 8th Aug. 1935. 1519.

Public Notices

THE MYSORE SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE FORTY-SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Mysore Spinning and Manufacturing Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Temple Bar Building, 70, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th August, 1935, at 3-30 p.m. (Standard Time), for the purpose of transacting the following business:

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 28th February, 1935.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To appoint two Directors in place of Mr. W. G. McKee and Mr. S. C. Cambata, who retire by rotation, and who, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 20th August, 1935, to the 28th August, 1935, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,
N. SIRUR & CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, 2nd August, 1935.

N.B.—The Dividend when declared, will be made payable at the Registered Office of the Company on and after Tuesday, the 10th September, 1935, between 12 noon and 3 p.m., on week days, other than Saturdays, and between 12 noon and 1-30 p.m., on Saturdays on application or on production of the Share Certificates, to Shareholders whose names stand on the Register of Members on the 19th August, 1935.

1482.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1023 of 1932.

VINAYAKRAO ATMARAM KARAPURKAR & another ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
Bai JERBAI, widow of Rustomji Behramji Daruwalla and others. ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to Decree Absolute for Sale, dated the 9th October, 1934, and Judge's Order, dated 21st June, 1935, the following immovable properties will be sold by Public Auction in two lots by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on Friday, 16th August, 1935, at 3 p.m. (S.T.).

LOT NO. 1.

ALL that piece of land of Foras Freehold tenure, situate at Elphinstone Road, Bombay, together with the dwelling house standing thereon, containing by admeasurement 165 square yards or thereabouts bearing Collector's Land Revenue New No. 11956 and New Survey No. 1/2638 and Cadastral Survey No. 11/899, Mahim Division and Municipal G. Ward No. 2489 and Street No. 1, Elphinstone Road.

LOT NO. II.

ALL that piece of land, situated at the junction of Elphinstone Road and De Lisle Road, Bombay, containing by admeasurement 515 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1/899 of the Lower Parel Division.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. PATHARE and LILADHAR, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 36, Tamarind Lane, Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 11th day of July, 193
G. R. KHAIRAZ,
Offg. Commissioner.

1515

LEPROSY AND LEUCODERMA

Does it trouble you? If so, please get a free particulars to know about the safe, sure, guaranteed specific of the day—Mooktas Healing Home, Kalyansani, E.B., India.

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

SEWERAGE SCHEME FOR THE NORTHERN PART OF BOMBAY.

TENDERS for works in the construction of "Main sewer (N3M3) from the junction of Elphinstone and Sayani Roads to the proposed pumping station near the Purification Works at Dadar, will be received upto 1-0 p.m. (Bombay Time) on THURSDAY, the 22nd of August, 1935.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender together with a deposit of Rs. 2,500.

Forms of tender, specifications, etc. will be issued on payment of Rs. 5 to any one deputed to receive them by the City Engineer, who will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

In case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

N. V. MODAK,
Ag. City Engineer.

Municipal Offices,
Hornby Road, Fort,
Bombay, 8th August, 1935.

1521.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT 1913
and
In the matter of the C. P. CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

The C. P. Cement Company, Limited, having its Registered Office at Yusuf Building Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay ..... Petitioners.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Order of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, dated the 12th day of July, 1935, confirming the reduction of the Capital of the Company abovenamed from Rs. 45,50,000 divided into 4,000 Preference Shares of Rs. 1,000 each and 550 ordinary shares of Rs. 1000 each to Rs. 35,50,000 divided into 3,000 Preference Shares of Rs. 1,000 each and 550 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 1,000 each and the Minute approved by the Court showing with respect to the Capital of the Company as altered in several particulars required by the Indian Companies Act, 1913, was registered by the Registrar of Companies on the 5th day of August 1935.

The said Minute is in the words and figures following:—

"The Capital of the C. P. Cement Company Limited henceforth is Rs. 35,50,000 divided into 3,000 Preference Shares of Rs. 1,000 each and 550 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 1,000 each. At the time of the Registration of this Minute all the said 3,000 Preference Shares and all the said 550 Ordinary Shares are fully paid up."

Dated 9th August, 1935.

PAYNE & CO.,
Attorneys for the Company.

1520.

N. Y. K. LINE

Around the World Tours

REVISED PASSAGE RATES from Bombay to Bombay via China-Japan-San Francisco—(via Honolulu) or Vancouver-Seattle-New York or Montreal-Southampton or Liverpool-London or Marseilles or Naples—and Colombo.

1ST CLASS THROUGHOUT

	£
Grade A from	175-14-7
Grade B from	162-18-7

1st class to New York via Japan and Pacific including Rail across U. S. A., Cabin class Atlantic, 1st class London-Bombay via Colombo.

	£
Grade A from	164-14-6
Grade B from	151-18-6

2nd class to New York via Japan and Pacific including Rail across U. S. A., Cabin cl. Atlantic, 2nd class London-Bombay via Colombo.

	£
Grade A from	119-19-4
Grade B from	108- 7-4

2nd class to New York via Japan and Pacific including Rail across U. S. A., Tourist Atlantic, 2nd class London-Bombay via Colombo.

	£
Grade A from	104- 4-9
Grade B from	90-12-9

For particulars of passage and sailings etc., please apply to:—

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
Cox's Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.
Phone No. 22041, Telegrams "YUSEN"

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1326 of 1933.

THAKER JADAVJI MULJI ..... Plaintiff.
vs.
RATILAL MOTILAL Defendant.

PURSUANT TO DECREE, Absolute for Sale, dated 12th April, 1934, the following immovable properties will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House, on MONDAY, 12th August, 1935, at 3 p.m. (S.T.)

I. ALL THAT piece of land being on the East side of the Shradhanand Road at Vile-Parle Suburban District of Bombay bearing Plot No. 194 of Vile-Parle Town Planning Scheme No. II admeasuring 554 square yards or thereabouts.

II. ALL THOSE piece of land, situate at Vile-Parle, Pot Tukdi Bandra, Suburban District of Bombay, bearing Survey Nos. 118, 118, 121, 140A and 141A and Hissa Nos. 3, 4, 8, 7 and 2 and admeasuring 0-34, 0-2, 0-6½, 0-3 and 0-2 Gunthas respectively.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. DIVECHA AND THAKORE, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 24-26, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 26th day of June, 1935.

G. R. KHAIRAZ,
Offg. Commissioner.

1518

Auction Sales

On SUNDAY, 11-8-1935, at 3-30 p.m. by the order of different parties Household Furniture of different style and Wood, Sewing Machine, Typewriters, Wall Clocks, Pictures, Screens and Jacobean Almyrah, Dressing Table, Side Board and Silver Cabinet on view.

DHANIDADUNA & SONS.

GANDHI & CO.

Tel. No. 24927.

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO INVESTORS.

AUCTION SALE OF A VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT MAHIM, GOPEE TALAO, NEAR MATUNGA ROAD STATION OF B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY, WITHOUT THE FORT OF BOMBAY.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will under instructions from the Administrator-General of Bombay as the Administrator of the estate of the late Shamrao Bhaskar Kothare, and in pursuance of a Consent Judge's Order, dated the 22nd day of March, 1935, made in the matter of the Testamentary Suit No. 4 of 1932, Parvatibai, widow of Shamrao Bhaskar Kothare vs. Krishnarao Khanderao Kothare and also in the matter of the Petition for letters at Administration on C. T. A. of the estate of the late Shamrao Bhaskar Kothare deceased, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned Valuable Immovable Property on Saturday, the 24th day of August, 1935, at 4 p.m. (S. T.) on the premises.

SCHEDULE.

All that piece of Land or Oart called Doolwaree or Jadowjee of Pension and Tax tenure together with the messuages standing thereon situate at Mahim near Gopee Talao without the Fort, containing by admeasurement 11,256 Square Yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Cadastral Survey No. 580 of Mahim Division and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the North partly by the Oart, bearing Cadastral Survey No. 579 of Mahim Division and partly by the Oart bearing Cadastral Survey No. 584 of Mahim Division, on or towards the South by the Oart bearing Cadastral Survey No. 5 of Mahim Division, on or towards the East by a public passage known as Mogul Gully and on or towards the West partly by the Oart bearing Cadastral Survey No. 581 of Mahim Division and partly by the Oart bearing Cadastral Survey No. 584 of Mahim Division and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G ward No. 5601 and 5602 and Street Nos. 77 and 78.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Messrs. Nanu Hormasjee & Co., Attorneys for the Administrator-General of Bombay, at their Office at Fort Chambers, Hamam Street, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

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Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 3 BUNCHES LOOSE PEARLS.

Under instructions from Messrs Thakoredas & Co., Attorneys for Messrs Natverlal Jamnadas and Hiralal Lallubhai, and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Maganlal Maneklal, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will (TO-DAY) SATURDAY, the 10th August, 1935 at 3 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their rooms, 120, Apollo Street, Fort:—

3 bunches of loose pearls.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF PEARL ORNAMENTS.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as Receiver appointed in suit No. 2063 of 1929 (Harkisondas versus Meghji Jivandas) Messrs BENNETT & CO., will (TO-DAY) SATURDAY, the 10th August, 1935 at 3-15 P.M. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction at their rooms:—

4 Pearl Bangles and 2 Pearl Javs.

The above is on view.

Cash will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF THE RIGHT, TITLE AND INTEREST OF THE INSOLVENT IN THE GOOD WILL.

Under instructions from the Official Assignee of Bombay and Assignee of the estate and effects of the insolvent Mukundrao Krishnarao Hatangdi traded as C. I. B. Hansa, Toilet Manufacturer Messrs. Crawford & Co., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, 13th August, '35, at 3-0 p.m. (S.T.) at their rooms at 122, Apollo St., Fort, Bombay, the right title and interest of the above named insolvent in the Good-Will of his firm of C. I. B. Hansa, Toilet Manufacturer.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Messrs. BANKER & Co.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY (SATURDAY) at 6 P.M. (S.T.) at Chowpatty Sea Face, near Italian Restaurant of complete dining, drawing and Bed-room furniture, Gramophone, Singer Machine, Frigidaire, Austrian Safe, Tilting Chesterfield Sets, Wardrobes, Glassware, etc

Running This Week

By SPECIAL REQUEST and PUBLIC DEMAND

NEW THEATRES LTD'S.

Immortal Masterpiece

Chandidas

Starring:—

Empress Of Emotions

Umashashi

SAIGAL, PAHARI, SANYAL—

AT

MINERVA

TALKIES

LAMINGTON ROAD

TIME: 5-15, 8, & 10-30.

Sat., Sun. and Holidays at 3 p.m.

COMING!

GREATER than "CHANDIDAS"

More GLORIOUS than PURAN BHAKTA"

NEW THEATRES LTD.'S

TRIUMPHANT ACHIEVEMENT.

AN EPIC OF MODERN SOCIAL LIFE

from the mighty pen of SARAD CHATTERJEE

Noted Novelist.

DEVDAS

Starring:—

Golden-voiced-hero of the Screen

SAIGAL, JAMUNA, K. C. DEY—Rajkumari, Pahari Sanyal.

COMING SHORTLY TO

Krishna Talkies

NEW CHARNI ROAD.

For Bookings apply to:—

CALCUTTA FILM EXCHANGE, Tribhuwan Road, BOMBAY.

SADANAND'S UNDERTAKING TO FAST TILL PROMISE OF PAYMENT IS FULFILLED

Negotiations With Staff For Payment Of Arrears End In Failure

BOMBAY: Friday.

A further stage has now been reached in the situation arising from the "Free Press" staff's picketing at the Company's Offices in Dalal Street, which has continued for four days.

Seeing that the picketers were firm in their determination not to move from the entrance till their arrears of salaries had been paid off, Mr. Sadanand, the Managing Director, made a certain offer, including an undertaking to fast, which was considered by a meeting of the staff, held at 12-30 p m. to-day, at the entrance of the office, when Mr. Khandubhai K. Desai, Editor of "Nav Bharat" presided.

The offer was not accepted.

The first resolution adopted by the meeting was as follows:—

"This meeting of the "Free Press" staff has considered Mr. Sadanand's offer, sent in writing, promising that if the picketing was discontinued, he would pay Rs. 2,500 after one week, to be followed by further weekly instalments of the same amount, and further undertaking that, in default of full payment of any instalment, he would not take any food till payment is made, and stipulating that he would not be bound by this arrangement in the event of a Receiver being appointed.

OFFER REFUSED.

"After carefully considering these proposals, the staff cannot see their way to accept such promises of future payment in view of the fact that Mr. Sadanand had repeatedly broken such promises in the past, which had shattered the staff's faith in him."

Speaking on the resolution, Mr. Khandubhai said that Mr. Sadanand had collected from the public at least Rs. 5 lakhs since the company was started, and it was deplorable that the staff who had helped him in spite of difficulties of payment should now be left in such a condition.

COUNTER-OFFER.

The following were other resolutions passed by the meeting:—

"With a view to give Mr. Sadanand an honourable way out of the present deadlock" the staff are making the following offer to Mr. Sadanand:—

"In view of the fact that, under the law, the staff's salaries are among the preferential claims on the assets of the Co., Mr. Sadanand should hand over all outstanding bills to a committee consisting of Mr. Kanaiyalal Maganlal, Mr. K. K. Chitalia and Mr. K. Subba Rao (or any other person selected by Mr. Sadanand), and authorise them to collect the amounts due for the purpose of paying off the staff's salaries. The committee should keep proper accounts of all moneys that would come into their possession, and if any balance is left after paying the staff's salaries, it should be handed over to Mr. Sadanand or to any other person who happens to be in possession of the Company's assets at the time. The picketing will be removed as soon as the staff's salaries have been paid off."

"This meeting is further of opinion that if Mr. Sadanand is not willing to agree to the arrangement proposed by the staff, he should forthwith apply to the High Court for the appointment of a Receiver who would then deal with the staff's claims according to law."

"The Free Press staff hereby appeal to the public not to help Mr. Sadanand in his fresh venture to start any paper till the staff's arrears of salaries are paid off."

SUIT AGAINST INDIA SECRETARY

Court's Jurisdiction To Try Case Challenged

(From Our Correspondent)

THANA, August, 8

The Secretary of State for India is being sued in the court of Mr. L. C. Sheth, the first class sub-judge at Thana, by the Bhiwandi Municipality, for a declaration that the Collector's order passed on September 20, 1932 was illegal.

The Municipality has challenged the right of the Collector to forfeit the plots, which were leased by the Government on an annual rental of Rs. 100. It is stated that there had been no breach of the lease conditions, as alleged by the Collector, the Municipality having used them for Municipal purposes only.

The defendant has raised a preliminary issue that the court has no jurisdiction to entertain the suit.

GAMDEVI THEFT SUSPECT ARRESTED

Bombay, Friday.

The Bombay C.I.D. have arrested a Muslim in connection with the theft of property worth Rs. 1,600 committed recently in the Gamdevi locality.

Abdul Rehman Abdul Ahid, was placed before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla at the Esplanade Police Court to-day and was remanded to police custody till August 23, pending further inquiries.

"DISHONEST" APPLICANT

Sessions Judge Upholds Dismissal Of Enticement Case Against Brother

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, August 8.

The revision application filed by Mr. H. K. Nargolkar, Pleader, on behalf of Benjamin David Sankard against the order of dismissal passed by Rao Bahadur A. K. Kulkarni, the then City Magistrate, of Bandra, discharging Ezikiel David Sankard of the alleged offence of enticing away Penina, the wife of his brother Benjamin, and adultery with her, was dismissed yesterday by Mr. M. R. Meher, the Additional Sessions Judge of Thana, who opined that the applicant was a "dishonest man" in view of the notice issued by him in "The Bombay Chronicle": "My wife Penina Benjamin Sankard has left my protection of her own accord" prior to the alleged offence.

The facts of the case were that Ezikiel was staying at the applicant's house as his guest. On March 16 last the applicant's wife Penina left his protection. Ezikiel stayed with the applicant for a few days after her departure. She later issued a notice to the applicant for maintenance. The complaint was lodged before the Bandra City Magistrate on June 29 last. The Magistrate instead of issuing process ordered notice to issue against the opponent to show cause why a process should not be issued. The opponent filed a written statement. After perusing it the Court dismissed the complaint.

"Dishonest Man."

The Additional Sessions Judge observed: "The applicant seems to me to be a dishonest man and his complaint was rightly dismissed. I think that the Magistrate was not bound to examine the Complainant's witnesses. The practice of issuing notice to the accused instead of examining the complainant's witnesses is often followed in the Presidency towns and in my opinion it might be usefully followed even in the mofussil."

The Judge, in dismissing the application, said that the opponent had obtained a decree against the applicant for Rs. 3,200 in respect of a pro-note, and the first instalment was payable on August 8. The applicant had filed the complaint as a counter-blast to the complaint filed by the opponent in the Presidency Magistrate's court in Bombay, as in order to bring pressure on the opponent so that he might not take steps to realise the first instalment of the decree.

M. V. Dhond and V. A. Kulkarni, two B.A. students, who tied for the Dadoba Pandurang Gold Medal, both having obtained the same highest total in Marathi.

TIE FOR DADOBA PANDURANG MEDAL

Two B. A. Students Secure Same Number Of Marks In Marathi

The donation for providing a gold medal worth Rs. 150 to any student passing the B. A. Examination with the highest number of marks in Marathi and a further annual prize of Rs. 250 for the best book in Marathi, to the University of Bombay was awarded a few months ago.

Mr. B. S. Turkhud, J.P., of Bombay was mainly instrumental in securing the corpus for these two handsome prizes annually for the encouragement of Marathi.

It is a significant fact that it is fully after one century that Dadoba Pandurang Prizes are given away. R. B. Dadoba wrote his first grammar in 1835 at the suggestion of the Bombay Government.

This year the gold medal has been awarded to Mr. M. V. Dhond, B.A., and V. A. Kulkarni, B.A. These scholars having secured equal number of marks, the Medal has to be divided.

Mr. Dhond passed his Matriculation Examination from the Raja Ram Mohan Roy School, Bombay—conducted by the Bombay Prarthana Samaj and stood first. He passed the B. A. Examination from Wilson College, Bombay, and is now studying further for the M.A Examination. Mr. Kulkarni belonging to Kolhapur High School appeared in the B.A. Examination from Rajaram College and is studying for M.A. Both the students have had a successful career. They fully deserve congratulations.

LIVE NOBLE LIFE FOR SAKE OF ETERNAL GAIN

Dastur Kekobad's Advice At Bahadurji Anniversary Celebration

A Parsi gathering, quite unlike the many functions that take place in the community, every year, during the last three months of the Parsi calendar, was held on Wednesday evening, at the Allbless Bag. It was held to observe the 37th death anniversary of that well-known Parsi, Dr. Kaikhashru Nusserwanji Bahadurji, whose great services to the Parsis, rich or poor, during the dark days of plague in this great cosmopolitan city, his co-religionists still remember with gratitude.

At the outset, a Jashan ceremony, in the Persian style, was performed, invoking the blessings of the Almighty to grant repose to the souls of that great doctor and of the great departed. Prayers were offered by the priests as well as the congregation. This impressive function was followed by another—of initiating three children of poor Parsi families into Zoroastrianism (called the Navjot ceremony).

After this, the wedding ceremony of a poor Parsi couple was performed.

LIVE NOBLY—FOR ETERNAL GAIN.

Sardar Dastur Noshirwan Dastur Kekobad, the Parsi Head Priest of Deccan and Malwa, who lately returned from England after participating in the King's silver jubilee functions, addressing the gathering, as its president, gave wholesome advice to his co-religionists—how to live nobly in this world, with a view to gain eternal gain in the Spiritual World beyond. Quoting the relevant text from the religious scriptures he said it was incumbent on mortals to so think, speak and act in their ephemeral existence in this world as to accumulate a wealth of spiritual gains which alone would be useful in the other world. The late Dr. Bahadurji lived a noble life in this world, in his short career; and he (the speaker) advised the congregation to follow in his footstep, and then prove themselves to be true Zoroastrians. He complimented Mr. Framroze A. Dubash, the organiser of these functions, who followed in the footsteps of his late lamented brother Mr. Hormasji, on continuing to do this good deed, of killing two birds with one stone—keeping alive the memory of Dr. Bahadurji and enabling poor Parsis to have their children initiative into Zoroastrianism, and their sons and daughters united in wedlock.

A dinner to celebrate the wedding then followed, in which over 800 participated. The guests departed after thanking Mr. Framroze Dubash for his labour of love.

JURY'S VERDICT "PERVERSE"

Thana Murder Case Sent To High Court For Final Orders

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, Aug. 9.

Holding that the majority (8:1) verdict of the Jury was perverse, Mr. M. R. Meher, the Additional Sessions Judge of Thana, made yesterday a reference to the Bombay High Court for final orders in the sessions case in which Sukrya Nathya and Sukrya Aitwar stood charged with the murder of Budhya Lakshya in the Chena jungle.

The Jury's majority verdict was that both the accused were not guilty, while one of the jurors found the first accused guilty of murder and the second accused of assault on the deceased.

The Additional Sessions Judge held that the first accused was guilty of culpable homicide not amounting to murder and the second accused of assault. He refused to accept the majority verdict returned by the Jury on the ground that the verdict of not guilty was perverse, and therefore referred the case to the High Court for final orders. Both the accused were ordered to be remanded in custody, pending the decision of the High Court.

Rao Bahadur B. H. Shringarpure, public prosecutor, appeared for the Crown, and Messrs. A. R. Deval and J. R. Desai for the defence.

SEARCH FOR WIFE.

The Crown case was that Rami, the wife of the deceased Budhya, eloped with Sukrya Nathya to Mankoli, a village near Kalyan. They stayed together with Sukrya Aitwar, who had settled in Mankoli with a mistress by name Zurali. Finding that his wife Rami was missing Budhya went out in search of her, and ultimately succeeded in tracing her at Mankoli. Rami was compelled to accompany her husband Budhya in the absence of Sukrya Nathya. On their return home both the accused followed and overtook Budnya and Rami in the forest of Chena, where Budhya was alleged to have been murdered by the accused.

The accused who were in hiding, were arrested by Sub-Inspector B. B. Sawant of the Thana Mahal police after ten months.

They were committed to sessions by Mr. I. T. Almaula, the then Sub-divisional Magistrate for Kalyan Prant at Thana, on June 6 last.

Three Raids In Nagpada

Bombay, Friday.

Three raids were carried out by the Nagpada Police Station and ten persons arrested with Sutta slips and coins on Thursday night.

In the first raid three persons were arrested at Stable Street near Kabrastan and several Sutta slips and coins were taken possession of.

Another raid was carried out in 11th Kamatipura Lane in Deol Building, where three persons were arrested.

In the third raid four persons were arrested playing cards in Stable Street. All the accused were released on bail.

THE EXCELSIOR THREE SHOWS DAILY at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

WELLINGTON

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p. m.

PRIZE WINNER PICTURE of the Major Award of the Academy of Motion Picture Art and Sciences!

It Happened One Night

An unforgettable Entertainment . . . . the outstanding Performance of two outstanding careers!

Merry elopement Entangles with delightful love scenes with a runaway heiress!

LILTING SONGS—SPARKLING COMEDY

with the bewitching

CLAUDETTE COLBERT CLARK GABLE

Now together for the first time in the Year's Best Award Picture!

A FRANK CAPRA

SUPER Production

The programme includes:—

"Babes at Sea"

Musical Cartoon in

Entire Technicolor

with gorgeous coloured scenes

THE FIRST OF ITS KIND IN INDIA

Plans Open. 'Phone 22666.

VICTORY AGAIN CROWNS

This Brilliant Production Brilliantly Conceived

KRISHNATONE'S PRIDE & TRIUMPH

'Fashionable India'

Entering into the THIRD GLORIOUS WEEK

Written by: Mr. MOHANSINH

A never forgotten picture of college life—love—thrills—self sacrifice

Humour and immortal love. *Here is something to please you and set your heart throbbing*

Featuring:—

PUSHPA; GULAB; DAR; SHUKLA; VADILAL; SHAMI; MADHURIKA; SYAMSUNDAR; BADRI-PRASAD and FAKIR MOHMAD

Star whose songs you will tune

SEE TO-NIGHT AT

Roxy Talkies

Sat., Sun. and Wed. at 2-30 p. m.

Daily at 5-15, 8 & 10-45 p.m.

Hamal Strike Still Going On: 13 Arrested In Tussle At Wadi Bunder

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Wadi Bunder Hamal's strike continues unabated, although the contractors are trying to recruit new men from day to day and to import up-country labour.

The strikers, who muster about 400, one putting up a strong fight.

It is understood that due to a tussle between the old hamals and the new men imported, excitement ran high last evening and resulted in the arrest of 13 men.

Mr. Shroff's Annual Concert Comes Off On Sunday

On Sunday (11th instant at 4-15 p.m. at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall, Fort, there will be an annual concert of the Parsi Music Institute conducted by Mr. Framroze Dhanjishah Shroff. It will be presided over by Mr. Behram N. Karanjia, J.P., when about 100 students of both sexes will participate in a choice programme of interesting items, providing various 'rag' and 'ragnis.' The function is open to all communities.

Selections For To-day's Races

Greek Glen Has Sound Chance In Ascot Plate

(By "SENEX").

The following are the selections for the 2nd Day of the Poona Summer Meeting to be held to-day:—

1ST RACE—
MINSTREL BOY 1.
TETFORD 2.
KRISHNA KUMAR 3.

2ND RACE—
ALMAS 1.
MAL ALLAH 2.
ALHARITH 3.

3RD RACE—
SUN ROSE 1.
SAINT FORTUNAT 2.
THE DUKE 3.

4TH RACE—
QUICK IMAGE 1.
R. T. C. 2.
STRENGTH 3.

5TH RACE—
THERMOMETER 1.
PROVENCE ROSE 2.
ROYAL PRINCE 3.

6TH RACE—
ROBERT 1.
GRAND RAJA 2.
NAIDOR 3.

7TH RACE—
GREEK GLEN 1.
BEDSOCKS 2.
PIN MONEY 3.

8TH RACE—
SONIA 1.
BARKHAT 2.
EEDA 3.

9TH RACE—
TAJ BAHADUR 1.
RAJPUT 2.
AZDASHIR 3.

DAILY DOUBLE

SUN ROSE & ROBERT.

DAILY TREBLE

THERMOMETER, GREEK GLEN and SONIA.

Entries For Next Wednesday's Races

Attractive Programme For Holiday Fixture

POONA, Aug. 7.

The following are entries for the Third Day of the Poona Summer Meeting on Wednesday, August 14:—

MAGDALA PLATE.
Distance 7 furlongs.

H. H. the Maharaja of Rajpipla's Abundance.
Maharaj Madan Singh's Seaton Ross.
Mr. Diamond's Grandpapa.
Mr. A. C. Ardeshir and P. D. Bolton's Maid of Orleans.
The Hon'ble Mr. Shantidas Askuran's Dopatta and Staff Officer.
Mr. Kelso's Rambler.
Nawabzada Fakrulmulk's The Nun.
Maharaj Mansingh of Jaswantgarh's Cartoon.
Nawabzada Fakrulmulk's Zuyder Zee.
Mr. P. B. Avasia's Dr. Strabismus and Glen Gowan.
Mr. H. M. Dharamsey's Ootman.
Mr. A. M. Khairaz's Ballylinch.
H. H. the Maharaja of Kashmir's Garter Princess.
Mr. Eve's Heritage.
Mrs. John Yorke's Permarch.
Mr. M. C. Patel's Cavern.
Mr. O. Randall's Lady Brendan.
Mr. V. Rosenthal's Pin Money.
Mr. Sultan M. Chinoy's Talk.
Mr. A. M. Irani's Follow Me.

CHILDWICKBURY HANDICAP.
Distance 6 furlongs.

H. H. the Maharaja of Rajpipla's woolworth and Fabulous.
The Hon'ble Sir H. M. Mehta's Spanish Wish.
H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda's Fair Greek.
Captain R. V. Gove's Message.
Mr. W. Evan's Bismarck II.
Mr. Diamond's Argyll.
Mr. R. P. Ebrahim's Royal Prince.
Mrs. J. E. Malone's Kilfinane.
The Hon'ble Mr. Shantidas Askuran's Ashvaraj.
P. D. Bolton's Essex Lad.
The Hon'ble Mr. R. Gujadhur's Winking.
Lt.-Col. Zorawar Singh's Raghubier.
Mr. Kelso's Aurangzebe and Fairford.
Mrs. R. H. Tucker's Parknasilla.
Mr. B. M. Goculdas and T. G. Khattau's Mananna.
Dr. S. K. Pillay'c Natbay.
Mr. E. D. Pandole's Naidor.
Brigadier R. C. R. Hill and A. H. Johnstone's Diagnal and Essex Book.
H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur's Grand Raja.
S. S. Akkasaheb Maharaj's Irish Right.
Major-General Nawab Khusru Jung's Honeysuckle.
Captain J. Crawford's Curfew III.
Mr. Eve's Hollywood Nights, Misty Down and Marseilles.
Mr. Gem's Achieve and Grecian Orb.

CASTLETON PLATE.
Distance 6 furlongs.

H. H. the Maharaja of Rajpipla's Bold Bandit, Betty Boop and Carioca.
Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy's Maycock.
Mrs. W. Evan's Cook General.
Maharaj Madan Singh's Court Scandal
H. H. the Maharaja Jamsaheb of Nawanagar's Her Ladyship.
The Hon'ble Mr. Shantidas Askuran's Generous.
Mr. A. Jasdan's Excellence.
The Raja of Parlakimedi's Flinty.
Sir Walter Craddock and Mr. W. Lamond's Ringsend.
Mrs. R. H. Tucker's Perrier.
Nawabzada Yeminulmulk's Magnolia.
Mr. Moosa M. Hoosein's Bachelor's Bess.
Mr. E. Pandole and M. Dhalla's Oratorio.
Brigadier R. C. R. Hill and Mr. A. H. Johnstone's Purple Heron and Prince Philippa.
Mr. Moosa J. Mahomed's Hooray.
H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur's Rajypari.
Major D. D. Nimbalkar's Prince Shivaji.
Miss V. Parker's Belford.
Captain J. Crawford's Fire Rider.
Mr. Eve's Crack of Dawn.
Mrs. John Yorke's Miss Fisher and Greek Jack.
Mr. John Yorke's Sly Abbot.

HOME BRED HANDICAP.
Distance 1 mile, 1 furlong.

Captain T. G. Atherton's Minstrel Boy.
Nawabzada Fakrulmulk's Fashionable.
Mr. R. H. Tueker's Honeyboy.
H. H. the Dowager Maharani of Kolhapur's Saloon.
Mr. Eve's Sanguine.
Mr. K. S. Malkani's Tetford.
This race is declared void.

THE TIGRIS PLATE.
Distance 1-1/4 miles.

Maharaj Madan Singh's Amir Akhlak.
Nawabzada Fakrulmulk's Jahanara.
Mr. N. Ardeshir's Abdul Malik.
Mr. A. M. Khairaz's Fiery Face.
Mr. Sion F. Nessim's Arab Queen and Hussun al Iraq.
Mr. A. C. Ardeshir's Sarsam.
Mr. Basheer Mahomed and Rambhoy Kashibhoy's Dahes.
Mr. Abdulla Beythoun's Yanoos.
Mr. D. D. Chawan's Bushboos.
Mr. F. Sorabji's No Limit.
Mr. Jarulla bin Talib's Zozan.
Mr. A. S. Ahmedbhoy's Kanda.
H. H. the Dowager Maharani of Kolhapur's Tamlm.
Mr. Kapilrai Mehta's Al Capone.
Mr. S. Bomanji Irani's Repeater.
Mr. Mohamedalli's The Knut.
Lt.-Col. Zorawar Singh and Raja Dhanrajgir's Alharith.
Mr. K. Ardeshir's Homer
Mr. Rambhoy Kashibhoy's Shekib.
Mr. Mahomed Abdulla's Gani Beg.
Mr. Nelson's Sun Rose.
Mr. Faddak M. Dhalla's Howel.
Mr. N. G. Ladhabhoy's Atiyat Allah.
Mr. Ahmed Shinava and Nofa Syed Rashid's Layiq Pasha.
Mr. Sion F. Nessim's Mal Allah.
Mr. Abdul Wahid's The Duke.
Mr. S. H. Agha's Sir Jamal.
Mr. J. Tarachand's Madras.
Mr. A. C. Ardeshir's Zenobia.
Mr. Abood Mahomed's Arab King.
Mr. J .H. Sorabjee's Saint Fortunat.
Mr. Sayid Mahomed and Rambhoy Kashibhoy's Young Bucknell.
Mr. Sayid Mahomed's Anis Beg.
Mr. Hoomedi Mohsin's Dublin.
Mr. Syed Mehdi's Up-to-date.
Mr. Haji Ahmed Burroo's Hakum Rashid.
Mr. Fadhoo's Bani and Khasraj.
Mr. D. D. Chawan's Aloom
Mr. K H Irani's Forat and Kassab.
Mr. Syed Umar Gallani's Al Muqbil.
Mr. E. M. Khot's Rashid Pasha.
Mr. H. C. H. Jusub's Gog II.
Mr. A. Hooseinbhai's Strephon.
Mr. G. Sassoon's Prosperity.
H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur's Ajid and Waabil.
Mr. A. H. Ahmedbhoy's Sheriyar
Mr. A. H. Ahmedbhoy and M M Talib's Samran.
Mr. Sayid bin Oomer and Mahmood Talib's Lamington.
Miss V. Parker's Hitler.
H. H. the Dowager Maharani of Kolhapur's Garrat.
Mr. Saleh Moosa's Jinanar, Ruby Fish and Gold-fish.
Mr. Jassim Hamadi's Quality.
Mr. N. Rupchand's Jarra.
Mr. Fahad Rummah's Tair al Zaman.
Mr. Eve's Goodbye.
Mr. Abdul Rahman bin Amin's Naamat Allah.
Mr. D. D. Ghista and Ismail Ebrahim's Serheed.
Mr. Ismail Ebrahim's Jarrada.
Mr. Imamdin's Abrash and Ramesis.
Mr. U. G. Rangilla's Nasrat Beg and Jai Bachi.
Mr. K K Ratod's Fakhar and London.
Mr. M. B. Wacha's Maneck.

Sir Robert D. Bell, Home Member of the Government of Bombay, returned to India by the Mail Boat on Thursday with his daughter Miss Bell.

ADDITIONAL RACE

The following are the entries for the additional race on Wednesday.

WATERFORD PLATE.
Distance 7 furlongs.

H. H. Maharaja Jamsaheb of Nawanagar's R. T. C.
Maharaja Madan Singh's Court Scandal.
Raja of Parlakimedi's Miss Winsome.
H. H. Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda's Cheap Jack.
H. H. Maharaja of Rajpipla's Betty Boop.
Captain R. V. Gove's Clairette.
Mr. A. C. Ardeshir's Away.
Mr. Kelso's Arthur.
Brigadier R. C. R. Hill and Mr. A. H. Johnstone's Titch.
Nawabzada Yeminulmulk's Magnolia.
Mr. Eve's Running Sea and Sanguine.
Mr. John Yorke's Sly Abbot.
Mrs John Yorke's Tree Top.
Mrs. R. H. Tucker's Perrier.
Mr. Moosa M. Hoosein's Bachelor's Bess.
Mr. E. D. Pandole and M. Dhalla's Kirkibost.

GUNBOAT JACK MEETS HIS WATERLOO

Filipino Defeats Negro Over 12 Rounds

PENANG, Aug. 2.

Probably the best fight seen in Singapore for many months was the twelve three-minute round contest last night between Gunboat Jack and Young Frisco, the Filipino boxer welter and middle-weight champion of the Orient, says "The Madras Mail." Giving his best display in Singapore, the Filipino earned the applause of the huge crowd by beating his formidable opponent on points.

Weighing 11-4½ against his opponents 10.5 1/4, Frisco was much stronger than in his previous fights and although Jack brought out his best, he had to admit defeat.

Frisco took the first round with Jack content with feeling his way. Jack won the next two rounds, concentrating on the body. Frisco then assumed the aggressive and won the last six rounds. Very wisely he changed his tactics and took the fight to Jack, who was forced back on the defensive.

Frisco displayed terrific punching power and wore down his rival. Jack tried his best for a knock-out but it never appeared to be probable.

ACCIDENT CAUSES DEAFNESS

S. African Cricketer Struck On Ear By Bumper

When the South African cricketers arrived at Leeds for the third Test, E. A. Rowan, their brilliant first-wicket batsman, was stated to have become permanently deaf in one ear through an accident on the field. Rowan said that the doctors had given up hope of restoring the use of this ear.

During the South Africans' match against Yorkshire at Sheffield he was struck by a bumping ball. "It was", he said, "purely an accident."

Rowan was confident that a tendency to deafness in this ear would be completely cured. That ball has dashed his hope.

THE TETRARCH DEAD

(Special Cable.)
LONDON, Aug. 9.

The famous unbeaten pre-war racehorse The Tetrarch, who later became the most successful stallion, has died in Ireland.

SCHOOL-MISTRESS KEEPS GAMING HOUSE

Fined Rs. 5 By Magistrate Thakkar

BOMBAY: Friday.

"I am a school mistress, and if my name comes in the newspapers, my career will be ruined. Please tell the reporters not to publish this case."

With these words, a school mistress requested Mr. P.L. Thakkar, on Thursday, to protect her before passing sentence on the charge of keeping a gaming house.

The Magistrate, however, could not give the protection asked for and sentenced her to pay a fine of Rs. 40.

The accused, together with John Coelho, Harry Menzes and N. G. Noronha, were arrested on 16th of July last, in a house in Peerkhan Street, Nagpada, on the charge of keeping a gaming house and abetment thereof.

A sum of Rs. 207 and some satta slips were taken possession of by Deputy Inspector Mahomed Akbar, who raided the premises.

The first and the fourth accused were found guilty and sentenced to pay fines of Rs. 40 and Rs. 5 respectively. The other two accused were acquitted.

SATIRANJAN MEMORIAL SHIELD

Week-End Fixtures

The following matches in connection with the Satiranjan Memorial Shield Tournament will be played this week-end on the Bengal Club ground at Parel:—

Saturday, 10th Aug., at 4-30 p.m.—Bombay Portuguese Association vs. B. B. & C. I. Railway (friendly).

5-30 p.m.—Bengal Club "A" vs. Bombay Keraleeya Samaj.

Sunday, 11th Aug. 5-30 p.m.—B. E. S. T. Sports Club vs. V. J. Technical Institute..

S. AFRICANS BEAT WARWICKSHIRE

LONDON, Aug. 9.

The following are the results of the cricket matches commenced on Aug. 7:—

Northamptonshire v. Derbyshire: Derby won by a hundred runs. Derby: 85, 362: Northants 186 and 161 (Copson five for 44.)

Essex v. Hampshire: Hants won by 78 runs: Hants 183 and 244. Essex 169 and 180 (O'Connor 81, Kennedy six for 84.)

Warwickshire v. South Africans: South Africans won by an innings and 174 runs: South Africans 498. Warwick 221 (Hill 83, Crisp five for 31) followed on 103 (Crisp five for 36).—Reuter's Special.

Ryder Cup Team

LONDON Aug. 9.

Brothers Ernest and Reginald Whitcombe have been selected to fill the vacancies in the British Ryder Cup team.—Reuter's Special.

BRIGHT WEATHER IN POONA

The Secretary of the W. I. T. C. wires from Poona under Friday's date:—

"Weather and prospects good."

A report from Jhansi says that a fissure about two feet broad and one mile long has been noticed fifty miles from Jhansi. It is believed to have been formed as result of the Bihar earthquake and become visible due to recent heavy rains.

BENGAL REFUSES TO GUARANTEE EXPENSES

Bombay Asked For Rs. 50,000 Towards Aussie XI's Visit

CALCUTTA, August 6.

The Board of Cricket Control of Bengal and Assam held an important meeting this evening at the Calcutta Cricket Club Pavilion. Commander S. C. Littleton presiding.

It was revealed at the meeting that the Maharaja of Patiala was not financing the proposed Australian tour as stated previously in the Press, and that the Bengal and Assam Cricket Association had been asked, on behalf of the Maharaja of Patiala, for a guarantee of Rs. 20,000. Other provinces were asked for similar sums. Bombay leading with Rs. 50,000.

The meeting decided that had the original team with Woodfull, Ponsford and Kippax and others come in the ordinary course. Bengal would have been able to pay the Rs. 20,000 guarantee, but for a second rate team, which Australia proposes to send, Bengal was not in a position to give any guarantee at all.

The following resolution was unanimously passed at to-day's meeting:

"The Board of Cricket Association of Bengal and Assam is of opinion that in view of recent indeterminate developments, it cannot see its way to guarantee any of the expenses of the proposed Australian tour. It does not consider that a visiting side as constituted or promised to date, will prove a big enough draw to justify the guarantee.

"The Board is of opinion that representative matches arranged, including the Jubilee Tournament in Delhi, the Quadrangular in Bombay and the Inter-Provincial Championship should be a sufficient guide to the selectors to choose the Indian team to visit England in 1936.

"The board will be only too ready to welcome the Australian XI if chosen and financed by the Maharaja of Patiala, and will be prepared to arrange matches for them, for which gates will be charged; and in the event of there being any profit from such matches to share them with the Maharaja."

"CALCUTTA'S BAD TASTE"

Tarrant's Suggestion To Cricket Control Board

(Special Cable.)
MELBOURNE, August 9.

Mr. Frank Tarrant has cabled to the Indian Board of Cricket Control as follows:—

"Calcutta's disclosures regarding finance breathe bad taste and the criticism of personnal is ludicrous. Knowing the strength of the side I as Patiala's agent personally guarantee the finance. I suggest to cut out Calcutta's two games from programme and give two more to Bombay. According to your cable to the Australian Board on March 24 you were satisfied to accept the players approved. There are no reasonable grounds to reject the team which is generally considered the equal of the team proceeding to South Africa."

Mr. Tarrant interviewed said the Maharaja of Patiala has wired from France stating he had cabled the Indian Board to send its approval of the team.

"ASTRA" WINS SILVER JUBILEE CUP

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
COWES, Aug. 8.

"Astra" won the Silver Jubilee Cup with eight points in to-day's race of 30 sea miles. "Yankee" finished first, "Astra" winning on time allowance "Yankee" was second. "Astra's" timing was 5 hours 20 minutes, 7 seconds which was corrected to 5/15/4. "Yankee" 5/17/4, corrected to 5/17/3.

"Astra's" total points are unbeatable whatever may be the result of the third race.

TWO-YEAR OLD GIRL'S FATAL FALL

BOMBAY, Friday.

Shreedevibai Mohanlal Mehta, a two-year-old girl, lost her balance early this morning while playing on a chair placed near the balcony in her room on the second floor of the Peerbhai Mansion, Sandhurst Road, and fell down on the pavement.

She was picked up soon after and taken to the Sir Harkisondas Hospital where she died shortly after admission.

Bombay Chronicle Sunday Edition

LEADING FEATURES OF

SUNDAY, 11th AUGUST, 1935

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9. LATEST TELEGRAMS
10. COMIC TIT-BITS

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1. COL. LAWRENCE IN ABYSSINIA.
2. ARE KINGS COMING BACK?
3. LOVERS' QUARRELS
4. THE SEVENTH CONVERSION OF G. K. CHESTERTON.
5. ABYSSINIA THE LAND OF SOLOMON THE WISE
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City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Shravan Sud 11, 1991
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Avval 10, 1354
Parsi: Aspandarmad 8, 1304
Hightide: 9-01; 19-37
Lowtide: 1-24; 15-04
Sunrise: 6h. 18m.
Sunset: 7h. 10m.

S. S. 'Rawalpindi' with English mails sails at 1 p.m.

Harwood League Football: (Second Division) City Police vs. B. E. S. T., Cooperage, 4-30 p.m.

Rovers Cup Tournament: K. O. I. vs. Durhams 'B', Cooperage, 5-45 p.m.

MONDAY, August 12.

Results of M.Sc. Examination, (Translation test), University Buildings, 2-0 p.m.

Municipal Corporation, 3-10 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, August 14.

Cocoanut Day: Public Holiday.

Banks closed.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

The O. S. K. Steamer "Mantai Maru left Colombo on August 8 and is due to arrive in Bombay on August 12.

POSTAL NOTICES.

Superscribed Mails for Singapore, China and Japan per S.S. "Tango Maru" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 1-30 p.m. on Saturday the 10th instant.

Superscribed Mails for Laurenzo Marquis and South Africa per S. S. "Luxmi via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6-30 p.m. on Monday the 12th instant.

SARASWATI COMMERCIAL INSTITUTE.

The second series of lecture on "Human Factor in Commerce" under the auspices of the Saraswati Commercial Institute Parel has been postponed to Sunday (the 18th instant).

RELIGIONS DISCOURSES.

Swami Vishwananda of Ramakrishna Math, Khar, will conduct the weekly public class at the Batlibhois Accountancy Institute to-day at 3-30 p.m. and to-morrow at the Math at 9 a.m.

BUDDHA SOCIETY.

An annual meeting of the Buddha Society, Bombay, will be held to-day (Saturday), at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the Ananda Vihara, in the Nair Hospital Compound.

BOMBAY PATIDAR SAMAJ.

A meeting of the Managing Committee of the above Samaj will be held at the residence of Sjt. S. J. Amin, Tulsidas Mansion, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.)

BOMBAY DOCK WORKERS' UNION

A public meeting of the Bombay Dock Workers will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. at Thana Street.

Dr. M. R. Shetty will preside and Miss Maniben Kara, Com. Abdul Rahiman Metha, S. M. Kazi, Madan, Shetty, V. B. Karnik and others will address.

There will be a meeting of the Managing Committee at 10 a.m. tomorrow (Sunday) in the office of the Union.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

EXCELSIOR—"Bulldog Jack" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

REGAL—"Vagabond Lady" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 4 p.m.

ROXY—"Fashionable India" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-30 p.m.

CAPITOL—"Folies Bergere" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PATHE—"Stolen Harmony" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m Sunday morning show 10 a.m.

WELLINGTON—"It Happened one Night" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 3-30 p.m.

WEST END—"Desh-Dasi" Time as usual.

GLOBE—"Dashing Girl" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee Saturday and Sunday at 2-45 p.m.

MINERVA—"CHANDIDAS" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 3 p.m.

KRISHNA—"Dhuwan-Dhar" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 3 p.m.

MAJESTIC—"Pujarini" Daily at 5, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-30 p.m.

IMPERIAL—"Search for Truth" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-30 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12 noon. Selection of Indian Music. Gazals and Qualis By Kalu Kawal. 1 p.m. Available Market Rates. Selection of European Music. 4-30 p.m. Children's Hour. By Nagardas I. Patel. (Stories in Gujarati.) 5 p.m. Auntie Beth and Uncle Dick. 5-30 p.m. Relay of Music from Regal Cinema. The Theatre Magnificent. 6-30 p.m. Pianoforte Lecture Recital. By Leslie A. Lickfold 7-30 p.m. The "Request" Hour. A Recorded Programme compiled from listerners' requests. 8-15 p.m. Weather Report and News Bulletin. 8-30 p.m. Indian Programme. General News in Hindi and Commercial News. 9 p.m. Light Music. From 9-30 to 10-30 p.m. Close down.

EMPIRE BROADCASTING

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. Haroid Ramsay, at the Organ of the Granada, Tooting. 8 p.m. The J. H. Squire Celeste Octet. Gladys Palmer (Contralto). 8-45 p.m. Talk: "Foreign Affairs." Electrical recording. 9 p.m. Mantovani and his Tipica Orchestra. 9-45 p.m. Dance Music. 10 p.m. The News. 10-15 p.m. Dance Music. 10-30 p.m. Close down.

NATIONAL STUDENTS' LEAGUE

Under the auspices of the above League, a public meeting will be held at Jinnah Hall to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) when Mr. Somnath Lahiri of Calcutta will speak on the "Situation in Bengal".

Mr. Yusuf Meherally will preside.

SCHOOL OF INDIAN MUSIC.

The weekly public concert of the school will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m in the School hall, Benham Hall Lane, Girgaum.

BOMBAY CONGRESS SOCIALIST PARTY

Lectures On International Situation

Saturday, 17th instant by Mr. Asoke Mehta on "America at the Cross Roads".

Saturday, 24th by Mr. Charles Mascarenhas on "Economics of Coloured Shirt".

Saturday, 31st by Mr. Yusuf Meherally on "China Yesterday and To-day"

SEPTEMBER.

Saturday, 7th by Mr. Krishna Menon on "John Bull at Bay".

Saturday, 14th by Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas on "The Moscow Road".

Saturday, 21st by Mr. Yusuf Meherally on "The Basis for Scialism in India".

Saturday, 28th by Mr. Achyut Patwardhan on "Recovery through Revolution"

These lectures will be held at the People's Jinnah Hall, at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) and are open to all.

THE HAUNT OF THE MALARIAL MOSQUITO.

The Anopheles Stephensi, the Malaria carrying mosquito was detected breeding during the week ending Aug. 3, at Haines Road near Khatau Makanji Mill, Bombay.

"DEVELOPMENT OF INTERNATIONALISM".

Under the auspices of the B. P. Adult Edn. Association, Mr. M. V. Venkateswaran will give a lecture on "the Development of Internationalism" to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) in the South Wing University Building.

THE BOMBAY ANDHRA MAHASABHA.

"There will be a flute performance by Mr. Gynasagar, the famous flutist from South India at the premises of the Bombay Andhra Mahasaba Palm Mansion, Near Tram Terminus, Parei Colony, Dadar to-morrow (Sunday) at 5 p.m. (S.T.)"

FOLK-LORE AT VILE PARLE.

Under the auspices of the Vile Parle Sahitya Sabha a public meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9-15 p.m. (S.T.) in the Gokalbai P. P. High School premises when Sjt. Mohanlal Chunilal Ghima will recite folk songs and narrate folkstories.

DASHA PORWAD VANIK MANDAL.

A meeting of the members of the mandal and of the caste-brothers and sisters will be held in the Morar Baug to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) to pass a resolution of condolence on the death of Seth Tribhovandas Narottamdas Malvi.

Shrivut Narandas K. Parekh will preside.

DEBATE ON 'ACCEPTANCE OF OFFICES'.

That "Under The Present Circumstances The Congress' Acceptance of Office will be a Surrender of the Country's Cause" will be the subject of a public debate to be held under the auspices of Dr. Clifford Manshardt Debating Society, at the Nagpada Neighbourhood House, New Nagpada Road, to-morrow (Sunday) at 10 a.m. when Mr. K. A. Chari will move the proposition and Mr. T. K. Menon will lead the opposition.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION.

General breakdown has been caused on all Ceylon wires between Madura and Rameshwaram section since 5-15 p.m. of 8th August. Telegrams to and from these stations are subject to delay

TARIFF BOARD IN BOMBAY

Will Sit For Month To Prepare Report On Paper Industry

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. Fazal Ibrahim Rahimtoola, president of the Indian Tariff Board, arrived in Bombay by the Frontier Mail this morning. The other members of the Board are also expected to arrive to-day.

Enquiries go to show that the sittings of the Tariff Board will extend for about a month and will be devoted to the preparation of their Report on Indian Paper Industry, which has been engaging their attention for sometime past.

The Board's enquiries are stated to have been completed and there is no likelihood of any fresh evidence being recorded in Bombay on this matter.

The office of the Indian Tariff Board in Bombay is situated in the Legislative Council building and the meetings of the Board will be held there.

JOURNALISTS' ASSOCIATION

Will Meet On Aug. 27 To Elect Office-Bearers

A special general meeting of the Journalists' Association of India will be held in the rooms of the Bombay Presidency Association, 107, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, on Tuesday, Aug. 27, at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) to elect office-bearers for the current year.

Any other business that may be brought forward with the permission of the Chairman will also be transacted.

JOURNALISTS' DINNER

A dinner of the journalists of Bombay will be held at Mongini's, on Saturday, (August 24) at 8-15 p.m.

KANARA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION.

A Public Meeting of the Kanara Saraswats residing in Bombay and the Suburbs will be held in the Association Hall to-morrow (Sunday) at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.) to express their sorrow at the death at Bombay on August 2, of Dr. V. M. Kulkarni.

Mr. D. N. Nagarkatti will preside.

SOCIAL SERVICE LECTURES.

The Social Workers' Training Class will meet at the hall of the Social Service League, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) when Dr. Clifford Manshardt will deliver a lecture on "Civics".

The members of the Class will visit the Victoria Memorial School for the Blind to-day (Saturday) at 3 p.m. (S.T.)

WESTERN INDIA LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD. (SATARA CITY).

The unveiling ceremony of the oil painting of W. G. alias Annasaheb Chirmule, one of the founders and the first Managing Director of the Company and also the Opening Ceremony of the Company's New Building will be performed by Mr. M. R. Jayakar, to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m.

CHILDREN'S MEETINGS AT KHAR.

Meetings of children are now held regularly at Khar on every Sunday in the Laxmi Nagar at 7-30 a.m. They last upto about 10 a.m. and many children take advantage of these meetings. They play games, hear stories, sing songs and make merry all the while under the direct guidance of Mrs. Urmila Mehta, Mrs. Shantila Resai Mrs. Sarla Bhatt, Mr. Menon, Mr. Parmar and Bro. Shewak. There are no restrictions whatsoever at present for the children to take part in the meetings. Parents and guardians residing at Khar are requested by Balkan-ji-Bari, the All-India Children's Association to send their children at these meetings and give them an opportunity "to be as happy as possible and to let them be good by themselves."

ROHIDAS BAL MITRA MELA.

The Rohidas Balmitra Mela, Parel, consisting of Harijan boys and girls will be glad to accept invitations from organisers of public Ganpati festivals in the city and the suburbs last year, the Mela received high praise and several medals from the public. Encouraged by these Mela has put up for this season a more ambitious and interesting programme of songs, an instructive dialogue on "Tukaram" from the pen of the well-known Marathi playwrite Varerkar.

All communications should be addressed to the Joint Secretaries, Messrs. R. S. Kajrolkar and B. G. Shiriskar, The Eastern Leather Works, Prathana Samaj Corner, Girgaum.

Fort Co-operative Conference

The Second Fort Co-operative Conference will be held to-day (Saturday) at 3 p.m. at Sir Vithaldas Thackersey Memorial Building, 9, Bakehouse Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Prof. Hiralal L. Kaji Vice-President, the All-India Co-operative Institutes' Association, will inaugurate the Conference and Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta will preside.

SHREE DURGA PUJA

BENGALIS TO MEET ON SUNDAY

A meeting of the Bengali residents of Bombay will be held at "Fountain Hall," Sleater Road, Grant Road, on Sunday, 11th August, at 7-30 p.m. to elect a Committee of Management in connection with the ensuing Durga Puja Festival. All Bengalis are requested to attend.

ATE CUCUMBERS & BEGAN TO VOMIT

Workers Taken Suddenly Ill

About a dozen workers of the Sassoon Alliance and Silk Mills, situate at Ghorpdeo, were suddenly taken ill on Thursday, and were removed to the J. J. Hospital. It appeared that they took cucumbers in the afternoon and took Emetic Tartar lying in the mills taking it as salt. After eating the cucumbers they began to vomit and were immediately removed to the hospital, where they were treated.

ALLEGED TRICK ON MOTOR AGENCY

BOMBAY, Friday.

Further light is thrown in the case in which Babubhai Maganlal Rathode and Jagaldas Balkishondas Mody were alleged to have cheated the Bombay Cycle and Motor Agency in respect of a car worth Rs. 4,000, on July 15.

The Police in applying for remand into custody of the first accused, stated that four cases of cheating involving thousands of rupees have already been registered and six cases more are to be traced on which the accused were implicated.

It is further alleged that the accused gave a hundi for Rs. 2,000 to the complainant, the Manager of the Bombay Cycle and Motor Agency in favour of another man who is not alive and was stated to be residing in Ahmedabad.

When the accused were placed before Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Court today the police applied for a remand of the first accused and extension of bail for the second accused.

The Magistrate granted the application.

MUSLIM MEETING AND MUSHARIA

A public meeting of Muslims will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. at Mahomedalli Road near Chuckla Street Junction, under the auspices of the Muslim Provident Fund Society (Head Office Karachi). The Hon. Justice Mr. Faiz A. Tayabjee will preside. After the meeting there will be a 'Mushaira Mujlis' at the same place; when Maulana Kujandi Saheb will preside. All Muslims are invited to be present.

Sathgaon Murder Case

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, Aug. 9.

The Kinhavli police are investigating the alleged murder of Rajya Kathodi on the night of Tuesday last at Sathgaon on the Shahpur-Kinhavli Road at a distance of 7-1.2 miles from Shahpur.

The police have arrested one Jankya Dev on suspicion, while Gopal Deu, who is alleged to have been mainly responsible for the crime, is absconding.

Sakhya Pangya, who is said to have been assaulted in the course of the scuffle has sustained injuries.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents).

Motor Accidents

A proposition which may be considered novel will be discussed this month by the Municipal Corporation. Mr. Behram N. Karanjia has tabled a motion to inform the Commissioner of Police that it is the opinion of the Corporation that the motorists who are convicted of rash driving should exhibit conspicuously on their cards boards stating "Convicted for rash driving" for a period of 30 days after conviction. The suggestion is taken from some of the States of America where Government, with a view to checking the appalling number of motor accidents and casualties, enacted a law compelling motorists convicted for rash driving to exhibit on their cars conspicuously for a month the fact that the driver was "convicted for rash driving." In view of the increasing number of accidents by motor cars and motor lorries in the city, the suggestion is worth trying. It is understood that after some of the States enacted the above law in America, motor accidents dropped down to a minimum. It would be interesting also to know what the Western India Automobile Association and the Safety First Association have to say on this matter.

Adulteration Of Milk

The municipal inspectors in the city bestirred themselves after several complaints had been brought to their notice and considerable agitation had been carried on in the press in regard to the adulteration in butter and ghee. Since then we know the extent of adulteration especially in butter which, in some cases, is stated to contain as much as ninety per cent of foreign substance. And a weekly catalogue of the convicted vendors has regularly been published. It is high time that the authorities watched the adulteration of other products. In this connection the first thing that should receive their attention is the adulteration of milk. Numerous complaints have been made. It is alleged that some 'bhayyas' mix some powder in the milk so that it might not look watery. The danger to the city's health on account of the reported methods of the adulteration is a matter which the Health Officer should consider immediately.

REAL ISSUE EVADED

C. I. And Rajputana States People And Congress Attitude

Messrs. Jainarayan Vyas and Kanhaiyalal Vaidya, Secretaries, Rajputana and Central India States' People's Conference, and Kunwar Ratansingh, the well-known Jat leader, have issued the following to the press:—

We have carefully gone through the All-India Congress Working Committee's statement and the letter of Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai. We are still of the opinion that the Working Committee has not explicitly defined the duty of the Congress towards Indian States people and has deliberately evaded the real issue as to what would be the position of the Indian States' subjects in future constitution.

Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai has, of course, uttered a few words of sympathy for the States' subjects but they cannot undo what his advice to the Indian Princes has done in regard to Rajasthanies. What we want is, however, not a condemnation of but an undertaking from Congressmen like Mr. Bhulabhai to refrain from saying and doing things that may do harm to the interests of the eight crores and odd people of the country and divide India into two watertight compartments.

We hope the All-India Congress Committee would not juggle in words as the Working Committee and Mr. Bhulabhai have done and would make everything clear.

KONKANASTHA NAMDEV SHIMPI SHIKSHANOTTEJAK MANDALI

A general gathering of the members of the K. N. Shimpi community will be held under the auspices of the above named Mandali in Hirabaug near C. P. Tank on Sunday (11th inst.) at 3 p.m. (B.T.) to congratulate and distribute prizes to the successful students of the community in various University examinations.

On this occasion Mr. K. N. Gore will preside and the "New K. N. S. Amateurs" will enact the drama named "Sawakar," written by Mr. V. R. Tipnis.

MOTOR DRIVER ACQUITTED

Yarmahomed Khan Nameskhan, a motor driver, who was charged with having driven a postal motor van, on May 29 last, in a rash and negligent manner so as to endanger human life, was acquitted by Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, on Friday.

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BOMBAY: SATURDAY, AUGUST 10, 1935

A COSTLY SPECULATION IN ART

Diwan Bahadur S. T. Kambli's statement about "a new section to the Sir J. J. School of Art," circulated during the last sessions of the Bombay Legislative Council is an instructive document. Any sign, however belated, from the Government of Bombay of earnest assistance to, and of increasing the services of, the leading art institution in the Presidency should, of course, be welcome. But it cannot be naturally or easily accepted as the logical outcome of the reactionary influences, if not of the openly hostile forces, which were responsible for the recommendation by the Thomas Committee of Reorganisation for extinction of the School. The onslaught on an institution that has, despite inconceivable handicaps and obstruction, heroically endeavoured to maintain and enhance the artistic prestige and status of the Presidency, has not been mistaken as an unforseen accident. That being so, the addition of a "new section" as the reason, implied in the statement from the Minister of Education, for the retention of the School can be interpreted only in one sense. It is, transparently, the condition for the retention. The condition thus superimposed is a strange response to public opinion. Which is exactly the agency responsible for the superimposed condition?

Past Failures

For years the Government of Bombay have been in possession of concrete suggestions for exploring the industrial possibilities of art. If the present Minister or Education is unconscious of their existence in the files of the Ministers of Education who preceded him, if he is unable to make any reference, for example, to the "Bombay Revival of Indian Art" or to the survey of the art-crafts of the Presidency published by the Government of Bombay, it must be for a good reason preferred by him. It cannot, however, be discovered in the statement he placed before the members of the Legislative Council. It is a document of good intentions run to waste by vague phraseology. Nor can one discover in the sudden and hurried fervour of the casual statement and its facile optimism about the "very popular" expectations, the exact aim and scope of the "new section." In the circumstances, it is obviously vain euphemism to describe and dignify the speculation as an "experiment." The bare machinery of the "new section" has been suggested and it is to be manipulated so as to "include all art work" which in "one way or another" "assists industry as distinguished from Fine Art." This statement could have been made only by those who regard themselves free to derive no lesson from the past disastrous failures of similar sections whose organization was prompted by similarly vague and aimless speculations. One need only recall the episodes of the manufacture of "acid jars," the abolition of free-hand drawing, the contaminated designs of "jail carpets," the "decorative" wallpapers, the instruction in "orders" of architecture which the School of Art was for nearly two decades led to indulge in by those who "in one way or another" attempted to "assist industry as distinguished from Fine Art." One has also to remember how the efforts to raise the standards of art in industry by gifted artcraftsmen like Walter Crane have been thwarted by men with no artistic insight, imagination or grasp of the fundamental principles of design abused in the cheap manifestations of "Birmingham Indian" tray, the architectural confections of the Brighton pavillion and restaurants facades, of "Oriental" music and dancing by Chelsea or may be Elstree or Hollywood "apsaras" or of the equally cheap imitations of "primitive" and "mystic" sculpture "a l' Orient."

Safeguard Indian Art

Similarly, the pioneering efforts of men like Griffiths, Terry and Kipling, who laid solid the foundation of the School, had been for nearly two decades sidetracked, if not entirely perverted, by those vain speculations to "assist industry" in "one way or another." Perhaps, the laws of artistic vitality which animate the art workmanship and culture of, say, Italy, France, or Russia, may be alien to the British outlook and environment in art. The laws of artistic vitality, which for centuries have animated the art and culture of India, have, decidedly, remained, with rare exceptions, alien to them. How otherwise could one explain the costly speculation to assist industry "in one way or another" by "all art work." Every discerning visitor, every enlightened man and woman of taste, competent to grasp the indisputable vitality and distinction of the Indian treatment of line, space, colour, rhythmic pattern, and schematic masses, has justifiably deplored the national conditions which leave them unexplored. There is easy optimism in the Minister's statement about the "very popular" expectations of the "new section" in the School. But there is no observable assurance in it about the precise manner in which informed assistance and experience about Indian art-crafts are proposed to be employed. This is all the more surprising in view of the fact that the Government of Bombay have in Capt. Gladstone Solomon, the present Director of the School, a tried, informed and experienced servant of the public who has been ready, willing and available for the task. Any sign to assist practically, or to add to the services from, the School of Art should be, as we said, welcome. But the token of the value or utility of the "new section" is neither sought nor needed in the reference by the Minister to the incidental "conferences in England." The Minister should see that the "new section" is initiated and conducted under conditions that would stabilise the benefit of the guidance of Capt. Solomon's Indian experience and safeguard the artistic vitality and workmanship peculiar to the country. The Government of Bombay have not worried to lose decades in their apathy towards the School. They need not, therefore, now hustle lest "one year may not be lost." If it is only the manipulation merely of technical apparatus that is aimed at for the "new section," the work could easily be undertaken by the Technological Institute, not by an "art" school. But if the "new section" aims at artistic structure, composition, pattern and design in industrial output it must aim at more than mere cheap reproduction of what is being done elsewhere. And, the only way to do it is to safeguard and accentuate India's national vision vitality and workmanship in art.

More Potests

The Bombay Delimitation Committee's Report has called forth protests from various quarters, particularly from Bombay city. We have already pointed out how in giving only nine general seats to Bombay City and Suburbs the Committee has done serious injustice to the City. Some special interests in the City have also failed to receive due recognition from the Committee. For instance to give two seats to the Bombay Chamber of Commerce but only one to the Indian Merchants' Chamber is gross injustice to Indian Commerce. It is not tenable to say that the Bombay Millowners' Association is given an additional seat and that is almost certain to go to an Indian. As against this may be mentioned the additional seat given to the Bombay Trades' Association. The women of Bombay have also just reason to complain that of the five seats reserved for women only one is reserved for Bombay City. As Dr. Mrs. Malinibai Sukhtankar says, considering the large number of educated women in the City, two seats could well have been reserved for them. The Committee, however, has made some useful recommendations about enrolling women voters and these deserve to be accepted by Government. The Committee rightly believes that if women who are eligible for voting are not to be enrolled unless they make an application, very few of them will be enrolled. The Committee suggests that printed forms of application should be left at each house by the officers appointed for the purpose requiring each householder to fill in the forms and return them and that as far as possible persons distributing these forms should get them filled in then and then. These and other recommendations on the subject deserve to be readily accepted by the enrolling officers.

The "Depressed Classes," too, of the City have just reason to complain that they have not received due recognition from the Committee. Messrs. P. Baloo and N. S. Kajrolkar, prominent members of the community, point out in a press statement that, considering the large population of the "Scheduled Castes" in the City, the allotment of only one seat for it is utterly inadequate. Referring to the allotment of the seat to the Byculla and Parel constituency, they state: "We do not know why the Depressed Class voters "south of Byculla" are precluded from giving their votes to their community candidates. The report says that Byculla and Parel Wards have been declared as the Constituency for the Depressed Classes. What about others who are residing in A, B, C D and G Wards (i.e., Colaba, Fort, Masjid Bunder, Bhuleshwar, Girgaum and Dadar)? Why should they be deprived of their rights to vote for men of their community?" The Committee has no satisfactory answers to these questions. The only way to redress the grievances pointed out above is to increase the number of seats for Bombay, both for general and special interests.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES ACT

Objections To Rules

(By J. B. Shukla, M.A.)

The Bombay Weights and Measures Act 1932 and the Rules thereunder have come into operation from 1st August in the City of Bombay and some districts of the Presidency. The principle of standardisation of weights and measures embodied in the Act calls for little or no comment. The Royal Commission on Indian Agriculture of 1929 and other Commissions and Committees appointed by Government recommended the standardisation of Weights and Measures. It is to be hoped that the Bombay Act is only a prelude to similar all-India legislation. The multiplicity of weights and measures of different denominations used in the country, besides being a source of confusion, was said to add one more weapon in the armoury of the Village Sowkar and trader in his exploitation of the poor and illiterate peasantry of the country. It was, therefore, thought that standardisation of weights and measures would be an important measure in the task of amelioration of the condition of the poor tiller of the soil and would be one method of protecting him from the alleged unfair methods employed by the rapacious Sowkar and the dishonest trader. In so far, therefore, as the present Act is inspired by such motives, it can rouse nothing but admiration for its authors. How then, is the chorus of protest finding its legitimate expression in memorials to Government by the merchants of Bombay and Hartals by the petty traders and shop keepers of the mofussil areas to be explained? Are they the outward indications of a conflict of interests between the poor peasant working on the land and the traders and merchants of the semi-urban and urban areas?

Objection To Rules

In all fairness, it must be said that the traders and merchants of the City have unequivocally recognised the principle of standardisation of Weights and Measures which underlies the new Act. This recognition makes their position very clear with reference to their relations with other classes and should thus dispose of any fears, if they are entertained in any quarters, of their protests being an expression of their self-interest or of a class-war.

It must be clearly understood that the protest of the merchants is not with regard to the principle of the Act but in regard to the Rules framed under the Act. The Rules, as it were, provide a machinery for the administration of the Act and every sane citizen will realize that the administration of the Act, while trying to put into effect the intention of the legislation should not impose additional, unnecessary and heavy burden on the Commercial community or create all of a sudden conditions which would put the machinery of trade out of gear or interfere with the day-to-day business of the merchants. Let us take up the main objections against the Rules under

(Continued on page 7)

WARDHA AND AFTER

B.P.C.C. Campaign To Secure Perfect Election Rolls

By K. F. NARIMAN II.

The first essential step towards capturing the legislatures is to make the Election Rolls complete. Defective, incomplete and irregular Election Rolls are the greatest handicaps to Congress success at the booths. We ought to gain wisdom from our past bitter experience and be both forearmed and forewarned in this matter, so as to avoid the scenes of hordes of Congress voters, coming to the election booths from great distance and at great cost and sacrifice and returning without registering their votes because their names are not found in the Rolls. All belated indignation at the booths is absolutely useless. No amount of argument with the staff or protests lodged with the Returning Officer at that late stage can improve matters or rectify the initial carelessness or blunder. Lost franchise cannot be regained A little care and ordinary caution exercised at the proper time when the preliminary or the final rolls are prepared, would avoid and save all this bother and annoyance at a subsequent critical stage, and would also ensure the due exercise of civic and franchise rights by all voters. Those citizens who are so careless or indifferent as not to take a little trouble to see their names enrolled, before the stipulated time in spite of repeated warnings and notices and though the election staff comes knocking at their doors, have no right to complain afterwards if they find their names omitted and have no business to raise protests or complaints for such omissions. I know some uncharitable critic, reading these remarks, will assume an ironical smile and retort "Physician heal thyself first". I will readily admit the justice of that retort, but will nevertheless emphasise my appeal and warning as coming from one who has himself been the victim of perhaps excusable carelessness and justifiable neglect

Enrolment Campaign

But to return to the subject, the B. P. C. C. will shortly take steps to implement the directions of the Congress Secretariat to prepare for the coming parliamentary fight. A city-wide enrolment campaign will be started so that no voter qualified under the new franchise is left out of the roll, except those who on principle and as conscientious objectors, desire deliberately to abstain. An 'election sense' and a 'franchise conscience' will be roused and awakened in the city so that every enfranchised citizen will feel a sort of natural civic urge to get himself or herself enrolled Such facilities and opportunities will be given to all unconditionally, without attempting to extract any promise from them for Congress support in return, for their trouble to get them enrolled. After all Congress has always relied upon its past record of sacrifice and service, and has no other bait or bribe to offer to the voter and that patriotic inducement has been effective and forceful enough in the past and is sure to be sufficient guarantee for the future success.

Literacy Campaign

Not only will the B. P. C. C. afford all facilities and opportunities to those already enfranchised to get themselves enrolled, but it also proposes: to take necessary steps to get qualified all the adult 'Harijans' and other Scheduled Classes, by imparting to them the necessary knowledge, to enable them to exercise the franchise. With that object a 'literacy campaign' will be started in all these quarters so that within the next six months all the adult male and female citizens of these backward classes will at least be able to pass through simple easy vernacular tests of reading and writing that is or is likely to be imposed as an additional special qualification for these particular classes. I propose to issue an appeal shortly for voluntary teachers to conduct such adult night classes in Harijan and labour quarters and I am confident that many educated youths in the city will respond to that call. This will also be a first step towards 'liquidating illiteracy' in the city, which is a much larger problem. Bombay has always given a lead to the country in respect of a Congress programme. And as in the 'Direct Action' struggle, so also in 'Parliamentary Fight' Bombay will again be in the vanguard. But this premier political position of 'Urbs Prima in Indis' can be maintained only by the local Congress Committee continuing to receive the same wholehearted co-operation from all classes and sections of the citizens of Bombay. Congress is only a machinery to put the will of the people into action. The motive power of this political machinery can only come into action by the driving force of the will of the people. Bombay will always maintain her proud position of being first in charity and first in Congress politics. And she is prompt in giving success in natural earthquakes as she is first to suffer in political upheavals.

Frankly Speaking

UNREST SPREADING

The unrest among French workers due to the economy cuts is spreading all over the country. This is not unnatural. The reason, as we have already suggested, is the obvious injustice of demanding of the poor sacrifices which they cannot afford. But the situation is not without its ray of hope. It is reported that the Seamen's strike has been settled by the Government promising to reduce, in the case of a large number of workers, the paycut from 10 to 3 per cent. If this sympathetic and wise spirit should inspire M. Laval in dealing with others also who are similarly affected, the rapid development of a grave crisis might be satisfactorily checked. Otherwise Colonel la Rocque is waiting, alert round the corner.

LEAGUE POWERS' DUTY

There is a spate of news—both hopeful and disconcerting—bearing on the Italo-Abyssinian trouble. The tripartite conference meeting at Paris which begins on 14th instant will synchronize, and it seems not quite accidentally, with Italy's large scale army manoeuvres at Breuner Pass. Meanwhile the Government Export and Import Bank of U. S A. is stated to have opposed the financing of Italian purchases of cotton for munition purposes which, if true, is the first occasion on which Uncle Sam has taken a really stiff attitude towards Mussolini. Abyssinia too has not been sitting idle and is preparing to defend her rights; and her women, according to the latest reports, are determined to fight for the honour of their country. The country, says an Indian, who has recently returned from Ethiopia, is fully prepared for resistance. But the King of Ethiopians made it clear in an interview that he and his country were thirsting for peace not war. He has full faith in the League of Nations' power to bring about a settlement and says, "If the League wants, it must succeed." Such unflinching trust in collective security is in sharp contrast to the attitude of Italy. It is now for the League Powers to demonstrate that this trust is not misplaced.

NEMESIS

While one deeply sympathises with victims of Nazi oppression like the Jews, the Socialists and the Communists, one's feelings as regards the fate of the Stahlhelm are definitely not those of sympathy for them. The death-knell of the Stalhelm organisation has now been sounded on the ground that it was indulging in activities inimical to the State and had many Marxistic sympathisers! The Nazis have, of course, bitten—bitten well and truly—the hand that fed them. But for the Stahlhelm it is the irony of an avenging fate. The Stahlhelm helped materially to establish in Germany the irresponsible and terroristic dictatorship of the Nazi party. They have now come under the inevitable operation of that dictatorship.

EMPLOYERS' DUTY

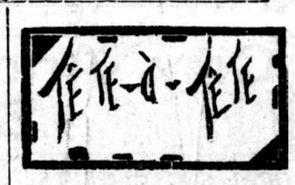
Mr. Hooseinbhai Laljee, who is now back in Bombay after attending the International Labour Conference at Geneva as a representative of employers, says with regard to the debate at the Conference on the 40-hour week: "So far as India is concerned, we had to oppose it for the simple reason that our industries are not supported by the State to the extent they are being done in other countries." It needs to be made clear that by "we" Mr. Laljee refers only to Indian employers. For the Indian workers' representative, Mr. Mudaliar, made out a strong case for a 40-hour week. Nor is it right for the employers to oppose the reform merely because Government do not give adequate support to industries. In several cases a reduction of hours of work will add, as it has added in the past, to the efficiency of work. It is the duty of employers to introduce reforms promoting Labour welfare and at the same time press Government to give adequate support to industries.

SEVA SADAN.

The Poona Seva Sadan Society has brought out a Special Silver Jubilee Album, which is a pictorial record of the manifold activities of the Society. The album also contains an introductory sketch by Mr. G. K. Devdhar, who, needless to add, is the life and soul of the institution. The Poona Seva Sadan or Home of Service for Indian Women, which was started twenty-five years ago, 'without a rupee or an inch of ground,' is today 'a well-defined, steadily growing and progressive organisation,' famous not only in India, but also in Europe and America. Its activities embrace various fields: social, industrial, medical and cultural. Starting on a very modest scale in Poona, to-day it has extended its branches to various places in Maharashtra and even outside. It is conducting schools, hostels, orphan homes, creches, maternity hospitals, infant welfare centres and ante-natal clinics, many of them staffed by the Society's old alumnies. Even a casual glance at this album is a source not only of information, but of inspiration. The album is prepared on the eve of the Silver Jubilee of the Society, which is to be celebrated towards the end of the years. The occasion is to be utilized to raise funds with a view to expand and extend the activities of the Society and we trust the public will generously support this laudable move.

HARIJANS BOYCOTTED?

An Associated Press message from Ahmedabad quotes a local paper according to which some caste Hindu Patidars in a village of the Baroda State have let their reprehensible prejudices run away with them. Because Harijans refused to carry carcases these Patidars are alleged to have proclaimed a social boycott of Harijans with the result that they cannot even get food-stuffs. And there are reports also of violence to the property of the Harijans. Now if the allegations are true the Baroda Authorities must take immediate steps to protect the Harijans from the inhuman treatment by Caste-Hindus inspired by the Patidars. The avowed policy of the State, we believe, is to recognise no distinctions between Caste Hindus and Harijans. That being so, strong and salutary action against the Patidars is obviously called for, if, of course, the allegations are found to be true.



EDEN BOOSTS THE LEAGUE
—Headline.

And Mussolini boots the League?

* * * *

"In these days of so-called enlightenment the warlike...."
—Bori Bundar.

A miracle! even our contemporary is getting enlightened about "these days."

* * * *

It is reported by a Jap paper that Britain has proposed an Anglo-Japanese Conference "in anticipation of the failure of the London Naval Conference".

A characteristically British preparation on the part of the host for the success of the London Conference.

* * * *

A bull created a sensation near the Churchgate station when it chased and attacked the evening strollers who happened to be there. The bull, it is reported, "would make a mad rush in one direction, then suddenly turn and start off in another direction," and people had to jump out of its way to save themselves from being fatally gored.

There are different theories about the animal and his antics —some suggesting that it has come from Calcutta way, others holding that it is a direct descendant of the one in the China shop. Our Junior reporter while declining to confirm any of these reports says the whole thing irresistibly reminds him, with certain "local" modifications, of the last Assembly.

* * * *

Nawab Sir Mohamed Yusuf, the Minister for Local Self-Government in U.P., has started on an extensive tour of the province dispensing wisdom right and left. In one of these dispensations, he said:

"Let us not be inspired by the philosophies of Fascism, Nazism or Bolshevism."

Oh, no. Perish the thought. When an Honourable Minister is here to give his philosophy—gratis and 'don't mention it'—why should we borrow the "philosophies" (whatever that might mean) of the Nazis, the Fascists, the Bolshevists?

* * * *

But what is Sir Mohamed Yusuf's philosophy? Here is a sample:—

"No democratic government can be run unless there are parties. Let us all merge into one strong party."

Quite a sound elementary lesson in politics. But the difference between the singular and the plural doesn't seem to find a place in the Knight Minister's brand of philosophy.

* * * *

After dilating at considerable length on the virtues and the necessity of landlords and capitalists Sir Mohamed said, "Let us all combine ourselves in bettering the condition of the masses."

We have a sneaking suspicion that "bettering" is a misprint for battering—or is a bartering?

* * * *

Prince Alexis Mdivani, the famous polo player, has been killed in a motor accident in Barcelona. His recent divorce by Miss Barbara Hutton, the Woolworth heiress, is recalled.
—Bori Bundar.

What is the association of ideas between a fatal accident and a divorce?

* * * *

"Heard the latest about Newrich?"

"No—what now?"

"He bought a Louis XIV bed, but it was too small for him, so he sent it back and asked for a Louis XVI."

* * * *

A number of roles have changed during the Italo-Abyssinian crisis. Christians have become pagans, League internationalists defiant Imperialists, civilized barbarians and vice versa. But that is not all. The most dramatic change over is that Ethiopian women have held demonstrations to defend the Motherland "at all costs", Italian men have been bravely shouting "curse Britain, curse Japan." We live and learn. And we admire both.

* * * *

"We have to take a long view of the Reforms", says Sir Hari Singh Gour.

Yes and the farther we are the better.

Aeronautical Training Centre

Governors Decide To Get It Registered In Delhi Next Week

An informal meeting of the first Governors of the Aeronautical Training Centre, Delhi, took place at the Taj Mahal Hotel, Bombay, on Thursday, when, it is understood, proposals for the registration of the Training Centre were discussed.

It is likely, the Training Centre would be registered in the course of the next week, at Delhi.

Capt. Alan T. Eadon, founder and principal of the Training Centre, left for Delhi on Friday night to complete the arrangements and commence the grading of the candidates for selection and enrolment.

The recent correspondence in the Press over the starting of the Aeronautical Training Centre had, it is stated, beneficial repercussions and had brought to the lime-light the necessity of such an institution with advanced courses in this country, thus incidentally strengthening the hand of the founder of the Centre.

SCHEME WELL RECEIVED

Enquiries show that, despite the criticism of the Aeronautical Centre by three of the Flying Clubs, the whole scheme of instruction in advanced aeronautics, has been well received all over the country.

The Lahore and Delhi Flying Clubs, who have been hard hit by uneconomic competition by a certain Flying Club in India, welcome the formation of the Centre, which provides higher courses for students who may find it convenient to undergo preliminary training in their respective places, before they join the Academy.

The Bombay Flying Club have gone a step further in their attitude towards the Training Centre.

It is reliably understood, the Committee of the Bombay Flying Club by a resolution, refused to associate themselves with the views contained in the circular sent round the country by the Karachi Flying Club which ultimately found associates in the U. P., and the Madras Flying Clubs.

BOMBAY CLUB'S SYMPATHY

The Committee of the Bombay Flying Club also made it clear that they agreed in principle, about the formation of the Training Centre.

The other Flying Clubs in Calcutta and Rangoon have not made known their attitude towards the Karachi circular.

As the names of the other Clubs do not figure in the circular, it is presumed, their attitude is not unfavourable to the formation of the Centre.

STARTING IN OCTOBER.

The bottom of the opposition against the formation of the Training Centre, would be knocked out, it is stated, by the fact that the National Airways, are running their own Training Centre at Rangoon on a commercial basis, apparently not satisfied with the training given at the Flying Clubs.

By October, it may be considered certain, the Training Centre would start work, forming the first Indian Aeronautical Institute providing the only courses of their kind in the whole country.

Rioting In Toulon Takes Grave Turn

Artillery Summoned To Aid Police And Mobile Guards

TOULON, Aug. 8.

The disorders here followed a combined demonstration by dock workers and naval munition workers. The police made repeated charges and the rioting continued for two hours. The naval buildings are now protected by armed guards.—Reuter.

POLICE INSPECTOR SHOT

TOULON, Aug. 9.

At 1 a.m. a few rioters were still holding out. It is now stated that two are dead and a police inspector injured seriously with a bullet in the stomach. Eighteen persons were injured and 44 have been arrested

Artillery Summoned In Toulon

The worst trouble occurred in the neighbourhood of the Maritime Prefecture. The mob tore down scaffolding for barricades and a battalion of Senegalese sharpshooters were summoned to clear the narrow streets while searchlights swept the roofs and windows from which the rioters sniped the police with miscellaneous projectiles. Those in the streets flung the covers of manhole drains.

Two hundred artillerymen from Draguinan were summoned as a result of the conference between high military and civil authorities which was held after midnight.

3 KILLED & 50 INJURED AT TOULON

MARSEILLES, Aug. 8.

Three persons are reported to have been killed and 50 wounded in the renewed rioting at Toulon which assumed serious dimensions. Shots were exchanged between the police and demonstrators. One hundred arrests have been made hitherto.—Reuter.

SITUATION MASTERED

PARIS, Aug. 8.

The Minister of Interior stated that at 12 a.m. the police were masters of the situation in Toulon. —Reuter.

FURTHER RIOTING IN BREST

BREST, Aug. 8.

There was further rioting here when the Mobile Guards charged in order to break up a procession of extremists singing the "Internationale." Several persons were injured.—Reuter.

"FRENCH LINE" STRIKERS RESUME WORK

"Champlain" Sails From Le Havre

(Special Cable.)

LE HAVRE, Aug. 9.

The French Line strikers resumed work and the liner "Champlain" sailed this afternoon.

68 ARRESTED AT TOULON

(Special Cable.)

PARIS, Aug. 9.

The Ministry of the Interior announces 68 arrests at Toulon last night. One Italian was found carrying explosives and two police inspectors were injured.

Zafrullah Concludes South Indian Tour

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Aug. 9.

Sir M. Zafrullah Khan, Commerce and Industries Member, Government of India, arrived at Secunderabad this afternoon on the conclusion of his South Indian tour.

He was received on arrival by Sir Akbar Hydari and a large gathering of the Ahmedia community.

During his brief halt here he visited his friends and later left for Simla.—A.P.

DANZIG AND POLAND REACH AGREEMENT

Grant Of Mutual Concessions Announced

WARSAW, Aug. 8.

An agreement has been reached between Danzig and Poland. Danzig agrees to rescind the emergency decree by opening her frontiers to the duty free entry of German goods, while Poland agrees to merchandise consigned to Poland being cleared by the Danzig Customs, though the duties will be paid in zlotys instead of Danzig gulden as formerly.—Reuter.

83 NEW DECREE LAWS FOR FRANCE

Strenuous Efforts Towards Economic Recovery By Government

PARIS, August 9.

The 83 new decree laws, which were issued last evening, comprise four categories dealing firstly, with the protection of investors, secondly with economic recovery, chiefly by speeding up public works, thirdly reduction of the cost of living as a result of agreements between Government and representatives of the provision merchants, fourthly, the modification and elucidation of the decree-laws of July 1st

Franc Saved Says Laval

M. Laval told the press that the decrees of July 17 have restored the budgetary equilibrium and saved the franc. The latest decrees would prepare for economic recovery, which is the Government's essential aim. Simultaneously they would complete the measures already taken for lowering certain consumption prices and equilising fuller burdens and sacrifices.

Unemployment would be fought by spending one milliard francs on roads, level-crossings, anti-flood defence and also other public works financed by loans and the creation of a central anti-unemployment committee to supervise the limitation of foreign artisans and the protection of French workers and the suppression of overtime.

Government Will not Falter

M. Laval said the Government was introducing a decree to protect the investing public against swindlers and reform the bankruptcy law to increase the responsibility of company directors. It was also annulling the import quota system for some industrial products but not agricultural products, while others would authorise the prefect of each department to fix maximum retail prices for meat with penalties for non-compliance. Farmers would benefit by a 10 per cent cut in farm rents and reduction in cost of fertilisers.

M. Laval concluded that what was to-day a pressing financial crisis would be averted to-morrow by the renewal of activity which would follow, if the nation responds with discipline to the effort which the Government will pursue without faltering and without allowing itself to be diverted from the accomplishment of its duty.

The Treasury Bill interest rate has been reduced from 3-1/2 to 3 per cent.

TRUEST SERVANT OF INDIA

British Paper Praises Abilities Of Sir John Thompson

(Special Cable)

LONDON, August, 9.

Viscount Halifax two years ago well described Sir John Thompson as one of the truest servants India ever had, declares the "Times" in an obituary.

His passion for accuracy his remarkable gifts for representation in both spoken and written word would almost certainly have brought to prominence of the larger Indian provinces, had he not missed a well-deserved promotion during the Montagu regime.

In Lady Thompson he had an invaluable helpmate. In his work as the Chairman of the Union of Britain and India he made great sacrifices of time and energy which may well have contributed to undermining his health, which he had not regained his full vigour after an attack of typhoid in the spring.

ELECTION PETITION WITHDRAWN

BEAWAR, Aug. 9.

As regards the election petition filed by Mr. Mukut Beharilal Bhargava against Mr. Bhagchand Soni, M.L.A., Lala Shyamlal, M.L.A. who came here made the following statement:—

"There was difference of opinion among the Congress workers of Ajmer as to whether the election petition should be proceeded with or withdrawn. Mr. Bhulabhai Desai and Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant had left the case entirely to my decision and Congressmen agreed to abide by my decision. After considering all circumstances I came to the conclusion that the prosecution of the election petition would not be advisable in my opinion."

Mr. Mukut Beharilal Bhargava has, accordingly withdrawn the petition.—United Press.

FIRST DEFEAT OF C. P. GOVT.

Council Adopts Khan Bahadur's Resolution To Grant 3 Parsi Holidays

NAGPUR, Aug. 9.

In the C. P. Legislative Council to-day, the Government sustained its first defeat, when the resolution of Khan Bahadur Tarapore to grant three Parsi holidays was carried by 32 votes to 20.

The Council also adopted a resolution for the establishment of a Tuberculosis Hospital at Chhindwara or Betul.

Discussion on Mr. Umed Singh's resolution, recommending a change in the curricula of High Schools with a view to including industrial education was proceeding, when the Council adjourned. United Press.

LUCKY Numbers

for the month of

JULY

will be published *To-morrow*

in the

BOMBAY CHRONICLE

Sunday Edition

LORD WOOLAVINGTON DEAD

LONDON, Aug. 9.

Lord Woolavington, famous figure on the turf, died to-day.

His death recalls the sensational victory of his "Epsom Lad" in the Eclipse Stakes 1901 when the South American jockey Gomez's girths broke some distance from the finish when Gomez gathered up the saddle weight and cloths under one arm and rode home on the bare-backed horse.—Reuter's Special.

Board Of Control Never Objected To Aussies

Secretary Clears Misunderstanding About Guarantees Of Expenses

BOMBAY, Friday

"Incomplete and conflicting reports have tendered to create misconception about the proposed visit of a private Australian team to India," said Mr. A. S. DeMello Hon-Secretary of the Cricket Board of control in India, who arrived in Bombay this evening for the meeting of the Board to be held on 11th instant. He added that the matter was entirely in the hands of the Associations who had all possible information first in January last, then at the annual general meeting in March and final details a fortnight ago. He, however, wished to clear the misunderstanding which had been exploited to a certain extent with a view to criticising the Board's share in the arrangements.

MISUNDERSTANDING CLEARED

When the proposal for inviting a private Australian team was made at the meeting of the Board as far back as November last the Maharaja of Patiala, who was present at the meeting, offered to assist the Board by arranging to bring out a team of Australian cricketers. This offer was confirmed by the Maharaja in writing in January last and included some 15 fixtures to the Associations in return for guarantees to defray a portion of the expenses all of which would be borne by the Maharaja. At the annual general meeting at Delhi on March 24 some of the Associations who were not included in the fixture card submitted to the Board by the Maharaja represented a revision of the itinerary which has now been made.

As the Board accepted the Maharaja's offer, Frank Tarrant was deputed by the Maharaja proceed to Australia to make the necessary arrangements to bring the team out and Tarrant carried with him a letter from the Maharaja and also from our Board to the Australian Board. Negotiations in Australia had been carried out by Tarrant on behalf of the Maharaja and he, from time to time, has informed us of the players he had been able to secure with the permission of the Australian Board of Control.

A GOOD TEAM

The team selected Ryder (Captain), Macartney, Love, Ellis, Hendry, Morrisby, Ironmonger Leather, Allsopp, Nagel, Alexander, Bryant, Oxenham, Mair and Wendellbill—is undoubtedly a good one as nine of them have already played for Australia in the test and there is abundance of youthful talent—names that will probably make Test history in 1936 when England visits Australia. Wendenbill is a first wicket batsman Mair Googly and bowler of the Malley type. There is also no doubt that the visit will be of immense educational value to the India team who are to go to England next summer and play there in the Tests.

Whether the associations can guarantee the amounts asked for by the Maharaja is a matter for them to decide. They feel that the guarantees are excessive because the team selected does not contain better known players such as Woodfull, Ponsford, Kippax and Oreilly. If the consensus of opinion at Sunday's meeting is that the team should be welcomed the difference regarding the guarantees might well be overcome. During the past two weeks I have gathered views of some of the associations by personal contact and of others by letter and have intimated these views by cable to the Maharaja in Europe and also submitted detailed report in the matter to the president, Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan. There was nothing more that the Board of Control could do in the matter.

INDIAN TEAM FOR ENGLAND

The Cricket Championship of India, the Quadrangular Matches at Bombay and the Jubilee Tournament in Delhi will no doubt help very materially towards the selection of the team for England but the visit of the Australians will equip our selected team to win against the English countries from the commencement of the tour in England and will thus help to make the tour in England a financial success as has been the case with the South Africans' visit to England this summer. A "draw" in England has become a rare almost an exciting, event and India will have to make a good showing from the very start to succeed in the all important matter of gate receipts.—A.P.

POSITIVE INJUSTICE

Chittagong Women Protest Against Exclusion From Franchise

CHITTAGONG, Aug 8.

A strong representation has been sent to the Reform Commissioner, Bengal on behalf of the Women of Chittagong regarding women's seats in the coming Bengal Legislative Assembly. The representation 'inter alia' states:—

"The proceedings of the Bengal Advisory Committee show that of votes thrown out the suggestes the Committee has by a majority tion to extend the franchise to women in all Municipal areas in Bengal as being "Unwieldy" and accepted the proposal to limit the franchise to only Dacca and Calcutta. We regret that we do not understand the reason and logic of the argument which led the committee to make the above unfair recommendation denying the right of franchise to our sisters living in other towns. We find our Anglo-Indian fellow citizens, both men and women, have been given the right of franchise wherever they live. If the right of franchise has not been limited or narrowed in the case of Anglo Indians, we fail to see why the same will be narrowed and limited in the case of Hindu and Muslim Women."

POSITIVE INJUSTICE.

"From political, commercial, and other points of view Chittagong is one of the most important towns of Bengal. Female education is making a rapid stride here both in quality and quantity. There are three recognised and one unrecognised High School for girls in the Chittagong town itself. Primary education is free and universal here. The local College has been thrown open for co-education. A large number of Chittagong girls have already received and many are receiving higher education. Under the circumstances, it will be positive injustice to deny the women of Chittagong the right of franchise. We, therefore, pray that the Government will be pleased to include Chittagong in the Dacca Women's Constituency thus forming the Dacca-Cum-Chittagong Constituency."—United Press.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES ACT

(Continued from column 6.)

the Act of the mercantile community *seriatim*.

Shape And Form

The contention of the wholesale traders is that the shape and form of weights of larger denominations of 7, 14, 28 and 56 lbs. prescribed under Rules is such that it becomes inconvenient and difficult to handle the same in actual practice when thousands of bags are being weighed over daily. What the merchants demand is that the weights of these larger denominations should be either of the cylindrical shape with rings on the upper surface for lifting or of the rectangular shape as prescribed under the Rules.

Stamping Charges

Next in importance comes the question of the stamping charges: these are, generally speaking, so high that in some cases they would perhaps exceed the value of the weights. The proposal made by the Indian Merchants' Chamber for freely stamping the weights merits consideration at the hands of Government. It is estimated that in Bombay city alone, Government would derive an income running into lacs of rupees; and if the mofussil areas were taken into account, the same would amount to more than a crore of rupees per annum. The mercantile community, it will be conceded by all fair minded people, are quite justified in asking Government not to treat this nation-building activity as a profit earning department or to seek to make it self-supporting but to provide it with a grant from the general revenues. The stamping charges should not impose an additional burden on the people whose taxable capacity has already been strained to the breaking point.

Scale Of Deficiency

Another contention of the merchants is that the scale of deficiency in weights now prescribed under the Rules is so low that it will be difficult to conform to it in actual practice. A thorough study of the relevant Table will show that the retail shopkeeper like the vegetable trader or the wholesale merchant will both find it difficult to maintain the scale of deficiency in actual practice. Moreover, the scale now prescribed is much lower than that allowed under the Rules of some of the Trade Associations or by long established practice and market custom. The standard of sensitiveness in Scales now allowed under the Rules is one more matter of practical difficulty. It is said that even brand new scales purchased from some well-known manufacturers do not conform to the standard of sensitiveness prescribed by the Rules.

Will not Government for sometime at least prescribe such standards of deficiency and sensitiveness which the products of Indian Industry will be able to maintain and thus give them an opportunity to turn out finer and better articles which would stand competition with the foreign ones. It is but just to hope that a Government national in outlook will not fail to give due consideration to this aspect of problem.

Not To Accept Offices Would Be Suicidal

Council Entry Logically Leads Thither, Says Chagla

"I can understand a policy of strict Non-Co-operation. I can understand a policy of strict Co-operation. But I cannot understand a policy of wobbling and wavering between the two. Every argument in favour of Council-entry is an argument in favour of office-acceptance. If Congressmen feel that they must go to the Legislatures in order to prevent reactionaries from posing as the representatives of the nation and doing mischief, does it not logically follow that they must also become Ministers for the same reason?" With these words, Mr. M. C. Chagla commended the Congress to declare itself unequivocally in favour of acceptance of offices under the new Constitution on his speech on "The Future of Indian Politics" at the Muslim Students' Union on Friday evening.

WHERE C. D. M. FAILED.

Mr. Chagla said that the country was passing through a period of reaction. The Civil Disobedience movement had failed to achieve its objective, with the result that there was bitterness and disillusionment everywhere. The people seemed to be tired of politics, because they could not enthuse indefinitely over a policy of negation. Whether they liked it or not, the new Constitution was going to be imposed upon them.

NON-ACCEPTANCE SUCIDAL.

He for one thought that it would be suicidal on the part of Congressmen not to accept offices. Mahatma Gandhi had said that the "Parliamentary mentality" had come to stay. The only logical conclusion of such a policy in the opinion of the speaker, was to accept offices. Every argument in favour of Council-entry was an argument in favour of acceptance of offices. He believed in Lokamanya Tilak's policy of fighting the Government "all along the line."

AN IMPOSSIBLE FEDERATION.

Speaking about federation, the lecturer said that it was an evil day when Mahatma Gandhi supported the idea of Federation during the Second Round Table Conference. A Federation of democratic provinces and autocratic States was something that was not only novel, but impossible. He thought that the time had come for the Congress to give up its "sitting-on-the-fence" attitude towards the States' subjects. The Congress ought to be prepared to follow a more vigorous policy towards the Princes. The Constitution recommended by the Simon Commission was preferable to the present one, since the former had "saved the country from the Princes."

JOINT ELECTORATE.

Referring to the communal problem, the speaker said that it was no use crying ourselves hoarse over the Communal Award. He did not believe that Unity Conferences convened on an All-India basis could solve the problem. An attempt must be made to solve the problem on provincial lines. The attempt in the Punjab had very nearly succeeded. He would like an endeavour to be made in that direction immediately in Bombay. With the separation of Sind from Bombay, Muslims in the local Council would be in a hopeless minority. The time, therefore, was opportune for convening a provincial Unity Conference. Communal electorates could not bring about the salvation of the Muslim community. The speaker appealed to young Muslims to become missionaries in the cause of joint electorates.

As for an economic programme for the country, the lecturer said that he could not "rise to the giddy heights of Marxian principles." He thought it, unjust however, that that a few should roll in wealth while the vast majority of the people in the country had not even one square meal a day.

Abolition of indirect taxes, progressive taxation of the rich, death duties and a minimum wage were likely to improve the economic condition of the masses.

In conclusion, Mr. Chagla appealed to the youth not to participate in another war under the shadow of which the world was passing.

C. D. HAS NOT FAILED.

Mr. K. M. Munshi, who presided, said that he was not prepared to agree that the Civil Disobedience movement had failed. As for acceptance of offices he could not say anything about it at present. Regarding the attitude towards the States, as between the Princes and their subjects, the Congress unhesitatingly stood for the latter. No constitution would be acceptable to the Congress which was not framed by a Constituent Assembly elected by the people of India as a whole, and which did not contain a Declaration of Fundamental Rights. Economic planning would solve the problem of poverty in India and not Socialism or Communism which were alien to the genius of the nation.

SUTCLIFFE MAKES HIS 130th CENTURY

LONDON, Aug. 9.

Fishlock, the left-hander, whom the selectors consider as the coming test player gave a chanceless display lasting 160 minutes and hit 13 fours. Sutcliffe was in his best form and made the 130th century of his career. He batted for six hours with one six and 17 fours among his chief strokes. Mitchel Innes in innings lasting for 260 minutes had scored mainly through powerful hits to leg.—Reuter's Special.

Sad Plight Of Shop Employees

PUBLIC MUST SUPPORT BAKHLE'S BILL

Our Readers' Views

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—One cannot sufficiently thank Mr. Bakhle and the members, who arrayed themselves on his side for championing the cause of the unfortunate restaurant and shop employees by introducing a Bill in the Bombay Legislative Council which aims at restricting the unduly long hours of work, affording them necessary rest and relief. That the object of the Bill is to ameliorate the lot of the workers is too transparent to need any comment. It is an undeniable fact that these employees are harnessed to work from early morning till late in the evening in crampy structures where more often than not the breathing space is at a minimum and where sanitation and cleanliness are little known. These conditions are further aggravated in some cases where the workers are confined to heat diffusing tin sheds freely exposed to the relentless rays of the sun during the summer months when the temperature is quite unbearable and oppressive. It does not require any stretch of imagination to realise the sad plight of the helpless workers who make a virtue of necessity by ceaselessly working year in and year out without any respite to the serious detriment of their mind and body. A suggestion for even a short holiday in the face of strenuous work is as a rule brushed aside by the callous employers or entertained subject to cut in wages. This sorry episode is intensified in case of children of tender age who by reason of their limited capacity for work are not fit enough to stand the strain imposed on them. The unusually long hours of work ruthlessly exacted of the workers places them in the category of outcastes as they are precluded from participating in social and other interesting functions where they can refresh their taxed brains and jaded nerves by free intercourse with their friends and relations.

It is inconceivable how the employers stultify themselves by harping on the plea that people in quest of employment solicit the same without any invitation from them. An impartial observer can easily be convinced of the fallacy of this argument as the position of these unfortunates is analogous to that of the beggars who can never be choosers—hence it is clear as daylight that the attitude of the employers, with few exceptions, signifying wanton disregard, apathy and indifference towards the workers is tantamount to sheer exploitation for which no condemnation could be too severe. What a sad contrast to the ideal conditions obtaining in many other civilised countries where the employers are always anxious to provide suitable amenities and better the lot of their subordinates who in turn prove a valuable asset to their superiors by working with a store of zeal, health and energy unknown to our employees!

It is, therefore, devoutly hoped that the public to a man will show unmistakable proof of their sympathy and good will for their less fortunate fellow-creatures by giving unstinted support to the Bill when it is circulated for ascertaining public opinion and it is further earnestly desired that the House not excepting the Opposition Benches will come to the rescue of these helpless employees by providing smooth passage for it and making it a Statutory enactment when it next comes up for discussion after six months.—Yours, etc.,

M. B. KARANJAWALLA.

Ahmedabad, August 8.

The Shivaji Controversy

To,—The Editor of the 'Chronicle"

Sir.—In June last, while presiding over a meeting of the All-India Modern History Congress at Poona, I made the following observations:—

"I have always refuted the arguments advanced by members of my community to the effect that Shivaji wanted to exterminate the Muslims and establish a purely Hindu Empire in India. Shivaji had no communal bias, and had he succeeded in founding an Empire in India, it would have been an Empire in which Hindus and Muslims would have enjoyed common rights and lived in peace and amity under the fostering care of the Great Maratha sovereign." On my return to Calcutta I was informed that my remarks had been resented by a section of my community and that I had been charged with playing to the gallery. My attention was also drawn to an editorial comment in the 'Star of India" which ran as follows:—

"There is such a thing as Historical proof. We do not know how much of it Mr. Abdul Ali has collected in favour of Shivaji, but in the absence of such proofs, we are afraid the public will not feel disposed to accept his testimonial to one whom history has branded as the Assassin of Afzal Khan whom he had inveigled under his roof under a pretext of friendship. Our columns are open to Mr. Abdul Ali if he likes to write in support of his new theories regarding Shivaji, giving convincing arguments based on facts of history. Till he has done that however, we adhere to our opinion based on popular history."

Owing to pressure of work and some difficulty in collecting available material on this subject I could not send this rejoinder to the Press earlier, and for this delay I hope my critics will kindly excuse me.

The criticism levelled at me, I am sorry to say, is neither logical nor well-informed. Whether Shivaji treacherously murdered Afzal Khan or not is still a subject of controversy. But even supposing for a moment that he was the blood-thirsty assassin of Afzal Khan it does not follow that he wanted to exterminate the Muslims or desired to establish a purely Hindu Swaraj in India.

The best authority on the character and policy of Shivaji is the great historian Khafi Khan whose father was a contemporary of the great Maratha chief, and served at Bombay for many years, and who himself first went to Bombay thirteen years after the death of Shivaji, and was afterwards long stationed at Surat, Ahmednagar and places in Shivaji's own country under successive Mughal Emperors. In his monumental history of India, after condemning in no uncertain terms Shivaji's dealings with Afzal Khan, which he characterised as treacherous and diabolical, he writes as follows about Shivaji:—

"He erected new forts, and employed himself in settling his own territories and in plundering those of Bijapur. He attacked the caravans which came from distant parts and appropriated to himself the goods and women, but he made it a rule that whenever his followers went plundering, they should do no harm to the mosques, the Book of God or the women of any one. Whenever a copy of the Sacred Quran came into his hands he treated it with respect and gave it to some of his Musalman followers."

The above observations are supported by Bashiruddin Ahmad in his excellent work Wakiat-i-Mamlikat-i-Bijapur.

"Shivaji", says this author, 'possessed many excellent qualities. The Muhammadan historians write that he always held the Quran in veneration and showed respect of the mosques. His treatment of the women and children was always admirable. His name will remain conspicuous in the history of India for all time to come."

The following extracts from the same work about Shivaji are well-worth repeating:—

"Those who have studied the many accounts of the life of Shivaji, son of Shahji, known what ample materials are available for forming a correct judgment about him. He was a prodigious man, brave and tactful. Foresight, prudence, magnanimity, manliness, valour, courage and perseverance were ingrained in his nature. There are people who call him a robber, a freebooter, and a deceitful man but his deeds tell quite a different tale. In those days fire and plunder were ordinary occurrences. Shivaji was not the only person who followed the ways of his times. As regards deceit and fraud who does not have recourse to these in times of war. "War is deceit" is a well-known adage. Euphemistically they call it diplomacy. A thousand paises are due to his valour. An ordinary illiterate person, he reduced to extremities two powerful kingdoms, the Mughal and the Adil Shahi. Sometimes he sided with the Adil Shahis and plundered the Mughal territory and sometimes he joined the Mughals and harassed the Adil Shahis. In fact to whichever side he leaned nobody dared to encounter him. For twenty-five years he fought the Mughals and the Adil Shahis. At last in 1091 A. H., corresponding to 1680 A. D., this unique personality departed from this life to join the heroes who had gone before him."

It is a well-known fact that Shivaji was an ardent devotee of a Muslim Saint Baba Yaqoot of Kelosi, near Bankot, in the Ratnagri district of the Bombay Presidency. He had high Muslim officers not only in his army and navy, but also in his civil service. Kazi Hyder who was his Secretary (Munshee) resigned his post on the accession of the drunken Shamboojee, entered Aurangzeb's service and soon rose to the position of Chief Justice of the Empire (Kazi-ul-Kuzzat).

In his illuminating paper entitled, "Gleanings from the Maratha Chronicles", the late Mr. K. T. Telang wrote as follows:—

'It appears that in providing for the preservation of temples and religious institutions of his own faith, Shivaji also continued the existing grants in favour of Musalman Pirs, mosques, etc., for keeping up lights and religious services." In support of his statement Telang has referred us to certain authorities among whom are included Scott's Deccan and Frayer's Travels. These unbaised European authorities should be unhesitotingly accepted by all students of history.

My last and most potent argument is based on five original letters from Aurangzeb to Shivaji, one of which was written "after" the Afzal Khan affair, and which are preserved in original in the Parasnis collection at the Satara Museum. In the entitature (Alqab) Aurangzeb styles Shivaji as "Mutiul-Islam" or "submissive to Islam" With these facts staring him in the face can any one possessing any degree of commonsense come to the conclusion that Shivaji was a hater of Muslims or that he wished to establish a purely Hindu Swaraj in India.—Yours etc.,

A. F M. ABDUL ALI.

CALCUTTA.

Congress And The States

To The Editor, of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The position of the Indian State subjects is simple. They are orphans, both of the Indian States and of the British India and as such call for sympathy.

The statement of Mr. B. J. Desai says that he is in complete agreement with the Congress policy, and the Working Committee of the Congress says that they are in complete sympathy with the Indian States' People Conference. Hence Father, Son and Holy Ghost are in complete harmonious unity, so let the subject of Indian States rejoice. This in theory.

In practice the position of the Indian States' people is that of "Harijans" without the benefit of blessing of their god-father. I have been ever of opinion, and I see no reason to change it that the Indian States' people must depend upon themselves and work out their political salvation without expecting any help from their rulers, their patrons viz:. the Government of India, and their father, the Indian National Congress.

There is too much of moral infection of clap-trap in all these three which reminds one of Mr. Boundery of Dickens "Hard Times" who was the Royal Arms, the Union Jack, Magna Charta, John Bull, Habeas Corpus, the Bill of Rights, an Englishman's house is his castle, Church and State and God save the Queen all put together."

What is the position of Indian States' people in Federation of India? The Working Committee says nothing on this crucial issue —perhaps it does not wish to say or has nothing to say, same is their opinion on Communal Award, neither one nor the other. Their "all curing" remedy seems to be Constituent Assembly. The people of the States can not and should not accept this position. They are, therefore, naturally disappointed.—Yours, etc.,

LAKHMIDAS ROWJEE TAIRSEE.

ALLEGED THEFT IN RUNNING TRAIN

Suspect Arrested At Poona And Brought To Kalyan

(From Our Correspondent.)

KALYAN, Aug. 9.

Ambadas Lakshman Guriwala, who was arrested yesterday by the G.I.P. Railway Police on a charge of having committed the theft of a gold ornament in a running train (Down Poona Passenger) near Thakurwadi station, will be shortly produced by the Kalyan Railway Police before the Karjat Magistrate.

Acting on the information supplied by the Railway authorities at Lonavla, where the theft was first reported, the Poona police arrested the accused on the arrival of the train.

The accused was handed over to the Kalyan police, as the alleged offence took place within their jurisdiction.

MAINTENANCE FOR LUNATIC

Widow Has No Claim After Husband's Death, Says High Court Judge

Mr. Justice Barlee at the High Court heard the application made by one Kamalabai against the order of the District Judge of Dharwar in her claim for maintenance.

Mr. G. P. Murdeshwar appeared for the appellant, and Mr. B. Moropant for the opponent, Malhar Narsingrao Nadgir.

By an order of the District Judge of Dharwar under the Lunacy Act, a provision was made for the maintenance of the lunatic and his wife Kamalabai, the appellant, out of the joint family in the hands of his brother and mother. Subsequently, Kamalabai as the personal guardian of her husband, filed a suit for partition and a decree was passed in December 1932. The husband, thereafter, died on February 20, 1933.

The wife then filed an application to recover maintenance from December 1932 to July 31, 1933, which was rejected by the District Judge who held that as soon as the suit for partition was filed, the status of the family changed and the family was no longer joint. Against this order, Kamalabai now appealed to the High Court.

In delivering judgment his lordship agreed with the lower court to this extent that the order of the maintenance must lapse on the death of the lunatic, and thereafter his widow could not continue to obtain the maintenance under the Lunacy Act.

LEGAL FICTION

His Lordships, however, did not agree with the District Judge's view that the order of maintenance ceased to have any effect as soon as the suit for partition was filed. It was true, said his lordship, that the property ceased to be joint property and was held then by the brother, the opponent as a tenant in common. But the fact remained that he continued to hold the property and manage it. And it was because he was the manager of the property that the District Judge had made an order for maintenance and not because it was joint family property in his hands. In fact, it was only by the fiction that a lunatic was entitled to a definite share in the property and that the brother, the opponent, was managing the property.

PARTIAL RELIEF

Their lordships held that the widow, the appellant, was entitled to the maintenance of Rs. 50 a month from December 1, 1932. upto the death of her husband i.e. for three months, with costs in proportion.

Mayor's Quetta Fund

Amount previously acknowledged Rs. 134,290-1-3.

(A|c No. I Rs. 109,483-1-5 and A|c No. II Rs. 24,806-15-10, which includes subscriptions by ladies and collections through Ladies' Committee A|c No. I Rs. 24,268-13-9 and A|c No. II Rs. 3,967-8-0).

ACCOUNT NO. I.

(1) Subscriptions received direct by the Mayor of Bombay and the Hon. Treasurers:

The members of the Bombay Gymkhana Rs. 1,501.

Proceeds of Rugby Football Match Rs. 1,326-9-3.

Proceeds of Mud Sports Meeting Rs. 270.

Subscriptions from the partners, European and Indian staff of Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co. Rs. 754-4-0.

ACCOUNT NO. II.

(1) Subscriptions received direct by the Mayor of Bombay and the Hon. Treasurers:

Through Mr. Mahomedali Esmail Rs. 409-8-0.

The Staff of the K. E. M. Hospital and Seth G. S. M. College (2nd instalment) Rs. 210.

Quetta Earthquake Relief Committee, Khar, Rs. 16-4-0.

Together with donations less than Rs. 50, the total is Rs. 138,777-10-6.

CONVICTED FOR CHEATING GOVT.

Found guilty of the charge of cheating the Government by affixing used postage stamps on two parcels on June 13 last, knowing full well that the stamps were used ones, Shamboo Chedilal Thakur, was sentenced on Friday by Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla at the Esplanade Police Court, Bombay, to pay a fine of Rs. 75 in default two months' rigorous imprisonment.

It was alleged that Shamboo presented two parcels, one bearing three used postage stamps and the other a single used red stamps, to a clerk in the Parcel Department of the General Post Office. The clerk discovering the stamps to be used ones reported to the Head Clerk. Subsequently action was taken against the accused.

DRAMATIC ARREST OF MIRAJKAR

Disguised As "Fakirs" Police Surround Residence In Santa Cruz Village

DETENTION ORDERED

Mr. S. S. Mirajker, a Labour leader, was arrested by the Bombay C. I. D. on Thursday evening at Vakhola, a village near Santa Cruz, under dramatic circumstances. Mr. Mirajker was "wanted" under the Emergency Powers Act for the past few months in connection with his alleged Communistic activities.

FOLICE AS "FAKIRS"

On Thursday evening a number of constables and officers of the Bombay C. I. D. disguised themselves as "Fakirs" wearing long robes surrounded the Ganga Nivas, a secluded place of Vakhola and surprised Mr. Mirajker by their presence. The raid was effected according to a very carefully chalked out plan and Mr. Mirajker was taken aback at the presence of a number of pseudo-Fakirs.

SENT TO BYCULLA JAIL

After arresting him, the C. I. D. seized a collection of literature stated to be on Communism. He was placed before the Commissioner of Police on Friday who ordered his detention in the Byculla Jail under the Emergency Powers Act.

ALLEGED MURDER OF WIFE

Wadavli Villager Arrested

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, Aug. 9.

News has reached here that Dundya Govind Shelka, who is alleged to have murdered his wife Bhimi by assaulting her with fists on last Sunday evening, has been arrested by the Padgha police.

It appears that Dundya who suspected the fidelity of his wife Bhimi, picked up a quarrel with his wife over a trifling matter, with the result that in a rage he gave several fist blows on her abdomen. The women next day succumbed to the internal injuries sustained by her.

The alleged offence took place at Wadavli in the Bhiwandi taluka.

The Padgha police are investigating.

PROTEST AGAINST FIRING ON WORKERS

GODHRA, Aug. 8.

The Press Workers Union of Godhra, at its meeting held to-day with Mr. A. C. Parikh in the chair adopted several important resolutions supporting Mr. Bakhale's Bill in the Bombay Council for the amelioration of shop assistants, protesting against the firing on workers at Baroda and in the Kolar mines and delighting over unity among the trade unions.—United Press.

Making Juhu Beach Safe For Bathers

City Organisations Decide To Train Volunteers In Up-to-date Life-Saving Devices

The frequent fatalities occurring in the treacherous tides of the Juhu waters have roused the various swimming and sports organisations in the city to action.

A meeting under the auspices of the Indian Red Cross Society was convened by Mr. G. H. Rull on Friday evening to concert measures for popularising life-saving devices for the protection and safety of bathers at the Juhu Beach.

Mr. H. C. B. Mitchell, Chairman of the Red Cross Society presided over the meeting. Representatives of the Bombay Gymkhana, Cathedral Old Boys, The 'Dufferin' Cadets, The E. W. P. A., The German Club. The Islam Club. The Swastik League. The Victoria Swimming B Club and the Y. M. C. A. were also present.

JUHU BEACH RISKS

Mr. Mitchell in a brief speech referred to the risks on the Juhu Beach and called the attention of those present to the inadequacy of protection at present afforded. It was essential that there ought to be some effective system of protection and the only methods were those adopted in Australia by the Surf Life Saving Association which was the best organised in the world.

INADEQUATE ARRANGEMENT.

At present on the Juhu Beach, life-saving apparatus was kept ready for use at 16 places at a distance of 200 yards each, and one man was patrolling the shore on a bicycle. This was, however, inadequate, the speaker felt, especially on Sundays and other holidays when the number of bathers would be considerable.

Mr. Mitchell proposed that if life-saving volunteer teams could be formed they would patrol the beach by shifts and they would also be equipped with up-to-date devices. He initiated the discussion.

Opinion was divided regarding the formation of teams and several speakers suggested that individual members of the swimming baths in the city should first be given training in the use of life-saving devices, and then as the methods became popular, voluntary teams could be formed.

TRAINING IN DEVICES

After considerable discussion, it was finally decided that the life-saving devices be supplied to the swimming baths at the Back Bay, Beach Candy and the Golwallas' (Victoria S. B.), for affording training in the use of the apparatus. To test the efficiency attained it was suggested that competitions be held after a few months and thus life-saving methods could also be popularised.

Literature on the latest methods adopted in Australia and the up-to-date appliances for life-saving at sea would be obtained within the course of a few months.

On the Juhu Beach itself, a life-saving belt would be made available to the bathers who wish to practise life-saving.

After these proposals were accepted the meeting dispersed.

AYURVEDIC EXAMINATION RESULT

List Of Candidates Declared Successful

The following are the names of the successful candidates of different Ayurvedic Institutions, who appeared at the Prabhuram Ayurvedic College Examinations conducted by the Dr. Popat University of Ayurved, during July, 1935:

ACHARYA TEST (By selection) —B.B. Vaidyaraj (Bombay).

(By thesis)—V.M. Trivedi (Dhrangadhra).

BHISHAGWAR EXAM.—N. G. Trivedi (Bombay).

(Passing in 'Nidan Chikitsa' & 'Sootika Shastra only)—H.M. Trivedi (Sanosara).

BHISHAK EXAM.—N.G. Trivedi (Bombay), A.J. Vaidya (Chikhli).

(Passing in 'Nyaya Vaidyak' only)—B.P. Vaidya (Kharsad).

RASVAIDYA EXAM.—S.M. Shah (Dharmaj), N.G. Trivedi (Bombay) B.P. Vaidya (Kharsad).

(Passing in 'Aushadhi Gundosha' & 'Rasayan Shastra' only)—P.L. Bhatnagar (Gujranwala).

(Passing in 'Rasayan Shastra' and 'Vanaspati Shastra' only)—M. A. Vaidya (Billimora).

UPVAIDYA EXAM.—N.G. Gube (Bombay), S.M. Shah (Dharmaj), N.G. Trivedi (Bombay).

(Passing in 'Medical Nurture' only)—P.L. Bhatnagar (Gujranwalla).

The next sessions of the examinations shall commence from 19th September 1935; the tution classes of the college shall commence from Thursday, 3rd October, 1935.

Bomanji Petit Mill Sold

The well-known Bomanji Petit Mill with its seventy-two thousand sq. yards of land, having long frontage to Lamington Road and to the Railway line, plus to very extensive range of mill buildings has changed hands at six lakhs of rupees. We believe the purchasers are Messrs. Sirur & Co., Managing Agents of the Mysore Spinning & Weaving Company and it is said that entirely new mill machinery is to be installed and run on up-to-date lines. Rumour says that most of the new machinery is to be Japanese.—"Property Market."

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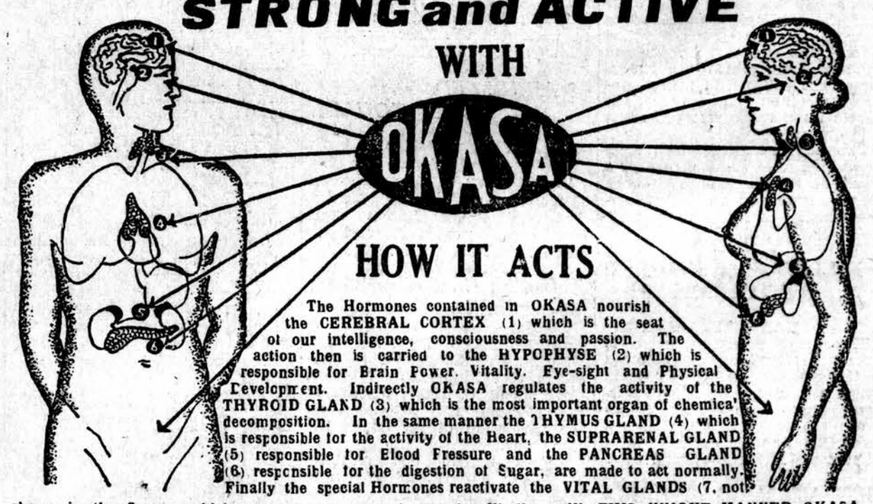

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Our Sind Letter

PROGRESS OF C. SITALDAS COLLEGE

Successful Features Introduced

(From Our Correspondent).

KARACHI, Aug. 7.

The second annual report (1934-35) of the Chellasing Sitaldas College reveals the fact that the college commenced its second year of work on 16th June 1934 with 41 students in F.Y.A., and 39 in I.A., as against 76 in F. Y. A. and 12 in I. A., in the previous year. Of this number 3 were girls.

The unique experiment tried at this college this year of collecting fees by instalments proved successful. On the physical side, the College joined the Sind Inter-Collegiate Sports played at Karachi this year, and maintained their last year's place of being cnext to D. J. Sind College and N. E. D. Engineering College. Another feature of the College is that it has a boat club. On the intellectual side, the Mushairas continued to be popular . activity with the students. Messrs: N. D. Malik, Kanwar Sukhlal, R. D. Karmarkar, Gopal Swami of Mysore, A. G. Advani of Karachi, H. T. Sorley, I.C.S., K. T. Shah and Dr. Giani Kiratsing were the lecturers during the year under report on important subjects.

On the social side of the College, Priti Bhojan was organised in the first term and social gathering in the second term.

The financial statement of the College shows that the budgeted income was Rs. 26,757-13-9 and expenditure Rs. 30.731-9-0, against which the actual income was 26,732-0-0 and expenditure Rs. 26,981-5-11. The closing balance of the year is 1,370-14-9.

Principal H. P. Hazari, is the Principal of the College and Mr. Bhojsing Pahilajani is the President of the College Board.

SIND LAWN TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

Sind Lawn Tennis Tournament will commence at Karachi at the European Gymkhana Tennis Courts from 26th instant will be over on 2nd September. In this tournament, many players, from all parts of India will take part.

JHERRUK SANATORIUM.

Bhai Hassanam Righmal of Hyderabad (Sind) has given a donation of Rs. 125 for this year for food expenses of one poor patient at the Sanatorium. He has promised to pay this amount every year.

SPECIAL BOARD FOR CONGRESS FUNDS

Punjab P. C. C. Appoints Provisional Body

LAHORE, August 7

Several important resolutions were passed at a meeting of the Working Committee of the Punjab Provincial Congress held this evening at Bradlaugh Hall under the presidency of Lala Dunichand Acting President of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee.

One of the resolutions appointed a provisional special board for controlling the Congress funds; another resolution decided to send two deputations to tour the province between August 20 and August, 31, in furtherance of the constructive programme of the Congress.—United Press.

BIHAR TENANCY AMENDMENT BILL

PATNA, August 8

It is understood that Mr. Jamuna Karjee, who has been recently elected to the Legislative Council, proposes to introduce in the Council at the earliest possible moment a Bill to amend the Bihar Tenancy Act to delete the clauses relating to "Salami" and the certificate procedure for realization of rent.

The Bill will provide that no 'Salami' of eight percent of the consideration money, payable to the landlord as a condition precedent to a valid transfer of a holding will be charged and the clauses relating to certificate procedure will remain as they were in the old Bengal Tenancy Act.—United Press.

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATIONS

P. S. C. GENERAL KNOWLEDGE QUESTIONS WITH ANSWERS (1930-35) by J. A. Vatsayana, M.A., M.Sc. 2nd Ed. Rs. 3/8. IMPERIAL MINISTERIAL (including) Typist and Routine Grade) Examinations 1930-1934). Questions with Answers by Record Holders Re. 1. HAND BOOK OF PRECIS WRITING by Prof. Matthews M. A. Re. 1/8. HANDBOOK OF VIVA VOCE. Re. 1/8. HAND BOOK OF PROOF Correcting Re. -/8/-. INDIAN MILITARY ACADEMY & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE EXAMINATIONS Questions with answers Rs. 4/8. CAREERS, LAHORE.

"Life is A Stage" shown at the Roxy.

South India Letter

Use Swadeshi Goods For Govt. House

MRS. LAKSHMIPATY'S SUGGESTION IN MADRAS COUNCIL TURNED DOWN

(From Our Correspondent).

MADRAS, Aug. 5.

Perhaps for the first time in the annals of the present Legislative Council, discussion on Supplementary Demands took an interesting turn.

Mrs. Rukmani Lakshmipathy (Congress) who was sworn in only to-day was at her best. She was always on her feet, almost the whole of the question hour. Her supplementaries gave some trouble to the official bloc. Her maiden speech to-day was very forceful. Opposing a supplementary demand of 62 thousands for renewal of furniture to Government House she declared it a waste of Public Funds, which could well have been utilised for relieving the overtaxed Peasants of the Presidency and the famine stricken people of Royalaseema. She, however, agreed to vote for the demand if the cutlery and other things required for the Government House were all indigenous, which would go much to encourage Swadeshi industries.

Mr. C. R. Reddy, (Congress) who was also sworn in to-day in a brief speech elucidated Mrs. Lakshmipathi's speech as he thought that the Home Member was labouring under a misapprehension.

The demand, however, was carried, Mrs. Lakshmipathi's cut motion being lost, after several members had spoken.

ELECTION STUNT.

On the whole it was a hard day for the Hon. The Rajah of Bobbili, whose job almost became hopeless, when he had to face bitter criticism in regard to the Provincial Economic Council. Mrs. Lakshmipathi characterised it as a mere election stunt and doubted any good coming out of it. Mr. Krishnah Choudhary pleaded for a statutory body as the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research.

The Chief Minister answering all points raised and all criticisms levelled said the object of the Council was only to bring about coordination between the heads of the various departments.

This session will last only for six days and the sittings will conclude by Saturday. To-morrow also being day for non-official business, the Law Member will introduce a Bill to amend the Madras Debtor's Protection Act and also move for its consideration and passing into law.

CONGRESS PROPAGANDA.

Both the Andhra and Tamilnad Provincial Congress Committees resolved to capture all places in the Municipal and Local Boards. To carry on the necessary propaganda necessary Civic Boards have also been constituted. The Guntur District Congress Committee at its last meeting appointed a committee to study the situation in the District.

The campaign has already been launched in Tamilnad and is being carried on vigorously. Mr. Satyamurty on the eve of his departure for Simla, Dr. T. S. S. Rajan, Mr. Muthuranga Mudaliar, M.L.A.'s addressed a number of mass meetings in the city and the mofussil Dr. Rajan exposed the hollowness of the Justice Party while addressing a mammoth gathering at Congress House. He refuted Mr. P. T. Rajan's charge that there had been misappropriation in the Harijan Fund.

Day to day Congress meetings are being held throughout the province to counteract the propaganda of the Justice Party and to strengthen the position of the Congress.

TILAK ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATIONS.

Glowing tributes were paid to the memory of Lokamanya by the entire population of Southern India while celebrating his death anniversary. Processions and mammoth gatherings marked the celebrations. Public meetings were held in all important places of the Presidency including Ellore, Rajahmundry, Bezwada, Nellore, Salem, Masulipatam and Chidambaram.

Bengal Congress Socialist Conference

Appeal To Radicals In Province To Rally Round Banner Of Party

The Secretary, Publicity Committee of the Bengal Provincial Congress Socialist Conference to be held in September this year writes:—

Since the Calcutta Congress Socialist Conference held in September last, we have been able to carry the message and programme of our Party to numerous sections of the population, both rural and urban. But we have no hesitation in confessing that our achievements have been little in comparison to the task before us. We have yet no effective Party organisations in even the major districts of the Province. Far from acting as the spear-head of the Congress movement for freedom, we have not yet been able to make our voice felt in the councils of either the provincial or the district executives of the Congress. We have indeed been able to give a lead in certain specific issues and our Party members have in several places joined the struggle of the working-class. But the Peasant is, more or less, yet unapproached from the organisational view-point.

MAIN TASK.

But when all that is said, we must remember the extraordinary regime of law prevailing amongst us. Indiscriminate banning of working-class and youth organisations, galling restrictions on freedom of speech and movement, Press and association, police interference in practically all public activities present formidable difficulties to every public worker. Indeed, as, we, appealed to the Dinajpur Provincial Conference that it could fulfil its function only by turning into an Anti—B. C. L. A. Act Conference, so, for some time to come, the main task of our political life shall be to combat the extraordinary laws.

LAMENTABLE TENDENCY.

Among a section of Congress leadership is noticeable a lamentable tendency towards abandoning the struggle for freedom or at least postponing it indefinitely. Those in positions of power and authority have not yet found either the time or the taste to release the province from the grip of reaction. The worker is torn between their meaningless conflicts and rendered inactive due to a lack of programme.

The Bengal Congress Socialist Party is as firm as ever in its belief that it alone can offer an effective lead to the Congress struggle. In its ambition to bring together all the anti-imperialists of the Province, it has decided upon the Provincial Conference.

OBJECTS OF CONFERENCE.

As will be apparent now, the conference shall have the following chief objects:—

(a) Assist in the setting up of District Party organisations, knit together in a compact body the anti-imperialist forces of the Province and generally spread the Party's programme.

(b) Lay down concrete policies in relation to such subjects as (1) the Parliamentary activity of the Congress, (2) a Peasant programme of a radical character, (3) the real nature of constructive national activities, etc.

(c) Assist in the formation of workers, students and peasants' organisations where they do not exist and in their growth where such do exist.

RALLY THE RADICALS.

The Conference will be held in Calcutta about the first week of September. Exact dates will be announced later. We have still a month in hand. Peasants, workers and students who have already studied the Party's programme should no longer delay in joining their district organisation and thus assure for themselves a delegation to the Conference. In particular do we appeal to the Congress workers in the districts whom our delegates met at the Dinajpur Provincial Conference to push forward their party organisation briskly and so assure for themselves their rightful place in the Counsils of the Party. Finally, it is our utmost earnest appeal to all radical forces to consider if they could not act in common under the banner of the Congress Socialist Party.

The expenses incidental to the Conference shall not be meagre. All those who sympathise with our Party's programme and activities will please enlist to the Reception Committee and ensure succcess to the Conference.

All enquiries and correspondence to be directed to the Party's address, 15 College Square, Calcutta.

PATNA GOVT. AGRICULTURAL FARM

Fruit Preserving Section To Be Organised

PATNA, Aug. 8.

It is understood it has been definitely decided to organise a Fruit Preserving Section in the Government Agricultural Farm at Patna, where practical training would be given to a limited number of candidates in scientific methods of preserving fruits and making fruit juices.

The scheme is being inaugurated in view of the enormous possibilities in this province for the manufacture of fruit products.

It is felt that the large quantities of fruits which cannot be exported to Calcutta and other markets can be easily converted into tinned and bottled fruits for local consumption or export when the mango season is over. This new line of work is expected to throw open possibilities of a new industry in fruit preparation provided thorough training is made available to those wishing to take advantage of it.

Those desirous of undergoing the training will be furnished with full details by the Deputy Director of Agriculture, Patna, on application made to him for the purpose.—United Press.

Suspect Released On Bail

(From Our Correspondent).

KALYAN, Aug. 8.

Sakharam Hari Joshi, a clerk of the Kalyan Taluka Local Board, who has been arrested by the Town police, on a charge of defalcation of accounts, to the tune of Rs. 1,640, was ordered yesterday by Mr. M. G. Naik, the Resident Magistrate of Kalyan, to be released on his executing a bond for Rs. 4,000 and furnishing a surety in the like amount.

The arrest is a sequel to the complaint filed by Mr. S. S. Pradhan, the Chief Officer of the Thana District Local Board.

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ROLE OF 'VARSITIES UNDER REFORMS

They Must Develop Citizenship Says Rev. A. G. Hogg

MADRAS, Aug. 7.

Rev. A. G. Hogg, Principal, Christian College, addressing graduates at the annual Convocation of the Madras University held this afternoon observed:—"This India that we live in is about to enter upon a Constitutional experiment, the precise issues of which no man can foresee. One thing that is certain is that more than ever before she will need to find in her citizens qualities of a kind which it is the function of the universities to foster and develop." Rev. Hogg could conceive of nothing more noble and, for the true son or daughter of the University, nothing more appropriate than a life spent in combating ignorance and other social ills that held the villages of India in thrall.

Lord Erskine presided at the convocation.—A. P.

PRESS WORKERS' UNION FOR GODHRA

GODHRA, Aug. 7.

A general meeting of the press workers of Godhra was held at the "Deshabandhu" office with Mr. Chimanlal Dalsukhbhai in the chair.

The meeting expressed its resentment at the attempts of a local newspaper to run down the union of the workers and elected Mr. A. C. Parikh as the President of the Union.

Messrs. Somalal Shirela and Motilal were elected Secretaries and Treasurers. This is the first union in Panchamahals and efforts are being made to get it registered as a trade union.—United Press.

Mr. C. Y. Chintamani, editor, "Leader," will deliver the Convocation address to the Mysore University Graduates this year, at the Convocation which will be held in Mysore, about the third week of October next. He will also deliver the Sri Krishnanjandra Silver Jubilee Lecture.

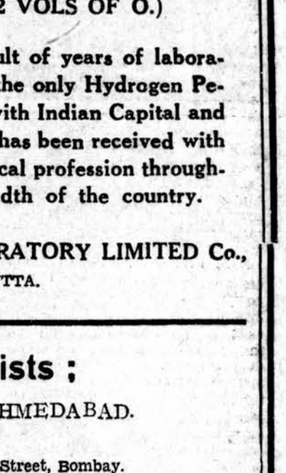
LAST WEEK

We issued an ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY that

"HE WAS COMING"

Now we have great pleasure to ANNOUNCE that

IT IS
"HE"
WHO IS COMING.



Now the QUESTION that arises is

"WHO IS HE"?
WHO IS COMING?

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"Dr. N. K. Karode, Chemical Analyser, Junagadh State, writes:—"I am glad to certify that Dr. S. Rangaswamy Iyengar treated Rao Bahadur Keshavlal G. Trivedi for Diabetes and effected cure in the course of about six weeks. At the commencement of the treatment the S. P. Gravity of his Urine was 1038 and it gradually fell to 1015 and accordingly the quantity of Sugar also decreased and came down almost to normal. Dr. S. R. Iyengar's treatment seems to consist of native drugs and the effect is marvellous. I am of opinion that anybody suffering from this disease should take benefit of Dr. Iyengar's treatment."

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OUR READERS' VIEWS

Private Cricket Tours

To,—The Editor of the "Chronicle"

Sir,—At a time when the Board of Cricket Control in India are meeting at Bombay to discuss important questions for the ensuing season's programme, I would like to invite their kind attention, through this open letter, once more to the long-standing question of a private Indian Cricketers' tour abroad. In the name of thousands of private cricket enthusiasts of India, I appeal to the wise members of our Board to give more constructive help to the prosperity of India's private cricket than what they have hitherto given. I strongly maintain that whatever cricket we have in India to-day, it is the direct result of private encourgement and enthusiasm without which no future progress of Indian Cricket can harmoniously be attained. Our Board's stern attitude towards a private tour's enterprise is a gross injustice to the cause of Cricket in India. No Cricket Control can be called a fair control if it discourages all private cricket and humiliates it by unfair restrictions. No other country does it.

There seems no reasonable logic in stopping a private team's tour from India and in discouraging such aspirants. Is not our Board itself inviting a private Australian team to India? The shuffling and re-shuffling of the name of this team has already proved that it was not the Maharaja of Patiala's move—as it was shown to be—but it was entirely the Board's own will and tactic which can easily be read between the lines. The Board will be doing an act of justice worthy of their prestige if they would not put obstacles in the way of a private Indian Cricketers tour abroad. It is a question of India's Cricket freedom and before it is put before those who are higher than our Board, I would request the wise sense of the Board consider the matter leniently and bestow its patronage and goodwill to us. They cannot win over the majority of those interested in private cricket by authority they can do so by love and affection only.—Yours etc.,

W. D. BEGG

Rajputana Cricket Club,
Ajmer August, 7

Versova Road Scandal

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The so-called Kurla-Versova Road passing through the Town of Andheri has been the subject of bitter criticism in the press, and I owe a duty to the public to explain the whole position in regard to it.

Until the 15th February 1935, the road in question was vested in the District Local Board, Bombay Suburban District and Government was contributing half the cost of its maintenance. But from February 15th the road became vested in the newly-constituted Vile Parle-Andheri Municipality by virtue of Government Notification extending the limits of the Vile Parle Municipality. The total length of the road is about 26 furlongs out of which 10 furlongs lie in the undeveloped area between Andheri and Versova which being khajan land is unfit for building purposes and not likely to develop for at least 25 years. The road which constitutes a heavy burden on the municipal finances has been handed over to the Vile Parle Municipality in a bad condition without any financial assistance from Government to meet any portion of the cost of maintenance and without any prospect of deriving any revenue from the road. It is, therefore, unfair for Government to throw the burden on the shoulders of the Municipality at a time when its financial position is far from satisfactory and when the Municipality is faced with the dire necessity of providing efficient sanitary service to both the towns of Vile Parle and Andheri.

I realize that the condition of the Kurla-Versova Road is not what it ought to be consistently with the fair name of the Municipality, but I submit that the road is not in so deplorable a condition as to warrant unfair and unnecessary criticism at the hands of the residents of Versova. Vile Parle alone has 14 miles of roads in the the fully developed area and it has become a difficult and distressing problem for the Municipality to maintain them with any degree of satisfaction. In fact the condition of some of these roads in the Municipal area is worse than that of the Kurla-Versova Road which has unnecessarily been selected for criticism. I have travelled on the road both by car and horse garry in company with some of the Councillors and can testify to the statement. But to say "that the whole length of the road is punctuated by pot-holes which are in places not less than a foot in depth, heaps of road metal line the road and turn it into a series of miniature Bechers' Brooks' is an exaggeration. The road, like some of the other roads in the Municipal area does need urgent repairs and in order to improve to some extent the condition of the road the Municipality sanctioned Rs. 500/- for carrying out immediate repairs to the road such as filling up pot-holes and patch work. But it is next to impossible for the Municipality to 'thoroughly' repair the road throughout its length, as that will involve the Municipality into an expenditure of some thousands of rupees which it can ill-afford looking to its other urgent and pressing needs.

The only sensible course for the Municipality was to shift the heavy burden on other shoulders and this was adopted by requesting the Government to take over a portion of the road (vide Resolution No. 42 of 4-5-35). The Collector who was requested to move in the matter is not disposed to doing so, as it will be seen from his reply dated 10th July 1935 that there is no question of the road being put in charge of any other authority.

I really sympathise with the lot of some of the residents of Versova who travel by this road daily and the Road and Building Committee have been able to recommend a further sum of about Rs. 700/- for the road. The Committee has also recommended to the General Board to constitute a deputation to wait on the Minister-in-charge with a view to discuss the whole question of the road.—Yours etc.,

L. L. MISQUITTA
Chairman,
Road and Building Committee,
Vile Parle Municipality.
Vile Parle, August 9.

Homeopathy

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to the letter appearing in your Saturday's issue of the "Chronicle" by "A Homoeopath" of Jalgaon, while admitting that the Physician to His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales is a Homoeopath, your correspondent forgets or omits to state the fact that Dr. Sir John Weir is a specialist with the highest Allopathic Degree. It is true that the other notabilities he has mentioned are also fond of homoeopathic treatment but this treatment is given by highly qualified men with Allopathic training and degrees. The Physician attending to the present President of the United States, had after graduating with honours in Medicine and Surgery and obtaining Diplomas (allopathic) spent two solid years in the study of Homoeopathy. Some of the Bombay men have come out as homoeopaths after attending a few lectures, without any workable knowledge necessary for diagnosis of common ailments. I trust of "A Homoeopath" of Jalgaon is an exception.—Yours, etc.,

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KRISHNA TALKIES

Complimentary PASS not allowed.

ONE LAKH PURSE FOR HINDI

Bajaj And Kothari Appeal To Indore Public To Fulfil Promise

INDORE, August 9

On the invitation of the Hindi Sahitya Sammelan Committee, Seth Jamnalal Bajaj, accompanied by Mr. Manilal Kothari, Sm. Sofia Somji, Dada Dharmadhikari, Pandit Khare Shastri, and party arrived here on Thursday. They were received by the Members of the Samiti at the station. All are being entertained as State Guests.

Soon after arrival, Seth Jamnalal Bajaj and Mr. Manilal Kothari accompanied by Mr. Tiwari and Harbhau Upadhyaya visited the leading citizens in connection with the purse of one lakh of rupees promised to Mahatmaji for Hindi Prachar work.

A public meeting was held at the Town Hall in the evening under the presidency of Mr. Tiwari.

Pandit Khare began the proceedings with an inspiring "Bhajan."

Dada Dharmadhikari impressed on the audience the necessity of a common national language.

KOTHARI'S APPEAL

Mr. Manilal Kothari made an eloquent speech, requesting the audience to contribute liberally towards the purse for Mahatmaji for Hindi Prachar. In response to his impassioned appeal some collections were made on the spot and promises for more contributions recorded.

Seth Jamalal Bajaj addressed the gathering next and in his short businesslike speech he explained why and how Mahatmaji agreed to preside over the Hindi Conference at Indore and his own share of responsibility in getting Mahatmaji to preside over the Conference. Jamnalalji expressed the hope that Indore will make a response worthy of its traditions.

The president in winding up appealed to the audience to respond to the appeal of the honoured guests. The meeting was largely attended by State officials and subjects.—United Press.

MONSOON STRONG IN EAST U. P.

Thunderstorm In South-East Madras

POONA, Aug. 9.

Monsoon was strong in East United Provinces, Bihar, Chota Nagpur, Bengal and Assam and weak elsewhere. Local thundershowers also occurred in South-east Madras. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Assam, Bengal, Chota Nagpur, Bihar, East United Provinces and Gujarat with a few falls in Upper Burma, West United Provinces, West Central India, Konkan, Malabar and North Madras coast.

The chief amounts of rainfall are: Tavoy three inches; Toungoo and Myitkyina two each; Bhamo one and a half; Cherrapunj eight; Chittagong six; Dibrugarh five, Dinajpur four; Silchar, Narayanganj, Gaya and Darjeeling three each; Purnea two; Tejpur, Saugor Island, Mymensingh, Naya Domka, Shillong, Barisal, Patna and Dharbanga one and a half each; Sibsagar, Dhubri and Chaibasa one each; Benares two; Allahabad and Gorakhpur one and a half each; Dalhousie one; Mahableshwar one and a half; Madura one.

Forecast: Rainfall will continue widespread in Bihar, Bengal and Assam and increase in Upper Burma. Local falls of rain will also occur in United Provinces, Chota Nagpur and South Madras.

Heavy rainfall warning. Locally heavy rain will continue in East and North Bengal and Assam during next fortyeight hours.

Summary of the monsoon forecast for August and September, 1935. The known factors do not give definite indications this year and all that can be said is that the monsoon and rainfall of August and September will not be less than 84 per cent of the average in Peninsula or less than 84 per cent of the average in Peninsula or less than 80 per cent of the average in North West India.—A.P.

HEAVY RAIN DAMAGES CROPS

WARDHA, August 9.

It is reported that on account of heavy rainfall in the district crops in several places have been damaged. The rainfall in the district is by now 33 inches which is much higher for the corresponding period of the last year. Damage to property is also reported. —United Press.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 9-8-1935.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.035 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a. m. 80.0 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.1 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 86.2 degrees 1.4 (above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 75.4 degrees 0.7 (below normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 82 per cent

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 18 miles per hour

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 9-8-35

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 81.8deg F, a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.96 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.75 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

RAINFALL REPORT

The following table shows the rainfall during the 24 hours ending 8 a. m. to-day :—

	For the last 24 hours	From June to date	Total same period last year
	in.	in	in.
Colaba ..	0.01	52.60	59.37
St. George's Hospital ..	0.00	83.58	76.6
J. J. Hospital ..	0.11	64.83	65.42
Matunga ..	0.35	62.29	66.30

Departure from Normal +5.55 in.

Heavy Toll Of Cholera

Over 70 p. c. Increase In Casualties In Presidency, Last Week

The health conditions in the Bombay Presidency for the week ended 3rd August, were as under:—

Cholera:—The presidency cholera figures for the week were 1,054 attacks and 444 deaths against 640 attacks and 255 deaths in the previous week. Bijapur district reported 479 attacks and 190 deaths against 304-114 in the previous week Nasik 244-112 against 109-44; Sholapur 147-70 against 117-49; Belgaum 48-17 against 50-19; Ahmednagar 46-15 against 7-5; Thana 39-22 against 25-11, Satara 21-5 against 8-4; East Khandesh 7-2 against 9-3; West Khandesh 3-1 against nil; Poona 2-0 against 2-1; Bombay Suburban 1-0 against 3-1; Sukkur 12-8 against nil; Dadu 2-1 against nil; Larkana 1-1 against 4-3 and Bombay city 2-0 against 2-1.

Cholera is on the rise in Bijapur, Nasik and Sholapur districts. The usual preventive measures are being vigorously adopted in them by the District Local Boards concerned as well as by the officials of the Revenue and Public Health Department.

PLAGUE.

In the presidency 22 attacks and 11 deaths from plague were recorded as against 38 attacks and 22 deaths in the previous week. Sholapur district reported 11 attacks and 6 deaths against 34-20; Satara 8-2 against nil; Kanara 2-2 against nil and Dharwar 1-1 against nil.

SMALL-POX.

Small-pox figures for the week are:—Kanara 92 attacks and 22 deaths; Belgaum 60-9; Satara 33-2; Ahmednagar 28-5; Bombay Suburban 24-2; Bijapur 23-8; Kolaba 22-3; East Khandesh 21-7; Nasik 19-3; West Khandesh 18-4; Thana 13-5; Ratnagiri 11-2; Poona 6-2; Sholapur 6-0; Panch Mahals 5-2; Dharwar 4-1; Surat 3-2; Ahmedabad 1-0; Kaira 0-2; Larkana 2-1; Nawabshah 5-0; Karachi 1-1; Hyderabad 2-1 and Bombay city 20-10. Total 419 attacks and 94 deaths against 622-113 in the previous week.

CEREBRO-SPINAL FEVER.

3 attacks and 2 deaths from cerebro-spinal fever were recorded in the presidency during the week against 11 attacks and 7 deaths in the previous week. Poona city reported 1 attack and 1 death; Larkana 1-0 and Bombay city 1-1.

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WILL GIVE YOUTHFUL ENTHUSIASM AND VIVACITY

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WIMCO WORKERS STRIKE

Nearly Thousand Down Tools

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, Aug. 9.

A strike has been declared in the Western India Match Factory at Ambernath. Out of the thousand operatives, about 950 have downed tools yesterday.

The strikers demand that nine employees who were dismissed by the management should be reinstated. The strike continued to-day.

A police party from Kalyan and Thana head-quarters has been sent to Ambernath to watch the situation.

At a meeting of the strikers held this morning Messrs. S. V. Parulekar and Y. K. Godse exhorted the match factory operatives to hold on till their demands to reinstate the nine employees along with Mahomed Bira were conceded by the management. They were told that the workers need not starve during the present strike, if it continued, as the reserve fund of the strike committee amounted to Rs. 550.

Mr. J. H. Hammond, Deputy Superintendent of Thana District Police, and Inspector S. B. Sawant visited Ambernath to-day.

LAST STRIKE RECALLED.

It will be recalled that the last strike in the Western India Match Factory at Ambernath, which commenced on January 16, 1935, came to an end within a month resulting in the victory of the strikers due to the wise lead and able guidance of Mr. S. V. Parulekar, a Bombay Labour leader, and a life member of the Servants of India Society. Sec. 144 of the Criminal Procedure Code was promulgated at Ambernath on February 6 for a period of two months. For distributing leaflets on February 27, Mr. Parulekar was recently fined Rs. 200 by the Resident Magistrate of Kalyan. The strike in the Dharamshi Morarji Chemical Mills, which started on January 26, 1935, also came to a successful termination due to the efforts of Mr. Parulekar.

ALLEGED ATTEMPT AT MURDER

Ganpat Bala, a middle-aged Hindu, was committed on Friday by Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla at the Esplanade Police Court, Bombay, to stand his trial at the Criminal Sessions of the Bombay High Court, on the charge of attempting to murder Tanoobai Keshav by means of a knife on May 4 last.

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Alembic TOOTH PASTE
PACKED IN PURE TIN TUBES
ALEMBIC CHEMICALS
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Cuticura Talcum is absolutely pure and is specially medicated with balsamic essential oils. It absorbs perspiration soothes and cools hot, inflamed skin where chafing has occurred. Because of its unusual fineness Cuticura Talcum smoothes more evenly over the skin so that its effect is more lasting.

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EQUAL TO A FINE LIQUEUR

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West Afraid Of Pan-Asianism?

Counterblast To Talk Of "White Peril"

"BLACK DRAGON SOCIETY'S" RENEWED ACTIVITY UPSETS EUROPEAN POLITICIANS

LONDON, July 26.
(By Air Mail).

Capt. M. D. Kennedy, ex-official of the Far Eastern Section of the War Office, writes as under in the "Evening Standard":—

The Black Dragon Society is in the news again. Its veteran leader, the white-haired bearded Mitmuru Toyama, has cabled to the Ethiopian Foreign Minister urging him to maintain the independence of his country, and members of the Black Dragon Society have urged Japanese Ministers to take measures to settle the Italo-Abyssinian conflict.

This indicates that the Society has now definitely extended its battle cry of 'Asia for the Asiatic' to include all the coloured races.

The Black Dragon Society is of of comparatively recent origin. Its picturesque title is derived from the River Amur, which in Japanese is rendered Kokuyuke, meaning Black Dragon River. The Society's name explains the object of which it was originally formed. This was to drive the Russians back to the far side of the Amur, the river which borders Manchuria on the north.

POSITIVE POLICY

The Black Dragon Society is believed to have played an important part in bringing Russo-Japanese tension to a head in 1904 and in precipitating the Manchurian crisis in 1931.

Certain it is that Toyma and his followers have always been strong advocates of a forward, or as the Japanese like to call it, a positive policy, a policy that has always entailed the most bitter denunciations of any Japanese statesmen considered guilty of "weak-kneed diplomacy."

Since the opening of this century one Japanese statesman after another has fallen victim to political assassination at the hands of misguided patriots connected directly or indirectly with the Black Dragon Society and its octogenarian leader.

INCREDIBLE BUT TRUE

It may be seem incredible that such an organisation should be allowed to exist in an up-to-date enterprising country like Japan where, except for unpopular statesmen and politicians, safety of life and property is as well assured as in England. The explanation is that the word "patriotism" has come to exert an almost hypnotic spell on every true Japanese. If an assassin declares that he was moved by patriotic motives to carry out a crime and shows his willingness to expiate his offence by self-immolation or by capital punishment he is hailed as a hero by most of his countrymen

It is for this reason that crimes of violence can be committed so frequently without any action being taken either against the Black Dragon Society or its leader, Mitmuru Toyma.

It is not only to support a strong foreign policy that this society exists. It aims also to keep alive the traditional policy of Old Japan, the spirit of loyalty and patriotism. The society, in fact, is a dying relic of the feudal days which came to an end as recently as 1873 when feudalism was abolished in Japan. The feudalistic aspect is seen in the attitude adopted by Toyama and his henchmen towards political refugees from other countries.

Under the old Japanese feudal system the Samurai who for crime or other reasons had been expelled from his own clan could place himself under the protection of some other feudal lord.

Toyma is in effect carrying on this old tradition, for a political refugee from another country who throws himself on the mercy of the leader of the Black Dragon Society is given protection without question. To protect him. Toyma does not hesitate to defy his own or any foreign Government that seeks to secure the exile.

TOYMA & R. B. GHOSE

Political refugees from China, seditionists from India, and malcontents from the Philippines, the Dutch Indies, Annam and other countries flock to him for succour and protection. Not only do they receive it, but often they contrive to enlist his active support against the governments of the western powers from whom they have escaped.

A notorious example is that of the Indian seditionist, Rash Bihari Ghose, who, after India had become too hot for him, fled to Japan in 1916 and got in touch with Sun Yat Sen, the first president of the Chinese Republic, then hiding in Japan from his political enemies. Sun Yat Sen, on hearing Ghose's story, introduced him to Toyma who took him under his protection and hid him until the search instituted by the Japanese police at the request of the Indian Government had been relaxed.

Meanwhiile, Toyma had arranged for him to marry the daughter of one of his followers and had induced the Japanese father-in-law to adopt Ghose as his own son, a not uncommon practice in Japan. Ghose automatically became a Japanese subject and was no longer subject to British law while he remained in Japan.

He has stayed there ever since, and from his headquarters in Tokio he stumps Japan, speaking in the most virulent terms against British rule in India and seeking to further Japan's Asiatic movements.

Propaganda in favour of Pan-Asia, with the slogan of "Asia for the Asiatic", was instigated by Ghose and the Black Dragon Society at the time of Japan's dispute with the League of Nations over Manchuria. The same propaganda was active at the time of the Anglo-Japanese trade dispute over India in 1933.

"A DANGEROUS FACTOR"

At the moment it is relatively quiescent, but circumstances might arise in which Pan-Asianism could become dangerous factor in stirring up Japanese national sentiments against the white races.

Japanese advocates of Pan-Asianism denounce what they call the "White Peril" as a counterblast to the talk in Western countries of the "Yellow Peril." It is fear of the "White Peril" that has led Toyma and his followers to take up the struggle in defence of Abyssinia against what they regard as "white aggression" by Italy.

POISONING BY SNAKE VENOM

Strange Case Reported From Cooch Behar

COOCH BEHAR, (By Mail).

Mr. M. Safiuddin, the gunman of the Cooch Behar Palace, recently went to his father-in-law's house where he took thickly boiled milk and its cream along with other delicacies. After a while he felt drowsy and fell seriously ill, but none could ascertain the cause of it.

In the meantime one of the cows that had been taken to the field after having been milked fell dead there from the effects of snake bite. Then everything was clear and an Ojha was called in and applied all his methods of healing in order to get the patient cured. Mr. Safiuddin is now all right.

The other members of the family also drank the milk and suffered more or less in consequence, but the gunman, being the son-in-law, partook of the major and more substantial portion of it and was, therefore, the worst sufferer.—A.P.

RURAL UPLIFT IN BENGAL

Finance Member To Bring Govt. Scheme Before Council

CALCUTTA, Aug. 8.

Two special motions will come up for discussion by the Bengal Legislative Council on August 14 and 15 next—one by Mr. R. N. Reid, Home Member, who will move for the consideration of the Report of the Provincial Delimitation Committee and the other by Sir John Woodhead, Finance Member, who will ask the House to approve the scheme of Rural Uplift, on which the Bengal Government proposes to spend sixteen lakhs of rupees allocated to it, by the Government of India out of the one crore of rupees set apart in the budget for rural uplift all over India.—United Press.

Mysore Dasara Exhibition 1935

28th SEPTEMBER TO 12th OCTOBER, 1935

NOTE. The unique feature of this Exhibition will be the participation of Government of India Posts and Telegraphs Department with their interesting and instructive exhibits. A number of JAPANESE firms will be participating in this Exhibition for the first time.

An illustrated Handbook and Guide to the Exhibition will be published a week before the opening day of the Exhibition. It is not only a guide to the Exhibition, but also a book of reference containing many articles on Education, Agriculture and Industries and will have wide circulation.

The Rates of Advertisements are as follows:—
One Full Page .. Rs. 30-0-0 on ordinary paper.
„ .. Rs. 35-0-0 on art paper.
Half Page ..... Rs. 17-8-0 on ordinary paper.
Quarter Page .... Rs. 10-0-0 Do.
Line advertisement Rs. 1-4-0 per line.
All the cover pages have already been taken up.

Book your advertisements early and send the advertisement matter together with the charges to the Secretary, Mysore Dasara Exhibition Committee, Government Soap Factory, Bangalore. The last date for booking stalls is 28th August, 1935 and intending exhibitors are requested to apply early to avoid disappointment.

Mr. S.S. RAJAN, Advertising Consultant, "Shahibag House" Ballard Estate, Bombay, is one of the Agents authorised to canvass advertisements for the Dasara Exhibition Handbook 1935. For further particulars regarding Stall Rent, etc., apply to the:—

SECRETARY,
Mysore Dasara Exhibition Committee, Government Soap Factory, Bangalore.

HELP TO PARSI STUDENTS TO PROSECUTE HIGHER STUDIES

Charity Trusts Combine To Evolve Co-ordination Scheme

With a view to bring about co-ordination of help given to Parsi students for higher education in foreign countries, at the request of some of the Parsi Charity Trust, a meeting, to which representatives of 17 Parsi Charity Trusts giving help for studies abroad were invited, was held under the auspices of the Trustees of the Parsi Punchayat of Bombay, on 5th inst.; when the representatives of 10 Charity Trusts were present:—

Mr. M. P. Khareghat occupied the Chair. The following business was then transacted:—

STUDENTS STUDYING ABROAD.

The members were informed that from the particulars collected from the various Parsi Charity Trusts concerned it has been found that at present there are about 65 Parsi students, who have been sanctioned help from about 13 Charity Trusts, amounting approximately to Rs. 468,996. (The information about the amount is however incomplete).

If it is computed that each student incurs an expenditure of about Rs. 4,000 annually, (inclusive of steamer fare and tuition fees), a sum of about Rs. 260,000 is spent per annum by Parsi Charity Trusts and donors on the higher education of Parsi students outside India.

The courses followed by the above 65 students are as follows:

Electrical, Mechanical and Civil Engineering and Technological studies, 15; Aviation, 11; Medical studies 8; Pedagogy, teachers' diploma, etc. 9; Pure Science 4; Ph.D. Degree in Aeronautics, Philosophy, Geography, Plant, Biology, etc. 4; Accountancy and Actuarial Science 6; I.C.S. and B.Sc., etc. 8.

The need of co-operation between funds and co-ordination of help was felt by all the representatives present at the meeting, and it was stated that the students would benefit by not having to go from fund to fund trying to collect their total requirements. Emphasis was, however, laid on the subject of selecting really brilliant students for specific studies decided upon by the Charity Trusts and endowing a certain number of studentships for such studies, so that when the students returned home after receiving higher education, they might prove of some definite use and advantage to the community and country. It was suggested that a certain portion of the funds given for education abroad may be set apart for such specific studies, and applications invited from first-rate men to compete for them.

REPRESENTATION OF PROFESSIONAL TALENT.

It was proposed that professional talent may be represented on the Investigation Sub-Committee in order to recommend deserving students for help and suggest specific course of study in scientific, technical or other subjects, which may be considered useful, and advantageous and which may offer better prospects of employment for the students on their return home after acquiring the necessary knowledge and qualifications.

With a view to draw up a scheme on the above lines a Sub-Committee consisting of the following gentlemen with power to co-opt was appointed:—Mr. M. P. Khareghat; Hon. Sir Pheroze C. Sethna; Sir Shapoorji B. Bilimoria; Mr. R. P. Masani; Mr. Fardunji M. Dastur; Mr. Jehangir H. Cama; Mr. Merwanji K. Sett; Mr. Fakirji E. Bharucha, and Mr. P. P. Mistri.

On receipt of the draft scheme, the question of a standard application form, the fixing of a centre for inviting applications, the arrangement of regular payment of the periodic instalments to students, and the distribution of students to the co-operating and other funds according to their quota of help will be further considered.

BAN ON TULSI PLANT REMOVED

Sequel To Discontent Among Staff Of Freelandganj Colony

(From Our Correspondent.)
DOHAD, (By Mail.)

The ban on planting Tulsi (Religious) plant in the compound of the quarters of the B.B. & C.I. Ry., employees promulgated by the local authorities has been telegraphically cancelled by the higher authorities. Great sensation was created by this queer order, and it is due to grave discontent among the staff of Freelandgunj Colony, that the orders have been cancelled.

RESCUED GIRL BUT HIMSELF DROWNED

GAUHATI, Aug. 7.

In trying to save an 8-year-old Bengali girl from being drowned Rewauddin Ahmed, aged 50, Head Clerk of the Shelang Tea Estate lost his life. Ahmed saw the girl falling into the river Jhanzi, then in high flood, jumped after her and saved her but unfortunately he himself was drowned.

In recognition of this brave deed a memorial fund to help his family has been started.—United Press.

WORLD TOUR ON FOOT

KARACHI, AUGUST 6.

Two young men named Mr. Mattew Camps and Mr. A. Richmond, left Karachi on a world tour on foot. They carried very light luggage and were unarmed. Their present plan is to tour India first and reach the Table Mountains,

The globe-trotters are reported to be chiefly interested in studying habits and customs of the rural inhabitants of the whole world.—United Press.

NERVE PAIN NEGLECT MAY LEAD TO NERVOUS BREAKDOWN

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Police Invade Dacca Court Room

Counsel In Bhowal Sannyasi Case Takes Serious Objection To Their Presence

DACCA, Aug. 5.

When a defence witness was being cross-examined by Mr. B. C. Chatterjee in the Bhowal sannyasi case to-day four policemen suddenly entered the court room.

Mr. Chatterjee expressed surprise at the sight of the policemen and enquired why they had come.

The Judge said that he knew nothing as he had not requisitioned them.

A lawyer for the defendants said that a few days ago, when certain defence witnesses left the court room, they were mobbed on the verandah.

The Court said that no such incident had ever been brought to his notice.

Mr. Chatterjee said that if policemen remained in the court room without being requisitioned by the Judge he would not be able to carry on and would therefore leave it.

Thereupon the Court said that he would not ask the policemen to go away simply because counsel would not proceed with the case.

GROSS CONTEMPT OF COURT.

Mr. Chatterjee said that this case was going on for a long time very smoothly and at this stage, if policemen suddenly came in, he himself would get frightened. When policemen came to the court room without being requisitioned by the Judge it amounted to gross contempt of court. The Judge said that he would write to the authorities and enquire why policemen had been sent to his court room.

Thereafter the Judge mentioned Mr. Chatterjee's petition for contempt of court alleged to have been committed by Mr. Charles Hardless, a handwriting expert, who had been examined by defendants. He said that he had gone through the advertisement published by Mr. Hardless in his journal in which it was mentioned that he had been requisitioned by the Government in favour of the defendants, but Mr. A. N. Chaudhuri had said nothing as yet in reply to Mr. Chatterjee's petition.

Mr. Chaudhuri said that he thought that the Judge would ask him to express an opinion when necessary.

The Judge remarked that he had read Mr. Chaudhuri's testimonial in which he mentioned that Mr. Hardless' evidence was cogent and convincing.

Mr. Chaudhuri said that, when he gave the testimonial he did not know that Mr. Hardless would publish it.

NO LIGHT MATTER.

The Court said that the matter should not be treated lightly as Mr. Hardless had even sent him a copy of the journal. If Mr. Hardless had not published the testimonial he might not proceed against him.

Mr Chaudhuri said that he would write to Mr. Hardless in this connection. He added that Mr. Chatterjee had obtained the letter from a high official and broadcast it, whereupon Mr. Chatterjee exclaimed, 'What is he sasying? Would he say it over again so that I may take it down?" Thereupon Mr. Chaudhuri kept quiet.

Mr. Chatterjee then said that he expected that Mr. Hardless would apologise to the Court for having published his advertisement and Mr. Chaudhuri's testimonial.—A. P.

CONDITION OF WORKERS IN HOTELS

Servants Of India Society's Questionnaire

The Servants of India Society have issued the following questionnaire in connection with Mr. R. R. Bhakle's Shop Employee's Protection Bill before the Bombay Council:—

WARD OR LOCALITY.—(1) Name of the Hotel or Restaurant; (2) Name of the Worker.

EMIGRATION:—(1) What circumstances compelled emigration? (2) Place from which emigrated; (3) Year of Emigration; (4) Family occupation in the village; (5) Description of family members; (6) Number of earning members in the family; (7) Describe the nature of work and earning; (8) If agriculture, state whether owns land or cultivates as tenant.

CONDITIONS OF WORK:—(1) When do they start work? (2) When do they stop work? (3) Whether there is any interval of rest; (4) Method of recruitment; (5) Holidays; (6) Holidays with pay or without pay; (7) Fines; (8) Treatment; (9) General Complaints; (10) Assault or any other punishment; (11) Security of service; (2) Dismissals.

FOOD:—(1) Are meals provided? (2) Whether sufficient food given or does he take food outside?

HOUSING CONDITIONS:—(1) Whether he sleeps in the premises or rents private (voluntarily or compulsarily); (2) Description of locality in which the house is situated; (3) Description of houses with reference to walls, windows, etc.; (4) Are the houses in dilapidated condition? (5) Ventilation and sanitation; (6) Arrangement for bath-rooms and latrines; (7) If over-crowding, reasons; (8) Effect of over-crowding on children.

WAGES:—(1) Wages and Earnings. (Whether tips are paid); (2) Cut in Wages; (3) If cut, on what plea? (4) When are the wages paid! (5) Whether the payment is monthly or fortnightly?

AGE:—(1) Age of the worker.

EDUCUATION:—(1) What education? (2) Reasons for stopping education.

RECREATIONS:—(1) Whether gets time for healthy recreations; (2) Conditions of health (Describe health).

CONDITION OF WORKING PLACE:—(1) Hygienic condition of place.

Life Stories of Some Boys and Increase or decrease in the number of hotels.

Chief Engineer's House Burgled

CALCUTTA, August 8

A big theft of jewellery worth Rs. 10,000 occurred in the house, on Park Street, of Mr. B. N. De, Chief Engineer of the Calcutta Corporation.

Two arrests have been made in this connection but no property has been recovered.—United Press.

LORRY OVERTURNS NEAR DEHRA DUN

Lala Chabildas Sustains Fracture Of Legs

LAHORE, Aug. 8.

Information has been received here of a serious accident met by Lala Chabildas, a prominent member of the Servants of the People Society yesterday near Dehra Dun.

It is stated that on receipt of an urgent call from Lahore, Lala Chabildas with his family left Dehra Dun in a lorry for Sahranpur, with a view to catch the Calcutta Mail there for Lahore.

Hardly had the lorry proceeded a few miles than it overturned and Chabildas got both his legs badly fractured. His condition is precarious. He has been removed to the Dehra Dun hospital.

Mr. Devraj Sethi and Acharya Ramdev have left for Dehra Dun by the morning train on receipt of the information.—United Press.

S. I. CHAMBERS' PARTY TO COMMERCE MEMBER

MADRAS, Aug. 8.

The Southern India Chamber of Commerce gave a tea party this evening at the premises of the Chamber to meet Sir Mahomed Zafrullah Khan, Commerce Member of the Government of India.

The Chamber took the opportunity to discuss with him several matters concerning railway administration, and trade agreement with foreign countries.

Sir Zafrullah Khan left for Secunderabad to-night 'en-route' to Delhi.—A. P.

DELIMITATION OF SEATS IN U. P.

Conference To Place Proposals Before Hammond Committee

LUCKNOW, Aug. 8.

The proposals of delimitation of constituencies in the United Provinces under the new Constitution were contained in a memorandum issued to-day by the United Provinces Government.

The Government have considered the general principles already laid down in the White Paper and the new India Act and have accordingly chalked out its own scheme of rural and urban representation. It is suggested that there should be 26 Urban seats (13 General and 13 Muslims) and that only towns with a population of above 25,000 should be grouped under the head "Urban." There are 35 such towns in the United Provinces.

A representative conference has been called which is expected to conclude its labours within a week. The final proposals will be placed before the Hammond Committee, when it visits the United Provinces in October next.—United Press.

NEW PARTY FOR SIND

Will Work Reforms On Non-Communal Basis

KARACHI, (By Mail).

A non-communal, non-religious, and non-sectional political organisation called the "Sind Progressive Party" which considers nationally minded persons, has been formed, on the eve of Sind Separation ready to work the Reforms. The sponsor of this move, Mr. Durgadas B. Advani, President, Sindh National League and ex-M.L.C. on their behalf has formulated their programme and policy which are contained in their official statement:—

NEED FOR NEW PARTY

"The need of the Progressive Party in Sind is very great. Work on purely communal lines will not yield us the best results. We will not be able to make much progress. Communalism, however, enlightened does not lead to nationalism. On the contrary, it opposes nationalism at every point. Next to the Punjab and Bengal, the communal problem in Sind is very serious. We are of opinion that it is easier of solution in Sind than in any other province, and it is our fervent hope that we shall be the first in India to solve it satisfactorily and giving a lead to the whole country. The altered position of the communities in Sind requires very careful handling. Their co-operation in running the Governmental machinery of the Province for the benefit of Sind, is very essential. The majority community should be identified as the Government and for the fruitful co-operation of the Government and the governed, the Muslims should show their liberal-mindedness by joining their hands with the Hindus and other minor communities. We cannot afford to be communally divided. There is a greatest common measure, even on the basis of sacrifice and self-surrender, upon which all sincere and devoted lovers of Sind can take their stand; and that common measure is the advancement of our backward province, politically and economically.

"However defective the New Constitution may be it will be worked for what it is worth. The Progressive Party which is composed of nationalists, who have interests of the country at heart, will contest to prevent the Legislature from falling into the hands of 'Jo-hukums" rank communists and re-actionaries. The country's battle for reform and real freedom will be fought from inside the council and at the same time no occasion will be lost to use it for the benefit of the Province.

PARTY'S PROGRAMME

The Party will start its work on the following lines:—

(1) To organise political work in the Province so as to bring it in line with other provinces.

(2) To take purely national view in all matters affecting Sind.

(3) To work for the preservation of peace and cordial relations between the various communities; and to bring about political unity for the final solution of communal problem.

(4) To work for the social, educational, economic uplift of the poor by organising them and giving their interests a prominent place in the Party's activities.

(5) To protect and promote Indian interests and to organise economic life with a view to the development of the wealth of the Province.

The first meeting of the Progressive Party, it is further understood, has been called in the third week of this month when the detailed programme will be chalked out. A kind of Parliamentary Board will probably be created."—United Press.

GROSS CUSTOMS REVENUE

July Figures Show Income Of Rs. 435 Lakhs

CALCUTTA, Aug. 8.

According to the returns received by the Department of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, the grand total of the gross India Sea and Land Customs Revenue, collected in July last amounted to Rs. 435 lakhs as against Rs. 404 lakhs in the preceding month and Rs. 387 lakhs in July 1934.

Increases are noticeable under the Import duties on cotton, tobacco, machinery and metals other than iron, steel, oil, liquors, silver, railway plant, rolling stock, paper and stationery, while receipts on silk fabricks, sugar, cotton hosiery, shoes, kerosene oil showed decreases.—United Press.

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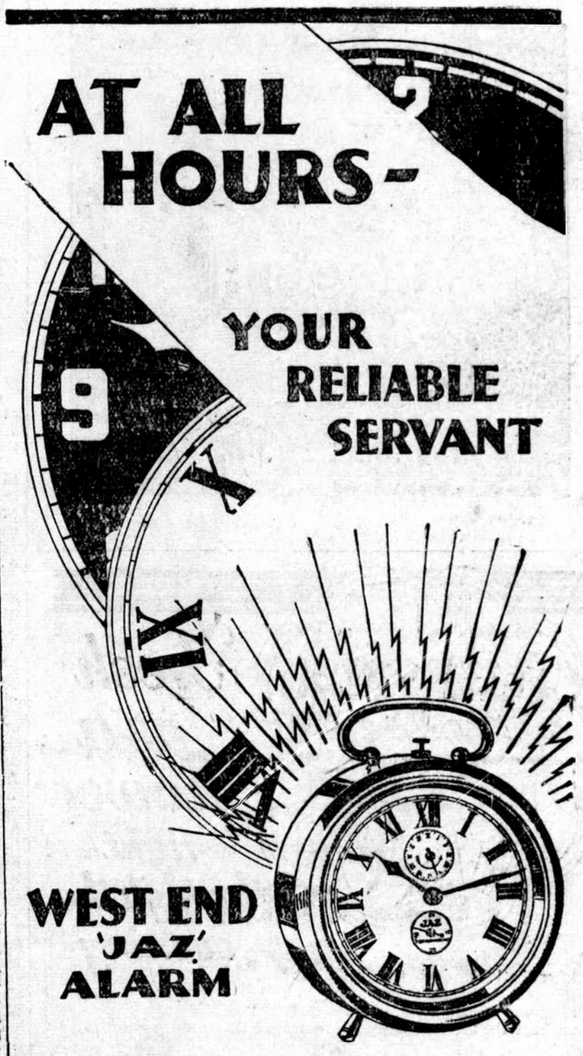

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Communalism, No Proof Of India's Unfitness

"British Flag Could Never Eradicate The Evil"

It is only right to emphasise that the recent riots in Lahore have their root in the same evil as the riots in Belfast. In the Punjab as in Northern Ireland we see two rival communities restricted by their religion from inter-marriage, cherishing in the name of "religion" the memory of ancient wrongs, hating, fearing suspecting, provoking, and insulting each other in the name of "religion", each ready to go to the uttermost limit in insisting on its rights or advertising its wrongs. In the Punjab as in Ulster this communal attitude of mind is not the normal attitude of mind of the average individual. It appears chiefly in mobs excited by mischief-makers who for their purposes play on them through the word "religion."

BRITAIN BLAMED FOR COMMUNALISM

Some stout Conservatives will argue that these riots are striking evidence of the unfitness of India for the self-government which Parliament is thrusting on her. Indeed, there is here food for thought. Two years hence a Punjab Cabinet responsible to a Punjab Legislature will be required to maintain law and order in the Punjab. There will be something approaching to a permanent Moslem majority in that Legislature, and it may insist on a Moslem Cabinet. To enforce order that Cabinet must in time of extremity rely on troops, Indian or British. Perhaps, after all, it need not be a matter for regret to Indians that for some years to come British as well as Indian troops will be available for unpleasant duties, and that a Governor unattached to any community or party may intervene should public confidence be dangerously shaken. Yet we may doubt whether the Governor's power to intervene in such cases will be an unmixed blessing, and certainly the existence of communal ill-feeling is no proof of India's permanent unfitness for self-government. Rather it proves that the British flag could never eradicate this deadly evil. An arbitrary despotism, caring only for its own power without regard to justice, could make the evil inconspicuous. But the British flag, seeking to do justice to all parties and to keep the peace between them, yet not daring to trust them with the powers and responsibilities of grown men, has made it easy for childish hatreds, jealousies, and suspicions to survive and gather strength. Self-government will force the men of all communities to think and act like responsible adults and to find among themselves a way of living together. There will be difficulties and tension at the start, but in time men will learn their lesson.

SAFEGUARDS & MODERATES.

Who lives will see. For better or for worse, the House of Lords, which yesterday began the third reading of the bill, should this week complete the long Parliamentary process prescribed for the production of an All-India Constitution. The finished article is not viewed with much favour by any party in India. That is mainly because effective British control appears to be maintained through the safeguards and because the conservative elements in India have been given a strongly entrenched position in the new institutions. These decisions have annoyed our old allies the Moderates more than our old antagonists the Congressmen. The Moderates have now nothing to do but to be critical. The Congressmen feel that there is work before them, since the new institutions offer them new opportunities and new powers. Surely the Congressmen are right in taking this realistic view of the situation instead of troubling about "might have beens." Evidently the new Constitution does not give full self-government. Nevertheless it does give a considerable measure of self-government, and if Indians play their cards wisely it may bring full self-government—which is what India means by Dominion Status—much sooner than extreme British or Indian politicians expect. As to the immediate task before India's statesmen, there can be no doubt about it. Lahore has proclaimed from the housetops what was already no secret. It is to work provincial self-government in such a way that Indian communities shall no longer feel tempted to invite the arbitrament of force or of a foreign ruler. That end is not likely to be achieved by any political tactics or by juggling with franchises and constituencies. The one thing needful is to teach all simple folk to feel a holy horror of those who use the name of religion as an excuse for provoking and insulting their neighbours. That is the first task of statesmen in a self-governing State. It has still to be begun in India. It is not yet completed in Ulster.—The "Manchester Guardian."

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States People Not Satisfied By Wardha Decision

Demand Clear Statement Of Policy Towards Their Representation In Federal Assembly

Sjt. Balwantray Mehta and Sjt. Mani Shanker Trivedi General Secretaries of the Indian States' people's Conference have issued the following statement for publication in the Press:—

We refrain from making a detailed examination of the statement of policy made by the Working Committee of the Congress on the problem of states. We also do not wish to state at this stage our views on the recent letter of Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai expressing his agreement with the views of the Congress Working Committee. Pending the fuller examination of both the statement and the letter by the Working Committee of the Indian States' Peoples' Conference, we should like to touch one or two fundamental issues implicit in this latest declaration of policy.

We feel that both the Working Committee of the Congress and Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai have failed to meet the desire of the people of the states for an explicit declaration of the Congress Policy regarding the representation of the people of the states in the future Federal Legislature.

We have never asked the Congress to suggest amendments in the India Bill as it exists. We have rejected the same as unceremoniously as has been done by the Congress. What we want to know is simple enough. Let the Congress Working Committee declare its intentions regarding the representation of the People of the States in the future Federal Legislature.

Bhulabhai's Speech.

Sjt. Bhulabhai wishes us to end the controversy that is raging round his opinion and his speech. May we respectfully suggest to Sjt. Bhulabhai that the questions he has raised, both in insisting on the deletion of the words "Subjects of the Indian states' from the India Bill and on the right of the Princes (not subjects) being represented on the Federal Legislature, have not been answered either by the Working Committee or by himself in his latest letter?

The People of the States want to know, and they will not be satisfied till they succeed in their desire, if the Congress stands to-day for the embodiment of Federal rights for the citizens of Indian States, with a guarantee for their protection through the agency of the Federal Court and for the provision of popular representation from the states in the Federal Legislature.

Mahatma's Assurance.

We do not think, we are revealing a secret, when we say that Mahatma Gandhi, the sole representative of the Congress for the R.T.C., assured the workers for the cause of the people of the States at Karachi, and maintained the same in his speeches at the R.T.C. that the Congress was not going to be satisfied with any constitution which did not provide for the fundamental rights of citizenship for the States' people with a right of representation on the Federal Legislature.

The assurance of Mahatmaji was held as sacred by us and we were working in the firm faith that Mahatmaji's assurances were binding on the Congress, till we received a rude shock from Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai.

COMMITTEE'S DUTY.

Now that this assurance is shattered by no less a person than the leader of the Congress party in the Assembly, it is incumbent on the Working Committee of the Congress to reassure the People of the states, whose faith requires to be very much strengthened under the prevailing provoking circumstances, by incorporating these assurances in the resolutions of the Congress bodies. Nothing less than this is due to the People of the States whose patience is sorely tried in recent times.

Let the Working Committee of the Congress, or failing that the A. I. C.-C. as also Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai, declare that they stand by the assurances given by Mahatma Gandhi, and let them embody these assurances in the resolutions of the Congress.

STATES SUBJECTS' DEMANDS.

Let the Vongress say explicitly that no Constitution is going to be acceptable to itself that do not incorporate these minimum demands of the People of the States. Let it declare that the assurances given by Mahatmaji are as sacred to itself as they are to the People of the States. Let the Working Committee not take shelter behind the rebulous Constituent Assembly whose Composition is not defined and whose scope and functions are yet in the air. What is expected of the leaders of the Congress is a very clear and definite answer to this and then they will be able to ensure the cessation of a controvesy, which is not pleasant to the workers of the States.

FREIGHTS FOR ALL CLASSES OF GOODS MUST BE REDUCED

Indian Commerce Chambers' Note To Railway Conference Association

CALCUTTA, Aug. 7.

The following note has been submitted by Mr. D. P. Khaitan and Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbhai, representatives of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, at the meeting of the Indian Railway Conference Association recently held at Delhi:

Both in the interests of the Indian Railways and the country as a whole it is necessary that the Railways should so fix the rates that the movement of goods, particularly agricultural goods, both over long and short distance, internally, will be facilitated.

To get more traffic for revenue it is necessary to have lower rates for short distance traffic to meet road competition.

Time and again the development of a particular trade has been hindered, because while two sections (or two railways) over which the traffic has to pass are willing to quote a special rate, third Railway is not prepared to fall in line. We, therefore, press that when the traffic is carried on more than two systems quote a particular rate, the remaining systems should also agree thereto.

"REDUCE THEM"

There cannot be any very great increase in the volume of traffic carried by Railways unless the country export enough quantity of goods to be able to pay for the imports. It is, therefore, necessary that freights for all classes of goods moving from the interior towards the ports should be considerably reduced.

The rate should have some relation with the value of goods carried. All the traffic must be carried at Railway Risk, as it is the practice in the world. This is very practicable in view of the fact that the Railway Authorities have been able to check considerably the leakage and shortage, which was a common feature in the post-war period. Even if it be considered not to be a feasible proposition to carry all the traffic at the Railway Risk, unless the Railway Risk Rates have a bearing to the actual risk involved, the Railways are unnecessarily losing the revenues they would derive from such rates as people are forced to make use of the Owners Rates which is undesirable.

TERMINAL CHARGES.

Terminal charges should not exceed the cost of services rendered. The use of siding should be encouraged and the assisted siding terms should be made more liberal and siding charges should be calculated on the basis of adding the siding distance to the distance over which the goods are carried.

Correct quotation of rates should be furnished to merchants within 24 hours and if arrangements cannot be made at every station to give this information, it should at least be made at every divisional station.—United Press.

The Examinations qualifying for the appointment of "Accounts Clerks" and "Local Fund Accountants" for District Local Boards will be held on Monday, the 21st October, 1935, at 11 a.m. (S.T.), and on the two subsequent days at the following places:—Poona (at the office of the Commissioner, Central Division); Ahmedabad (at the office of the Commissioner, Northern Division); Belgaum (at the office of the Commissioner, Southern Division); and Karachi (at such place as the Secretary, Local Committee for Departmental Examinations in Sind may notify in the "Sind Official Gazette").

PRINCES AND FEDERATION

Mr. Walter Menckton's Mission To India

LONDON, July 30.
(By Air Mail).

Mr. Walter Menckton, K.C., Attorney-General to H. R. H. the Prince of Wales proposes to fly to India on August 6.

Mr. Menckton has been engaged to advise the Nizam of Hyderabad on the legal implications of his State joining the Federation. It is understood that his present visit is connected with the preparations of the documents necessary for that purpose. It is possible that the two other big Indian Princes will avail themselves of his services during his forthcoming visit to India. He will naturally call on the Governor-General and discuss matters with the authorities in Simla.

The earliest date on which Federation may come into operation according to most optimistic calculations in Whitehall is the autumn of 1937.

Assurances of help, in this connection, have, it is understood, been given by or on behalf of some of the leading Indian Princes, including the Gaekwar of Baroda, the Nizam of Hyderabad, the Maharaja of Mysore, the Maharaja of Patiala, the Maharaja of Kashmir and the Nawab of Bhopal.—United Press.

FILM FARE FOR THE WEEK

"STOLEN HARMONY" (PATHE)—"IT HAPPENED ONE NIGHT" (WELLINGTON) "FOLIES BERGERE" (CAPITOL)—"BULLDOG JACK" (EXCELSIOR)—"VAGABOND LADIES" (REGAL)—

"Folies Bergere" shown at the Capitol with Maurice Chevalier.

"VAGABOND LADY"

Showing At The Regal

Romance vies, with comedy in "Vagabond Lady" the Hal Roach M-G-M feature, directed by Sam Taylor which comes to the Regal Theatre from to-day. The romance involves Josephine Spiggins, beautiful daughter of a department store janitor, and John and Tony Spears, the sons of the store's millionaire owner. The comedy is partially the result of the senior Spiggins' efforts to prevent his daughter's marriage to John Spear, and arrange a similar event with Tony, the younger and care-free members of the House of Spear. Things move fast when Tony returns home after a lengthy cruise around the world in his sloop. He finds that his childhood pal, Josephine, is practically engaged to his brother John, a very dignified chip of his very dignified father, "R. D." When John leaves on a business trip and turns "Jo" over to the protection of his brother, complications set in. The two find themselves in love, but Tony causes a breech through his actions with some boisterous companions. "Jo" thoroughly annoyed, spurns Tony and decides to carry through her marriage with the latter's brother. But "Spiggs," the janitor, wants Tony for a son-in-law and is determined that this will become a reality. As a result, he tries to hold up the wedding arrangements by getting drunk on Tony's boat. When "Jo" tries to sober him, he objects strenuously and ends up by delaying her so much that Tony is forced to sail the entire party up the coast to the Spear summer-home where the wedding is to take place. During the trip a storm arises. When Tony finds "Spiggs" and his assistant, "Corky" inebriated. He is forced to call on "Jo" to help him with the sail. "Jo" proves not too skilful and Tony berates her not too tactfully. A terrific argument ensues, which ends in a free-for-all tussle during which the pair find themselves in one another's arms—still in love. But this is another love affair that absolutely refuses to run smoothly. In fact, it becomes exceedingly rough when "Corky" misinterpreting an order of Tony's kicks him overboard, later explaining his master's absence by telling Josephine that Tony always disappeared when he wanted to get away from feminine entanglements. "Jo" enraged, again decides to go through with her original plan and marry John. However, Tony who is rescued by a fishing boat frantically rushes to the scene of the marriage, arriving in the middle of an argument between his brother and the bride as they stand at the altar. He convinces John that Josephine is not the proper wife for him—and that accomplished, takes "Jo" for himself. Robert Young and Evelyn Venable are featured in the picture and they are supported by a notable cast which includes Berton Churchill, Reginald Denny, Frank Craven, Forester Harvey, Dan Crimmins and Ferdinand Gottschalk.

DESH DASI

Third Week

Desh Dasi, the sublime Ranjit Picture, depicting the life story of a city girl devoting herself to the village uplift work has created a furore as can be seen by the rush to it of eager crowds of people of every variety of taste and interest. You will see in the picture all the artists, Miss Gohar, Billimoria Dixit and the rest at their best. It is running into its third week from to-day.

"BULLDOG JACK"

At The Excelsior

The popularity of the Bulldog Drummond stories from the pen of "Sapper" is world-wide. In "Bulldog Jack" we have a variation of a "Sapper" theme, J. O. C. Orton, Sydney Gilliat and Gerard Fairlie having collaborated with "Sapper" in a story which provides Jack Hulbert with a vehicle for his inimitable type of brigh comedy. Although the action of the piot begins as a burlesque with a lively sense of the abs running all through, a vein of real purpose is underneath the fooling. "Bulldog Jack" is, therefore, entertainment of an allround character in which robustness is cleverly interwoven w comedy. Fay Wray, Claude Hulbert and Ralph Richardson give strong support to the star.

Who has not imagined how terrifying it would be to be caught in a tube tunnel with the ominous rumble of an approaching train echoing from the pitch blackness? Jack Hulbert and brother Claude go through all this in "Bulldog Jack." In order to get to the crooks' lair which is in the old tube station, they hop off the train at the next station down the line and proceed to wend their way along the tunnel to the disused area. Hulbertian mutterings echo through the darkness as Hulbertian feet trip over the rails. "Are you sure we're safe?" asks brother Jack. "Sure," says brother Claude, "the last train went hours ago." The worthy adventurers push into the murk. "Are you quite sure?" says Jack suddenly. "Ye-es," says Claude. "Then what's that?" mutters Jack; and from behind them, ever louder, even nearer comes that awful thunder of an electric train.

A scene guaranteed almost to break one's heart is the sight of Jack and Claude galloping for dear life down the tunnel rico-chetting off each other, panting for breath and gasping with horror as the train seems almost on them and then subsiding with relief as the train swerves off down a side tunnel.

"DHUWAN-DHAR"

At Krishna Talkies

Adarsh Chitra Ltd.'s "Dhuwan-Dhar" now enters its 2nd triumphant week at the Krishna Talkies.

The film was released at Krishna Talkies and Mr. K. F. Nariman, the Mayor of Bombay inaugurated it on Saturday last. Its popularity can be judged from the crowded houses during the last week and the picture is assured of a successful run.

"Vagabond Ladies" at the Regal—seen from this week.

"FOLIES BERGERE"

At The Capitol

Those fervid fans who can think of nothing nicer than Maurice Chevalier—unless it be two Maurice Chevaliers—are directed to the Capitol Theatre where precisely that miracle awaits them. For "Folies Bergere," Darryl F. Zanuck's lavish 20th Century musical extravaganza for release through United Artists, offers the inimitable Frenchman in his first dual role. As Charlier, the straw-hatted singing star of the Folies Bergere revue, whose favourite indoor sport is battling with his insanely jealous little dancing partner-sweetheart, Mimi, Chevalier is the charming chap we all know. But as the sauve, mustached, monocled Baron Cassini, who juggles his bank's funds and is forced to make a secret flight to London to try to raise a loan to cover his deficit, we have an entirely new and interesting characterization which proves that Maurice is an actor as well as an entertainer. The fun begins when Charlier, whose clever impersonation of the Baron nightly thrills Folies Bergere audiences, is caned in to double for the flown Baron in life as well. The Baron's beautiful but neglected wife finds the situation not altogether disagreeable and hilarious involvements ensue. A climax is reached when the Baron returns unexpectedly and hearing of his wife's flirtation, tests her by turning the tables and pretending to be Charlier. The charming little comedy of errors reaches and unexpected and delightfully Parisian denouement. Merle Oberon makes her Hollywood debut, looking lovelier than ever, as the seductive Baroness, and Ann Sothern sings and dances effectively as the volatile Mimi. The supporting cast is uniformly excellent. The internationally famous Parisian musical institution from which the picture takes its name forms a perfect setting for the gay little screen play concocted by Bess Meredyth and Hal Long. Roy Del Ruth directed the production with spirit and verve, Dave Gould staged the stunning musical ensembles featuring Hollywood's loveliest dancing girls and Chevalier offers five smash new hit tunes. All in all, "Folies Bergere" is an enchanting musical and promises you an entertainment-packed evening in the theatre.

Stolen Harmony With Geo Raft Ben Bernie And His Lads At Pathe

Ben Bernie, cigar, fiddle, salutation and all together with his ubiquitous lads returns to the films to share starring honours with George Raft in Paramount's "Stolen Harmony," now at the Pathe Theatre.

In the picture, Bernie acts a character much like himself in real life. He is a band leader who take his lads and lassies on a show tour of the country in a large and commodious bus.

George Raft, an ex-convict who is trying to go straight via a saxophone and dancing turn is in his company. Money is stolen during the tour and all evidence points to Raft as the guilty party.

But Raft ignores their suspicions because he has fallen in love with his dancing partner, Grace Bradley, and is determined to see it through for her sake.

Raft's big chance comes when the entire troupe is kidnapped by a desperate gang of outlaws. Raft, at the risk of his life saves the troupe, vindicates himself and wins the girl, bringing the picture to its dramatic close.

"Stolen Harmony" was directed by Alfred Werker and features a musical score by Mack Gordon and Harry Revel.

"PUJARINI"

At The Majestic Cinema

Imperial's "Pujarini" or "Dancer of the Temple" has veritably proved popular with all classes and masses. It now enters the third week. 'Sulochana,' supported by D. Billimoria, Jamshedji, and Zilloo, enhance the value of the film.

"Stolen Harmony" with Geor ge Raft and Ben Bernie at the Pathe, this week.

"It Happened One Night" wi th Clarke Gable and Claudette Colbert at Wellington.

"IT HAPPENED ONE NIGHT"

At The Wellington

"It Happened One Night" the new attraction at the Wellington this week co-starring Clark Gable and Claudette Colbert, is definitely a must-see. It is surely one of the ten best pictures of the year, it is certainly the finest of the month, and what's more, we guarantee that no matter what kind of production you usually like, you'll agree with us that "It Happened One Night" is sure-fire entertainment of the highest calibre.

This Columbia picture surpasses every expectation. It is the product of the same minds that gave us many good pictures and is directed by Frank Capra and adapted to the screen by Robert Riskin from the novelette by Samuel Hopkins Adams.

"It Happened one Night" may not send you out of the theatre a nobler man or woman, but it will most certainly make you a happier person. It has that sparkling, entertaining, realistic yet romantic quality that no one between the ages of eight and eighty can resist. The situations are hilarious, the dialogue is scintillating, the direction, is brilliant, and acting—well, just what would you expect from Gable and Miss Colbert?

Gable is cast as an adventurous newspaper man who insults his women first and loves them afterwards. Miss Colbert is a run away society heiress accustomed to riding roughshod over the rest of the world. Just what happens when these two are forced to spend a week together—but the story's too good to be bandied about. You'll thank us for it later—see if you don't. The programme includes "Babes at Sea" a technicolor musical cartoon with gorgeous scenes in entire technicolour.

"Bahar-e-Suleman" at the Globe.

HOW THE QUETTA FILM WAS "SHOT"

Camera Group Discussion

Mr. Yadavrao Desai who visited Quetta recently after the earthquake visited the Camera Art Group of the Universal Arts' League and explained to the students the various ways and angles that were used to take the film. It is very difficult to short the outdoor films without the use of suitable reflectors at a place like Quetta and for an occasional visit it was not possible to take the reflectors. It is the correct angle and viewpoint that gave the picture their intrinsic beauty. He explained to the students what actual viewpoint he preferred and what were possible but could not be taken for various reasons of lighting. Especially those who have seen Quetta film recently in Bombay will realise how difficult it was to get proper lighting, etc., and the speaker explained wel and at full length the detail processes of outdoor camera work.

"Bulldog Jack" at the Excelsi or this week.

OFFICIAL BUSINESS IN C. P. COUNCIL

Debt Conciliation Amendment Bill Passed

NAGPUR, Aug. 8.

The August session of the C. P. Legislative Council began to-day.

The President at the outset congratulated the Home Member Mr. Rao, and the Finance Member Mr. E. Gordon, the former on securing an extension of the term of his office by one year and the latter on receiving the C.S.I.

The House then proceeded to transact official business and enacted two important bills, the C. P. Wild Birds and Animal Protection Bill and the C. P. Courts Amendment Bill, which seeks to amend the C. P. Courts Act 1917 in order to make it applicable on the establishment of a High Court of Judicature for Nagpur.

On the motion of the Finance Member the Debt Conciliation Amendment Bill was passed and the C. P. Adjustment and Liquidation of Industrial Workers' Debt Bill based on the Labour Commission's recommendations providing for liquidation of workers unsecured debts was referred to a Select Committee.—A.P.

ADVOCATE PROSECUTES "FRIEND"

Wife's Jewels Alleged To Have Been Stolen By Visitor

BOMBAY, Friday.

On the complaint of an advocate, residing at Bholwada, that his wife's ornaments disappeared on May 6 last and that he suspected Ranchodbhai Bhagawan, who has been on visiting terms with him, the Maharbowrie Police arrested the suspect yesterday.

Police enquiries revealed that the accused had been absconding for some time and that he had been to Baroda to dispose of the ornaments worth Rs. 576.

The accused was placed before the Girgaum Court to-day and was remanded into Police custody for a period of 14 days pending further enquiries.

To meet the Hon'ble Nawab Sir Mohammed Yusuf, Kt., Bar-at-Law, Minister for Local Self-Government, U. P., the President and members of the United Provinces Chamber of Commerce at Cawnpore will be "At Home" on the 16th August, 1935. An address will also be presented to him.

Our Malabar Letter

PLAGUE IN CALICUT

Cholera Is Subsiding In Palghat

(From Our Correspondent.)

CALICUT, Aug. 5.

Latest reports received from South Malabar show that the cholera epidemic which was raging in several villages in Palghat Taluk is subsiding. The infection is mostly confined to depressed classes.

PLAGUE IN CALICUT.

Plague has again broken out in Calicut Municipal area. There were rat falls last week and a suspicious death on July 30th. Precautionary measures such as inoculation, disinfection, etc. are being conducted by the Health staff.

At a meeting of the Committee of the Malabar Chamber of Commerce, it was resolved to collect data from all tile factories in order to request the Railway to reduce freight on tiles. It resolves to urge the District Board and Government to expedite the construction of Korapuza and Moorat bridges on the Calicut—Tellicherry road. It resolved to request judicial authorities to increase the time allotted for hearing small cause suits in Calicut Sub-Court.

HINDI PRINTERS AND PUBLISHERS MEET

Association Formed To Promote Advancement Of Industry

CALCUTTA, Aug. 7.

An informal meeting of some of the leading Hindi Printers, Publishers and writers of Calcutta was held at 54, Chowringhee, Calcutta, at the residence of Mr. Hari G. Govil.

After explaining the object of the meeting, Mr. Govil elaborated on the decision of the Script Committee at Wardha appointed by the Hindi Sahitya Sammelan. He emphasized the need for co-operation of the various vernacular printers and publishers of India.

All those present evinced a keen interest in the plan proposed by Mr. Govil. It was unanimously agreed that an association be formed with the object of promoting the advancement of the vernacular printing, publishing and allied industries.

The Association will make special study of the handicaps, drawbacks and restrictions under which the Indian Vernacular Press is working and find ways and means of overcoming them.

Mr. Govil has been requested to prepare the constitution and programme of activity of the new organisation for discussion and adoption at the next meeting which is to be held at 54 Chowringhee next Sunday, August 11.—United Press.

Sulochana

Still Surpassing
in
IMPERIAL'S

"Pujarini"

OR

"DANCER OF THE TEMPLE"

with
D. BILLIMORIA, JAMSHEDJI, ZILLO—BABA VYAS—SYED AHMED—GULAM RASOOL

Director:—NANDLAL

The gamut of human emotion run through exquisitely by—
IMPERIAL CASTE

Sulochana's ecstatic Temple Dance is indeed a marvel of art!

3rd Triumphant Week!

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FROM SAT. 10th AUGUST

SPECIAL
Holiday Attraction
RAJPUT AMAZON, who fought for her Native land—

KUMAR MOVIETONE'S

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Starring:—
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New York Liverpool:

October 133 December 117 January 111 March 108 May 105 at Cross Rate 4.96 1/2

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Broach A/M 1936 208 Liverpool May 1936 5.80 Rs. 44 1/2 at Exchange 1/6

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TRADE AND FINANCE

Money Market Remains Easy

INCREASE IN NOTE ISSUE

Gilt-Edged Market Steady

WEAKNESS IN SILVER

Weekly Market Reviews

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, August 9.

MONEY

Barring a temporary spurt early in the week when the inter-bank call rate firmed up to 2 per cent owing to large withdrawals of funds for cash applications for the New Loan, money was easy throughout the week and call loans were available round 1 to 1 1/4 per cent. The market received the funds returned on the unallotted portion of the cash applications which accounted for the renewed ease. Treasury Bill maturities amounted to Rs. 1 crore, whereas renewals were nil. The following are the fixed deposit rates:—One month 1 1/4 per cent and two to six months 1 1/2 per cent.

RESERVE BANK

The Reserve Bank Statement for the week ending 2nd August shows a further increase of Rs. 10.33 lacs in the total note issue against the return of approximately the like amount of rupee coins to the Issue Department. Notes in Circulation have increased by Rs. 34.78 lacs which includes the aforesaid increase on the total note issue plus the withdrawals of Rs. 24.45 lacs from the Banking Department. The noteworthy movements in the Banking Department were a shrinkage of Rs. 83.44 lacs in the Bankers' deposits which was probably occasioned by withdrawal of funds by the public for the cash applications for the New Loan. Government deposits decreased by Rs. 52.82 lacs. Other Liabilities increased by Rs. 158.93 lacs. Balances held abroad show an increase of Rs. 76.53 lacs and investments were up by Rs. 6.77 lacs whereas Other assets declined by Rs. 37.41 lacs.

GILTEDGED MARKET

Gilt-edged were steady at the opening and on Monday the report that the New Loan was heavily over-subscribed and the lists were closed in 20 minutes proved a bullish factor which caused an advance in the values of almost all scrips. 3 1/2 per cent Paper rose from Rs. 95 to Rs. 95-8 and other bonds registered sympathetic gains. The market continued steady as investment demand for medium and long term loans was good. Towards the close, the tone was a shade quieter. The New Loan was in good demand, the premium at the close being Rs. 1. 3 1/2 per cent Papers finished at 94-15-6. 3 per cent 1941 bonds steadily to Rs. 101-10. 3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 loan improved from Rs. 103-4 to Rs. 103-12 and 4 per cent 1960-70 loan from Rs. 107-2 to Rs. 107-7. 4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 loan gained 4 annas to Rs. 114-4. 5 per cent 1939-44 loan closed at Rs. 108-8, 1940-43 loan at Rs. 109-13 and 1945-55 tax-free loan at Rs. 118. 5 1/2 per cent 1938-40 loan kept steady at Rs. 108-9. 6 1/2 per cent Bom Dev Loan is quoted at Rs. 101-1.

Results of the New Loan:—

Subscriptions to the New 3 per cent 1951-54 loan were as under:—

In cash	Rs. 16,53 lacs.
By tender of 5 per cent 1935 bonds	Rs. 8,37 lacs.
By tender of 6 1/2 per cent 1935 Treasury Bonds	Rs. 4,63 lacs.
	Rs. 29,53 lacs.

Cash applications for Rs. 5000 (nominal) and under will be allotted in full. Other cash applications will be allotted 11 per cent rounded to the next higher multiple of Rs. 100, the minimum allotment in each case being Rs. 5,000.

EXCHANGE

Sterling exchange was steady throughout the week under review with sellers of ready T T at 1/6 3/32 and buyers at 1/6 1/8d., occasionally business being placed at the middle rate. Business in connection with the export of gold was practically nil. Though the merchandise export bills in this market were small, it was reported that there was improved showing of these bills in Calcutta owing to larger volume of jute exports. The following are the forward rates:—Upto end of December 1/6 3/32 to 1/6 1/8.

Foreign exchanges in the London market were steady at the opening and movements ranged within narrower limits. On report, however, that considerable opposition was shown against the economy decrees in France, the franc weakened in terms of sterling. The dollar was steady round dol 4.96 but later depreciated to dol. 4.96 5/16 in sympathy with the franc and also due to remittances from the U. S. A. as a result of continuous silver purchases by the American Treasury in London. The New York-London cross rate opened at dol 4.95 3/4 and rose to dol 4.96 1/2 at the close. The London-Paris cross rate opening at 74.84 declined to 74.71 but again advanced to 75 and closed at 74.91. The Belga and the Italian Lira finished at 29.38 and 60.34 respectively.

GOLD

Gold was quietly steady throughout the period under review. The rates in the local market showed no movement of consequence, the rate for ready remaining practically unchanged at Rs. 34-11-6. Stocks on hand are estimated at about 3 lacs tolas with a daily oftake of only 3,000 tolas. Arrivals from upcountry aggregate round 5,000 to 8,000 tolas a day. The price of sovereigns showed little change during the week, the closing quotation being Rs. 22-5 for both ready and forward. In London the price of gold ranged between 140/11d. and 140/5 1/2d., closing at 140/6d. Last week's shipment of gold amounted to Rs. 77.72 lacs per s.s. 'Cathay.' The highest and lowest rates during the week were Rs. 34-12-3 and Rs 34-11-3 for ready, Rs. 34-12-9 and Rs. 34-11-6 for 15th August settlement and Rs. 34-13-9 and Rs. 34-12-6 for 13th September settlement. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 31.068 in bar and coin.

SILVER

Silver was steady during the early part of the week and rates were maintained corresponding with prices in change was recorded. On Wednesday, foreign markets where no material however, tired and nervous holders began to unload heavily and with few buyers the local market gave way and the prices suffered a sharp decline, the rate for ready falling from Rs. 71 to Rs. 69-5 per 100 tolas. However, as the rates in the London market remained unchanged for spot despite heavy selling by India, the market assumed a steadier tone and ready advanced to Rs. 70 but again receded and closed at Rs. 69-13. America continued to absorb all offerings at the current rates in London; but so long as prices in London continue to remain unchanged, no marked recovery is expected in the local market. Stocks on hand are top heavy at about 40,000 bars and the daily offtake is only 5 bars. In Shanghai the dollar eased from 1/6 3/16 to 1/5 13/16 and reacting again to 1/6 3/16 declined and close at 1/5 13/16. In London the spot rate remained unchanged while forward moved from 30 5/16d to 30 3/16d on wednesday. In our market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 71-2 and Rs. 69-5 for ready, Rs. 71-5 and Rs. 69-9 for 19th August settlement and Rs. 71-11 and Rs. 70 for 17th September settlement. The total imports during the week amounted to 10 bars and Rs. 28,002 in coin.

SHARES

The share market was steady throughout with small variations in prices. Trading was however, restricted. Cotton mill shares were steady at the opening, but the quotation for Bombay Dyeing showed a marked decline on heavy selling, and values of other mill shares were down in sympathy. The following are the fluctuations in some of the leaders:—Bombay Dyeing Rs. 787/8 762/8 770; Century Rs. 240 245 238/12 237/8; Central India Rs. 282/8 283/2 278/2 280; Kohinoor Rs. 191/14 192/8 188/12 190; New Great Rs. 132/8 133/12 131/14 132/8; Simplex 70/10 72/8 71/14; Swadeshi Rs. 160/10 158/2 159/6

In the miscellaneous section the high spot of the wek's session was the cement group, which recorded substantial gains on report in the press of a merger of the existing cement companies. All cement shares were in good demand, especially Indian cements which rose from Rs. 448/12 to Rs. 483/12. Bundi Cement rose from Rs. 34/14 to Rs. 36/10, Katni Ordys from Rs. 413/12 to Rs. 420 with Defds. soaring as high as Rs. 1985, and Shahabad cements from Rs. 481/14 to Rs. 487/8. Steel shares were steady with minor fluctuations in prices. Tata Iron Ordys ranged between Rs. 143/4 and Rs. 145/8, closing at Rs. 144/6 and Tata Defds. between Rs. 610 and Rs. 625, finishing at Rs. 616/4. Tata 2nd Pref. shares were steady at Rs. 149/2 and Tata Hydros at Rs. 180/10. Tata Powers were in demand, the rate rising from 1623/12 to Rs. 1631/4, but closing at Rs 1625. Andhra Valleys improved from Rs. 1750 to Rs. 1770, Alcocks shares gained from Rs. 151/4 to Rs. 157/8 but closed at Rs. 155. Bombay Burmahs were steady at Rs. 332/8 and Tramway shares at Rs. 149/6. Bombay Steams were placed at Rs. 306/4 and Scindia steams at Rs. 12/11. New India Ass. shares improved to Rs. 44 and Belapur shares gained from Rs. 331/4 to Rs. 345. Industrial Investment shares are quoted at Rs. 52. Among railways, Ahmd. Prantij was unchanged at Rs. 865, while Tapti Valleys moved up from Rs. 782/8 to Rs. 787/8.

Imperial Bank shares were steady closing at Rs. 1515 and Controbutories at Rs. 380. Bank of India shares were quoted at Rs. 121/4 and those of the Central Bank at Rs. 38. Reserve Bank shares changed hands at Rs. 131, and were in good demand from investors.

YARN MARKET EASY

Heavy Stocks Of Art-Silks

Bombay, Aug 7

On account of easy undertone in the cotton prices, our market has continued to remain quiet and depressed throughout the past week and in absence of satisfactory demand prices of almost all kinds of yarns have ruled very easy. In case of Indian yarns, demand from almost all quarters has remained very slack and prices have registered a decline of 1/16 to 1/8 anna. Dealers have been waiting for publication of the American Bureau Report which will be published on the 8th instant, and which is expected to be rather bearish. In absence of fresh transactions the undertone in yarn prices has remained very quiet and even the present level of prices has been simply nominal inasmuch as sales have been very poor owing to lack of confidence. Demand from the Punjab markets has remained very quiet whilst inquiries from the important market like Calcutta have not resulted into any actual business, the prices offered being too low. Everybody seems to be of the opinion that after the publication of the Bureau Report which is expected to be bearish, the prices will undergo a material decline and the dealers as well as consumers, have, therefore, been adopting a waiting attitude, In the circumstances, it is natural that the turnover has been very negligible and judging from the present state of affairs, the future outlook seems to be far from hopeful.

ENGLISH YARNS

No fresh forward business has been possible owing to the keen competition of Japanese and Shanghai yarns particularly in 60s and 2/80s. Although there is hardly any competition in finer counts like 2/100s., no fresh booking has been possible on account of slack demand and firmer advices from Manchester. Spot prices have ruled easy and future tendency does not appear to be very hopeful.

JAPANESE YARNS

There is no special change to report in this class of yarns where prices have undergone a further decline and turnover has been very restricted. The prices of mercerised yarns have remained more or less unchanged with quiet undertone. As regards fresh transactions, dealers have not been showing any interest in the same inasmuch as demand has remained very slack and the quantities recently booked in important counts like 40s., 2/42s. 2/60s. and 2/80s have been more than sufficient to meet the present requirements. In the circumstances, no fresh booking has been reported inspite of the increasing selling pressure of the Importing Houses. Sampin has remained somewhat steady whilst Exchange show no change.

ART SILK YARNS

The Italrayon prices have remained unchanged during the week and offtake has been fairly satisfactory. As regards Japanese yarns, the prices have remained more or less unchanged and undertone at the close has remained rather quiet. Turnover in this class of yarns has remained moderate and stocks have been rather heavy. In the circumstances, fresh forward business has been practically nil. As regards coarser counts, demand has remained very moderate and only for cheaper qualities. Italian Delustred Yarns are much in demand whilst in case of two-fold yarns only the Japanese qualities find sales owing to much cheaper rates.

INDIAN YARNS

Notwithstanding the easy undertone in the prices of the raw material, the Mills have still been quoting higher prices probably because of steady position of ready cotton. Demand from almost all important consuming centres has remained very poor and dealers are not in a mood to enter into fresh contracts at the present level of prices. The sales by our Mills have, therefore, been practically nil. The upcountry Mills have been meeting the immediate requirements of the surrounding districts at reasonable rates and unless the local Mills can see their way to lower their prices sufficiently, no sales of importance are likely to be effected in near future. A prominent Mill has recently reduced her quotations in some of the finer counts but no sales have been reported. On the whole, the future prospects do not seem to be very bright.

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN

	London, Aug 8 This week £
Total Bullion	193,300,060
Public Deposits	17,200,000
(a) Other Deposits	120,500,000
Government Securities	87,200,000
(b) Other Securities	27,200,000
Notes and Coins	41,500,000
Notes in Circulation	411,800,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	30.13 p.c.
(a) Other Deposits, include Bankers	82,700,000
(b) Other Securities, include Discount and Advances	14,100,000

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, August 8

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 86 1/2

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 98 3/4

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1954/59 105 1/2

4 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1948/53 108 3/8

4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1950/55 114

4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1958/68 117

5 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1942/47 115 1/2

5 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1936/38 104 1/2

6 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1935/37 101 1/8

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loan New £1 prem.

2 1/2 per cent British Consols 86 5/8

3 1/2 per cent Conversion 108 5/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loan 107 1/8

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, Aug. 9.

Castorseeds Delivery September Opening Rs. 36/8/6; Highest Rs. 36/10; Lowest Rs. 36/2; Closing Rs. 36/5/6.

Castorseeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 6/12/9; Lowest Rs. 6/11/6; Closing Rs. 6/11/9

Groundnut Seeds Delivery August Opening Rs. 41/9; Highest Rs. 41/12/6; Lowest Rs. 41/5/6; Closing Rs. 41/8/6.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery February Opening Rs. 6/14; Highest Rs. 6/14/9; Closing Rs. 6/12/9.

Cotton Seeds Delivery September Opening Rs. 24/9/6; Highest Rs. 24/10/6 Lowest Rs. 24/7; Closing Rs 24/9

Cotton Seeds Delivery January Opening Rs. 2/15/6. Lowest Rs. 2/14/7½; Closing Rs. 2/15/1½.

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Unique appreciation!

3rd Glorious Week

DESH-DASI

Has broken all box office records during her triumphant Exhibition

AT

West-End Talkies

LAMINGTON ROAD

GOHAR

The inimitable and unrivalled star of the Indian Filmland Plays the chief role.

COMING SHORTLY

ON THE WINGS OF ROMANCE
ON THE FEET OF RHYTHM

The most likeable picture of the year

Sagar's

Stupendous thriller.

The Star that leads you to light
SABITADEVI

in

Silver King

Directed by:
Mr. Chimanlal Luhar, B. Sc.

with
Mr. MOTI
and
YAKUB

Next attraction at:—

Imperial CINEMA Lamington Road.

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Time:—Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
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PERSIAN TALKIE
PERSIAN TALKIE

SPECIAL SHOW

Sunday, 11th at 10-30 a.m.

KRISHNATONE'S MAIDEN PERSIAN TALKIE

"BLACK EYES"
"BLACK EYES"
"BLACK EYES"

Featuring:—
Miss F. J. VAZIRI & A. SPENTA.
with
SHAMI & PAVRI

IRANIS & PARSIS and those who know Persian language are cordially invited to see this Talkie in their own mother tongue.
Avail of the opportunity
Showing At

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Opp. Cama Baug, New Charni Rd.

ON SUNDAY 11th
and
TUESDAY 13th instant
AT 10-30 a.m. Please Note

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Aug. 9.

B C Rate T T D D 1/6 1/32
LONDON—
Banks selling T T D D 1/6 3/32 Aug Nov.
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/16 Dec-Mar.
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/32 April-June
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/8
Banks buying D D 1/6 5/32
Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 3/16 to Jan.
Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 5/32 Feb-Apr
NEW YORK—
B C Rate T T 270
Banks selling T T 268
Banks buying T T 265 1/4
PARIS—
Banks selling D D 563
Banks buying D D 573
AMSTERDAM—
Banks selling D D 55
JAVA—
Banks selling D D 54 3/4
JAPAN—
Banks selling T T 78 1/4
Banks buying T T 78
HONGKONG—
Banks selling D D 141 1/2
SHANGHAI—
Banks selling D D 100
SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 156
BERLIN—
Banks selling D D 90 3/4

CROSS RATES—
New York/London 4.96 1/2 8th instant
Hongkong/London 2/1 5/8 9th instant
Shanghai/London 1/5 15/16 9th instant
Japan/London 1/2 11/64 9th instant
Java/London 7.30 9th instant
London/Paris 74.91 8th instant
London/Belgium 29.38 1/2 8th instant
London/Switzerland 15.16 1/4 8th instant
London/Italy 60.34 8th instant
London/Berlin 12.29 8th instant
London/Stockholm 19.39 3/8 8th instant
London/New York 4.96 7/16 8th instant
London/Amsterdam 7.32 3/4 8th instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
Gold £7-0-5 7th instant £7-0-6 8th instant
Silver London Ready 30 3/16 7th instant 30 3/16 8th instant
Silver London Forward 30 3/16 7th instant 30 1/4 8th instant
Silver New York Ready 68 7th instant 68 8th instant
London discounts 3 mos 5/8 per cent 7th instant 5/8 per cent 8th instant
London discounts 6 mos 7/8 per cent 7th instant 7/8 per cent 8th instant
Reserve Bank rate 3 1/2 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1 1/2 per cent
3 mos 1 1/2 per cent
6 mos 1 1/2 per cent
Tone: Very easy.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, August 8

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 5/8 per cent. to 5/8 per cent.
Bank Bills 6 months market rate 3/4 per cent. to 7/8 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent. to 2-1/2 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2-1/2 per cent. to 3 per cent.
Interest Day to Day Loan 1/2 per cent. to 1/2 per cent.
Interest 7 days' market loan 1/2 per cent. to 1/2 per cent.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, August 8

T. T. London on :—

New York closing rate..	4.96-7/16
Paris	74.91
Berlin	12.29
Madrid	36.16
Amsterdam	7.33
Brussels	29.38-1/2
Milan	60.34
Berne	15.16-1/4
Prague	119.37

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, August 8.

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 per cent...	70-1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent. 1948 or later	86-1/2
Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent. 1931 or later	98-3/4
Indian Stock 4-1/2 per cent. 1950/55	114
Consols 2-1/2 per cent. ..	86-5/8
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 per cent. 1961	108-5/8
War Loan 3-1/2 per cent. 1952.	107-1/8
Funding Loan 4 per cent. 1960/90	119-5/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent. ..	117-7/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	13-1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	106-1/2
National Bank of India ..	41-3/4
P. & O. Banking Corporation..	10

SEEDS.

London, August 8.

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton, Aug. sellers £9-10-0.
Linseed Calcutta London, c.i.f. ton, Aug./Sept. sellers £11-15-0.
Linseed Bombay London, c.i.f. ton, Aug./Sept. sellers £12-0-0
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. ton, Aug./Sept. sellers £13-10-0.
Castorseeds Bombay, c.i.f. ton. Aug./Sept. sellers £13-0-0

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET.

London, August 8.

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25 C & F Calcutta.
Aug. nominal per cwt. 6/3
C & F Bombay :—
Aug. nominal per cwt. 6/0
C & F Karachi :—
Aug. nominal per cwt. 6/0

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, August 8.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe. Parcels September sellers 25/3.
Wheat Barletta Russo. Parcels Sept. sellers 23/9
South Australian (wheat) Parcels Aug. sellers 27/0.

NEW YORK COTTON

BEARISH BUREAU REPORT

Long Liquidation And Covering

BOMBAY, Aug. 9.

On Thursday, the New York Cotton futures market was depressed by bearish Bureau report prices declined on realising but later advanced partially on covering.

CREDIT FACILITIES.

Commenting on the Cotton Crop Report, Mr. Wallace said that adequate credit facilities would be given to cotton planters with a view to aid them in an orderly marketing of the crop. Mr. Wallace said that the Administration sees no cause for anxiety in the present crop estimate. There are ample resources to carry the present stocks financed by Government for an indefinite period. If when the new crop is beginning to move there appears to be a tendency for prices to be depressed, the Administration would offer ample loans that would immediately absorb excess supplies without hesitation. He further stated that if the World consumption maintained present levels, foreign and domestic mills could be expected to require considerably in excess of 11,000,000 bales. Moreover the Stocks held by Government are not available except at a price exceeding 13 cents. Therefore these would not compete with the new crop until that level was reached.

INCREASED OFFERINGS.

A sharp break in Cotton in anticipation of increased offerings of the new crop was the chief result of the Government Report, though the Report itself had little influence on the final fall approaching one dollar per bale. Mr. Wallace's statement has left the trade in a continued state of high uncertainty regarding probable Government Loan Policy. His remarks are being interpreted as there being possibly no loan announcement unless the market becomes unduly depressed under the weight of the crop movement.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The New York Cotton Market opened at a decline of 4 points with October 11.28. There was some buying which improved prices 13 points from the opening level and October was quoted 11.41 which was the highest level. The Bureau report being bearish prices declined 39 points from the highest level and October was quoted 11.02 when some short covering resulted in a small recovery and the market closed at a net decline of 21 to 13 points. Spot Cotton prices declined 20 points at 11.65 c.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was weak and closed at a decline of 24 to 23 points. Spot Cotton prices declined 25 points at 11.45 c. per lb.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest 11.41 plus 09 (11-48 a.m.)
Lowest 11.02—30 (1-35 p.m.)
Liverpool October highest 6.15 plus 09
Lowest 6.03—10
Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:
Liverpool: Decline would have gone further but for fear Government intervention. Our opinion is that the market will decline further.
Liverpool: Bureau more bearish than expected as full allowance made for prospective weevil damage Market unsettled by doubts if Washington intends to make any loan.
New York: Market influenced by crop estimate. Wallace's statement encouraging. Trade buying steadily. Have a favourable opinion in the long run. Moderate business doing in cloths and yarns.
New York: Indications point to a crop of over 12 millions. The general trend of prices appears downward.
New York: Situation bearish. Think we shall see lower prices.
New York: No loan. Crop accounts very good. Decline may go somewhat further. Very bearish. Market's attitude unreasonable.
New York: Agricultural Department Report is bearish. Demand not sufficient to sustain the market. Export subsidy unlikely. Government loan will probably be deferred.
Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cables:—
Excessive heat continues. Temperatures abnormally high. Light to moderate rainfall North Carolina. Forecast: Western Belt generally fair. All balance entire Belt partly cloudy.
Production 11,798,000 bales. Bureau bearish but material decline unlikely awaiting definite announcement of Loan. Wallace reported, if movement depresses, Government will not hesitate to offer ample loan.
Selling on Bureau absorbed by trade.
Another of their Liverpool friends cabled as under:—
Condition 73.6; Production 11,798,000. Bearish but much depends upon extent Loan.
Messrs. Drennan and Co. have received the following cables:—
Messrs. Reiss Brothers Liverpool cable:—
Condition 73.6 Production 11,798,000 bearish but much depends extent loan.
Messrs. J. H. Springman and Co.,

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Recovering On Reports Of Orderly Marketing

BOMBAY, Aug. 9.

The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened at a decline of 2 points on Thursday with October 6.11. There was pre-Bureau evening up and small trade calling. Prices improved on pre-Bureau short covering in response to New York. The market reopened lower on bearish Bureau and prices declined on increased selling but later recovered in response to New York and reports that the U. S. Administration is prepared to help in the orderly marketing of the crop. Prices fluctuated within a range of 12 points and finally closed at a decline of 9 to 5 points. Middling American Spot Cotton prices declined 6 points at 6.63 d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.

East Indian Cotton futures market was weak and closed at a decline of 12 points. At the close October was 5.51, January 5.21 and March 5.14.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian Cotton futures market was easy and Sakels futures declined 8 points and uppers futures lost 10 points.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria Cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a rise of one point to a decline of 6 points.

SOUTHERN HEDGING.

Messrs. M. and B. Stern State:—Owing to the small speculative interest and uncertainty over the loan announcement the large Bureau estimate had little effect on prices. As anticipated, it proved to be bearish and since the compilation, the weather has been ideal and should there be no mishap in the weather during the next few weeks, we should not be surprised to see private month-end estimates again being raised above yesterday's figure.

Mr. Wallace stated yesterday that the Government would give adequate financial aid to farmers for orderly marketing and the Government stocks kept off the market until price excess 13 cents.

Despite this vague assurance, no indication of loan price is given. It is possible that the loan announcement may be deferred for a while, until the A.A.A. amendments emerge finally from both the legislatures. This promise of loan may perhaps withhold Southern hedging at lower levels but it is likely to increase on all sharp advances.

Additionally, the political situation in Abyssinia, strikes originated by economic decrees in France and general political uncertainties do not encourage trade to accumulate freely unless at a much lower level. The Crop Reporting Board state that although weevil loss is about average, it is somewhat above 1933 and 1934 for which allowance has been made.

Liverpool cable:—
As the crop prospects continue good and expect U. S. G. loans below 12 cents think market will go lower.
Messrs. A. Norden and Co., New York cable:—
With undecided loan lack confidence America level doubt possibility marketing prospective crop over 12 million expect slowly declining prices.
Messrs. E. J. Schwabach Co., New York cable:
Loan being unlikely, we recommend buying in New York and selling in Liverpool December. Also selling October in New York and buying July in New York at prevailing differences. Heavy liquidation by longs is materially strengthening technical position. Moderate advance is very probable. But we continue to favour selling on bulges. Bureau report is about as expected. Bearish. Indication no loan unless market declined severely.
Messrs. Orvis Brothers New York cable:
Possibility of Government action to prevent sharp decline but think it best to sell on advances. Crop prospects continue good.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, August 8.

October	11.12—20
December	11.02—21
January	11.03—21
March	10.98—19
May	10.95—18
July	10.95—18
Middling Spot	11.65—20

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, August 8

October	11.05—24
December	10.97—25
January	10.96—24
Middling Spot	11.45—25

NEW YORK.

New York, August 8

New York 12-57 A.M.—

October	11.17
December	11.08

New York Noon Call—

October	11.35
December	11.29

NEW YORK COFFEE.

New York, August 8

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 6-5/8.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, August 9

Following a decline of 20 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened at Rs. 207/4 for Broach A/M delivery and declined to Rs. 206 on steady flow of liquidation. There was utter absence of any demand and the undertone of the market was weak

Liverpool market was due to open at a decline of 2 points but opened easy at a loss of 5 points. In the local market prices declined to Rs. 205 and closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach J/A. Rs 230
Broach A/M. Rs. 205/8
Oomra D/J. Rs. 187/4
Bengal D/J Rs. 134

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, Aug 9.

Ready Javas Rs. 13-9-6.
S. S. Subedar Rs. 3-13-9.
Shipment July Rs. 3-13-9.
Shipment Aug.-Sept. Rs. 3-13-3.
Shipment Oct.-Dec. Rs. 3-13-3.
Shipment Jan.-March Rs. 3-14.
Kesar Rs. 14-4.
Saraya Rs. 13-9-0.
Java Spot F. 3.75.

THE STATE OF TRADE

Bombay, Aug. 9.

SECURITIES—Fears of War check Buying. London advices firm. Local operators inclined to sell on advances.

SHARES—Merger talk responsible for Rise in Cement shares but Professionals inclined to realise profits. Steel shares neglected. Hydro-Electrics quietly steady. Good enquiry for cotton Textile shares. Prices improve on short covering. Main trend upward.

COTTON—Bearish Bureau damps general feeling—steady decline in prices expected, but markets being liquidated temporary improvement likely.

WHEAT—Operators await U. S. Bureau report. Market dull and featureless.

LINSEED—Argentine advices bullish but local operators unwilling to follow. Market looks like grinding.

GROUNDNUTS—Market acts heavy under influence of August tenders. Long-range outlook good.

CASTORSEED—Market fluctuating within narrow limits. Steady undertone.

COTTON-SEED—Scarcity of contracts. Market oversold. Chances favour firm spots.

GOLD—Narrow fluctuating market. Undertone easy.

SILVER—Tired long liquidation absence of outside speculation. Tendency Easy.

CLOTH—Market dull with a small turnover. Decline in raw cotton creates hesitant feeling.

SUGAR—Market dull. Prices steady. Foreign advices quiet. Expect narrow price movement.

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, Aug. 8.

September	2.33+.01
December	2.52+.01
March	2.06+.02
May	2.11+.02

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Aug 8.

September	0.90 1/8c
December	0.91 3/4c
May	0.93 1/4c

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Aug. 8.

October	61 1/2d
December	60 5/8d
March	60 5/8d

COPPER AND YELLOW METAL.

LONDON MARKET.

Bombay, Aug. 9.

Standard Copper Cash (Buyers) £32-3-9
Standard Copper Cash (Sellers) £32-5
Standard Copper 3 months £32-11-3.
Electrolytic copper £36

NEW YORK MARKET.

Blue Eagle 9 cents.
Non-Blue Eagle 7 5/8 cents.

BOMBAY MARKET.

Yellow Metal Sheets Rs. 30
Copper Sheets Rs. 35
Copper Asho Rs. 35/8
Tone:—Barely Steady.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, Aug. 9.

	Cwts.
Wheat	10,504
Linseed	3,701
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	211
Gingellyseed	446
Groundnuts	2,197
Poppyseed	157
Castorseed	654
Rice	5,941
Myrabollams	1,810
Mowraseed	286
Gram	382
Joowar	36
Barley	22
Bajree	593
	Tons
Coal	220

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F.P Bales.	1935-36	1934-35
Receipts to date 8-8-35	54000	62000
Receipts Yesterday 8-8-35	9000	9000
Exports to date 8-8-35	36000	57000
Stock at Ports 2-8-35	1082000	2408000
Stock Interior Towns 2-8-35	1121000	1134000
Stock Liverpool 2-8-35	565000	825000
Visible Supply 2-8-35	3114000	5293000
Quantity in sight 2-8-35	23000	29000
Quantity out of sight 2-8-35	30000	81000

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Aug 9.

SETTLEMENT SCRIPS

3 1/2 per cent G P N Sett 94/14
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 94/14
4 per cent 1960/70 Sett 107/7
4 per cent 1960/70 Cash 107/7/6
5 per cent 1945/55 Sett 118
5 per cent 1945/55 Cash 118

TAX FREES

4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 107/3
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 118/12
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 108
6 1/2 per cent 1935 B D L 101/1

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES (CASH)

3 per cent 1951/54 New Loan 97/9
3 per cent 1941 101/8
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 103/12
4 per cent 1943 107
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 114/4
5 per cent 1939/44 108/10
5 per cent 1940/43 109/14
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 108/9

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE)

4 per cent B P T 1974 104/8
4 per cent M Deb 1974 103/8
5 per cent M Deb 1959 114/0
6 per cent M Deb 1954 127/8
6 per cent K P T 1956 127/8
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 105

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government Paper opened to-day at Rs. 94/15 and ruled quiet at Rs. 94/14. Next Settlement quotes one anna lower.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, August 8

Broach J/A opening 236 1/4; highest 237; lowest 235 1/2; closing 236

Broach A/M 1936 opening 212 1/4; highest 213 1/4; lowest 212 1/4; closing 213 1/4

Oomra D/J opening 190 3/4; highest 192 1/4; lowest 190 3/4; closing 192 1/4

Bengal D/J opening 137 3/4. highest 138 1/2; lowest 137 3/4; closing 138 1/4

BEFORE BUREAU

Broach A/M opening 213 1/4; highest 214 1/2; lowest 213; closing 214 1/2

AFTER BUREAU

Opening 208; highest 210 3/4; lowest 207; closing 207

WEATHER OVER COTTON BELT

EAST: Showers probable.
Central: Cloudy, showers probable.
WEST: Mostly cloudy, showers

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 7th August 3,415 bales
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1934 2,462,654 bales
Receipts into Bombay same time last season 2,429,288 bales
Plus 33,366 bales

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, August 8

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U. S. ports	9,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	1,000
Day's exports to the continent.	5,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, August 8.

	To day's 10-12 a.m. Quotations	To-day's Closing
August		6.25—12
September ..		6.11—14
October	6.11	6.04—09
November		5.95—07
December		5.92—05
January	5.94	5.89—06
February		5.87—06
March		5.85—06
April		5.83—06
May		5.82—05
June		5.79—05
July		5.77—05
October		5.65—04
Middling Spot ..		6.63—06

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, August 8.

F.G.F. SAKELLARIDIS—

October 1935	7.71
November 1935	7.72
January 1936	7.65
March 1936	7.65
May 1936	7.60
July 1936	7.59
F. G. F Spot	8.12

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, August 8.

Broach—	
Fully Good (Good Staple)..	5.65
Fine (Good Staple) ..	5.81
Superfine (Good Staple) ..	5.96
Oomra—	
Fine (No. 1 Staple ..	5.64
Superfine (No.1 Staple) ..	5.79
Choice (No. 1 Staple) ..	5.94
Bengal—	
Good	3.95
Fully Good	4.05
Fine	4.17
Sconde—	
Fully Good	4.09
Fine	4.19
Superfine	4.29

LINSEED OILS.

London, August 8.

Linseed Oils naked London per cwt. Aug. sellers 22/0.
Linseed Oils naked London per cwt. Jan/April paid 21/9

U. S. COTTON CROPS

Condition On August 1st

	Indicated crop. Bales.	Condition Per cent.	Yield Ginned per acre. Bales.	Bales
1935	11,798,000	73.6	198.3	94,241
1934	9,636,000	60.4	170.9	100,000
1933	13,047,000	74.2	208.5	171,000
1932	13,001,000	65.6	173.3	71,000

General Liquidation In Shares

Absence Of Any Support

REALISING IN INDIAN CEMENT

BOMBAY: August 9.

The Local Share Bazar was quiet to-day with general long liquidation. There was a marked absence of any support and prices registered small declines.

Tata Steel shares under scattered selling assumed sagging tendency while Cement shares were easy on profit-taking. Mill shares opened steady, but in the absence of any support prices sagged. Hydro-Electric shares were also quiet. Bellapur Shares were fairly active on a good enquiry in anticipation of higher dividend.

TEXTILE MILLS

Bombay, Aug. 9.

100	Ahm. Advance	285 0
250	Bombay Dyeing	766 4
250	Bradbury	100 0
100	Century	233 12
100	Central India	277 8
100	Colaba	131 4
100	Coorla	95 0
250	David	60 0
250	Dawn	360 0
1	E D Sassoon	0 3 4
100	Finlay	101 4
100	Gokak	188 12
1000	Hindustan	1655 0
100	Indore	70 0
50	Kastoorchand	0 8
100	Khatau	72 8
100	Kohinoor	190 10
250	Laxmi	600 0
100	Madhavji	5 0
250	Madras United	40 0
1000	Morarji	797 8
250	Model	50 0
50	Mysore	100 0
200	New Great	131 4
100	Oosmanshahi	48 12
100	Phoenix	300 0
25	Sassoon Silk	37 8
1000	Sholapur	2275 0
50	Simplex	71 4
100	Swadeshi	158 2
100	Swan	81 4
25	Tata	8 0
500	Vishnu	1320 0
1000	Western	850 0

BANKS.

100	Reserve Bank	130 8
50-100	Baroda	97 8
25-50	Central	38 2
500	Imperial	1515 0
125-500	Im. Con.	380 0
50-100	India	121 8
5	Union	5 7

CEMENTS.

10	Bundi	36 4
70	Gwalior	129 6
160	Indian	472 8
40	Katni Def.	1980 0
40	Katni Ord	412 8
75	Okha	266 4
10	Punjab	26 2
100	Shahabad	485 0
70	United	124 0

INSURANCE

15-100	Jupiter	12 8
15-75	New India	44 0
200	Oriental	4400 0
10-100	Vulcan	7 13

ELECTRIC.

100	Ahmedabad Old	157 8
1000	Andhra Valley	1766 4
10	Ajmer	10 6
50	Bombay Tram	149 6
100	Bombay Suburban	177 8
10	Broach	11 12
100	Karachi	229 0
100	Poona	218 12
100	Surat	195 0
100	Tata Hydro	180 5

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Aug 9

Century 233 238 235 233
Bombay Dyeing 766 773 770 771 765 766
Kohinoor 188 190/10
Central India 277 279 278 277
New Great 132 131/4
Simplex 71
Swadeshi 158
Bundi 37 36/14 36/8 36/10 36/4
I Cement 480 478 480 470 472
Punjab 26/2 26/4 26/2
Shahabad 486 487 485
Andhra 1767 1770 1765 1736
Tata Hydro 180 180/5
Tata Power 1623 1625 1617 1620
Tram Ord 149/11 149/6
T Steel Defd 612 615 608 610 605 607
T Steel Ord 144 144/4 143 143/4 142/12 143
Tata Steel 2nd Pref 149/8 149/4
Bellapur 343 348 345
B Steam 310
B Burma 332 328 330 326

1000	Tata Power	1620 0

RAILWAYS.

500	Ahm. Prantij	890 0
100	Amr. Patty	122 0
100	C Province	88 0
100	Dhond Baramati	97 8
100	Gujarat	73 8
100	Mandra Bhon	92 0
100	Pachora Jamner	22 0
100	Sara Sirajgunge	92 0
500	Tapty Valley	787 8

MININGS

10	Shivrajpur	28 0
30	Tata Steel Def.	607 8
75	Tata Steel Ord.	143 0

MISCELLANEOUS.

100	Alcock	155 0
50	Belapur Sugar	345 0
250	Bombay Steam	310 0
125	Bombay Burma	326 4
50	Bombay Burma Conty.	108 4
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	3-1-0
50	Bombay Telephone	109 8
100	Indian Bleaching	115 10
100	Ind. Radio Defd.	515 0
100	Ind. Radio Ordy. XD	488 12
1000	Port Canning	607 8
15	Scindia	12 9
30	Premier Construction	82 4
25	Tata Oil	18 0

PREFERENCE.

7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1390 0
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	296 4
7	p.c. Bombay Trams	82 12
5	p.c. Central India	512 8
7	p.c. Katni 1st.	133 12
7	p.c. Katni 2nd	143 2
7 1/2	p.c. Punjab Cement	14 4
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	140 0
7½	p.c. Tata Power	1422 8
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	177 8
7 1/2	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	149 4
5 1/2	p.c. Tata Mill	13-0
7	p.c. Vishnu	650 0

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, August 9

The local silver market ruled weak to-day on increased selling pressure. There was a marked absence of any important buying and prices after opening at Rs. 70 declined to Rs. 69/16 The gold market was also quiet with scattered selling. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 1-5 15/16

	Rs	a.	p.
Ready silver	69	9	0
Shravan delivery	69	10	0
Bhadarva delivery	69	15	0
Ready gold	34	11	0
Shravan delivery	34	11	6
Bhadarva delivery	34	12	3

MONTREAL SILVER FUTURES

Montreal, Aug 8

August 68.00 plus 10
September 68.00 plus 24
December 68.85 plus 21

LONDON SILVER.

London, August 8.

Market steady.

Spot	30.3/16
Forward	30.1/1

LONDON GOLD.

London, August 8.

Gold Bars Fine per oz. £7/0/6

LONDON METALS.

London, August 8.

	£
Copper Braziers	45-1/2
Yellow Metal	38
Spelter Hard Indian Brands..	14-5/8
Corrugated Sheets 24 Gauge..	12-3/4
Tin English ingots Liverpool F O B.	232-1/4

LONDON RUBBER

London, August 8.

Smoked sheet standard ribbed per lb., sellers 5-13/16.

WALL-STREET MARKET.

New York, Aug 8

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars
Amer Power and Light 5 per cent P A	23
Amer Forn Power Com	6
Amer Forn Power Gold D	75
Amer Forn Power 7 per cent P	37
Consolidated Gas	31
Columbia Gas 6 per Pfd A	80
Western Union Telg	48
Radio Corporation	6 1/2
New York Central	20 1/4
Erie R R	10
Union Pacific R R	99
Western Electric Inst	18
Goodyear Tyre	20
Kelvinator	13
Bendix Aviation	19
Bethelehem Steel	36
United States Steel	42 1/2
Noranda Mines	38
Int Nickel of Canada	28 1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	16 3/4
Cerro de Pasco Copper	57
Ford Motors of Canada A	28
General Motor	42 1/2
St Oil of N J	46
Socony	11 3/4
Plymouth Oil	
American Radiator	17
Chase Bank	32
National City Bank	29
National Dairy	15
Du Pont de Nemours	109
Int Tel and Tel	11
Sperry Corp	12
Briggs Mfg	41

Market holding specially activity central in Aircraft Companies and certain motor accessories. General motors sold 170,000 units in July. Brokers loans 10 million dollars up.
Total business 1 1/2 million.

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 6 POINTS UP

Narrow Movements In Cross Rates

BULLION FEATURELESS AND TIN WEAK

Wheat Steady But Linseed Easy

BOMBAY, Aug. 9.

On Friday cross-rates moved within a narrow range.

N. Y. COTTON PRICES IMPROVE.

New York cotton opened easy but thereafter prices steadily improved on local buying and short-covering.

BULLION FEATURELESS.

London gold and silver ruled featureless. Tin was weak.

WHEAT STEADY BUT LINSEED EASY.

Wheat was steady but linseed was easy. Jute and rubber were unchanged.

BETTER ENQUIRY IN GILT-EDGEDS.

The London Stock Exchange was inactive with little business doing. Gilt-edged securities attracted better enquiry although actual business was limited.

COTTON EXCHANGES

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(OCTOBER 1935)

	New York, Aug. 9.
Previous closing	11.12
To-day's opening	11.07
Difference	—.05
To-day's closing	11.18
Difference	+.06

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1935.

	Liverpool, Aug. 9.
Previous closing	6.04
To-day's opening	5.99
Difference	—.05
To-day's closing	5.98
Difference	—.06

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April May ..... Rs. 207

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, Aug. 9.

Trading was irregular owing to the hesitancy of operators who were chary of making further commitments in the absence of any clearcut policy of the Government with regard to the cotton loan while continued favourable progress of the crop also unnerved traders. However the technical position renders further fall at this level rather difficult.

Trading in October opened at 11.07 i.e. 5 points lower than previous closing. The market early eased on lower Liverpool advices and hedge selling with the price of October falling to 11.04. Thereafter prices recovered steadily on local buying and covering and October touched 11.21 assisted by further outside buying.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 11.18 with a rise of 6 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Aug. 9.

The following were the opening ranges:—

October (11.28/11.28) 11.08/11.07
December (11.20/11.19) 11.00/11.00
January (11.17/11.17) 10.98/10.97

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Aug. 9.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.

American October (6.11) 5.96
American December (5.98) 5.85
Egyptian October (7.76) 7.69
Egyptian November (7.77) 7.70

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Aug. 9.

Broach April May fluctuated between Rs. 205-8 and 206-12 at night. The rate at 10-20 p.m. was Rs. 206-12 with New York futures 5 points up.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

BOMBAY, Aug. 9

Steamer s.s. Pres. Polk, Capt. W. H. Weaver, Campbell and Co., arrived from San Francisco via Colombo.

Steamer s.s. Bankura, Captain S. G. Slocombe, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., arrived from Basra via Karachi.

Steamer s.s. Clan Ranald, Captain H. Evans, Agents James Finlay and Co., arrived from Bhavnagar, Galle, Calicut and Marmagao.

Steamer s.s. Jalavijaya, Captain F. T. W. Lewis, Agents Scindia Steam N. Co., arrived from Moulmein via Coast Ports.

Steamer s.s. Rawalpindi, Captain R. H. Stringer, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., arrived from Kobe via Colombo.

DEPARTURES.

Steamer s. s. Pres. Polk, Captain W. H. Weaver, Agents F. F. Campbell and Co., sailed for New York via Suez.

Steamer s.s. Jalavihar, Captain J. P. Bhandara, Agents Scindia Steam N. Co., sailed for Calcutta via Madras.

Steamer s.s. British Soldier, Captain T. Templeton, Agents Anglo-Iranian Oil Co., sailed for Abadan.

Steamer s.s. Rawalpindi, Captain R. H. Stringer, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., sailed for London via Aden.

Steamer s.s. Fulkefjell, Captain C. J. Nelsen, Agents Burmah Shell Oil Co., sailed for Abadan.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

	New York, Aug. 9.
Previous closing	4.96 1/2
To-day's opening	4.96 5/8
To-day's closing	4.96 5/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

	London, Aug. 9.
Previous closing	4.96 7/16
To-day's opening	4.96 1/2
To-day's closing	4.96 11/16
Difference	+.00 1/4

FRANC RATE

	London, Aug. 9.
Previous closing	74.91
To-day's opening	74.93
To-day's closing	74.94
Difference	+.03

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Aug. 9.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.96 1/2 and then moved to 4.96 7/16 subsequently rising to 4.96 11/16.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.96 11/16.

Franc opened at 74.93 movements thereafter being small and unimportant.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 74.94

LONDON SILVER

London, Aug. 9.

The market was steady.

	Last price	To-day's price
Spot	30 3/16d.	30 3/16d.
Forward	30 1/4d	30 1/4d

LONDON GOLD

London, Aug. 9.

Gold per ounce (£7-0-6) £7-0-5 1/2

DISCOUNTS

London, Aug. 9.

3 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 to to 5/8 per cent.
4 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent.
6 months (3/4 to 7/8 per cent) 3/4 to 7/8 per cent.

CROSS RATES

London, Aug. 9. 3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1/6 1/8) 1/6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (5.65 7/8) 5.65 7/8
New York on Bombay (37.50) 37.50
Berlin on Bombay (0.93 5/8) 0.93 5/8
London on Shanghai (1-5 15/16) 1-5 15/16
London on Milan (60.40) 60.37
London on Kobe (1-2 5/32) 1-2 5/32

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Aug. 9.

Silver opened steady at Rs. 69/14, 70 and 70/5. Very little interest was displayed by speculators who are watching foreign developments while London cables also showed no change but later in the session prices improved on covering and local buying and closed steady at Rs. 69/14, 70 and 70/5.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 34/11/3, 34/11/9 and 34/12/9. The market continued inactive and featureless with foreign exchange not showing any marked changes. Prices closed steady at Rs. 34/11, 34/11/6 and 34/12/9.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Aug. 9.

Liverpool wheat opened steady with October at 61 3/4 and December 60 3/4. Trading was moderately active on some speculative enquiry but business was rather restricted.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Aug. 9.

Chicago wheat opened steady with September at 0.90 3/8. Prices improved slightly on better support and some commission house buying.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Aug. 9.

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows.

METALS.

Tin (£233 3/4 buyers £234 sellers Steady) £228 buyers £231 sellers. Weak

Linseed (£15 9/16 buyers £15 5/8 sellers. Steady) £15 1/2 buyers £15 9/16 sellers. Barely steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£35 1/2 to £36) £35 3/8 to £35 1/2

Glasgow Iron (£70) £70

TEA.

Indian Pekoe (0-9) 0-9
Indian Pekoe higher (1-7) 1-7
Ceylon Pekoe (0-10 1/2) 0-10 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-8) 1-8

SILVER CABLE.

Bombay, Aug. 9.

The following cable information was received from London to-night.

(1) "Situation unchanged. India and China's offering again being absorbed by America."

(2) "Rates continue unchanged America buying. India and China are selling."

JUTE

August September New Crop (£18 1/8 sellers) £18 1/8 sellers.
Dunlop August (£22 1/2) £22 1/2
Lightning August (£20 1/2) £20 1/2

RUBBER.

Spot (5 3/4) 5 3/4 buyer
Forward (5 7/8) 5 7/8 paid and buyers

LINSEED.

Linseed Bombay August September (£12 sellers) £11 15/16 sellers.
Linseed Calcutta August September (£11 3/4 sellers) £11 11/16 sellers.
Linseed La Plata August (£9 5/8 sellers) £9 1/2 sellers.
Groundnut Coromandal September (£14 3/4 sellers) £14 11/16 sellers.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

September Delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

	Bombay, Aug. 9. Rs. a. p.
Rates at 9-0 a.m.	6 11 3
Rates at 12-0 noon	6 11 3
Rates at 3-30 p.m.	6 10 3
Rates at 5-30 p.m.	6 10 3
Rates at 6-0 p.m.	6 10 3
Rates at 8-0 p.m.	6 10 6
Rates at 10-0 p.m.	6 10 6

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

	Bombay, Aug. 9. Rs. a. p.
Wheat September	4 3 3
Wheat May	4 8 3
Linseed September	6 10 3
Linseed May	6 14 9

The tone was quiet in wheat and weak in Linseed.

JUTE SHARES FAIRLY STEADY

Coals Steady And Teas Dull

CALCUTTA, Aug. 9.

In sympathy with better hessian and jute markets, jutes ruled fairly steady and moderate volume of business was put through. In coals slight enquiry was noticed and although trading was on a limited scale, rates were fully steady. Teas were dull for lack of support. Miscellaneous disclosed no special importance. Government securities were steady. Following were the closing quotations.

Government Securities:—3 per cent New Loan 1951|54 97|9 small lot; 3-1|2 per cent Government Paper 94|14; 3-1|2 per cent Loan 1947|50 103|14; 4 per cent Loan 1960|70 107|9|6; 5 per cent Loan 1945|55 118|2; 5 per cent Loan 1940|43 109|11 small lot.

Banks:—Reserve Bank 130|4.

Railways:—Chaparmukh Silghat 90; Darjeeling Himalayan pref. 130; Futwah Islampore Lt. 90.

Cottons:—Kesoram 3|7.

Coals:—Bengal 262; Hurriladih 18|12; Raneegunge 32|4; Standard 34.

Jutes:—Agarpara ordy 26|11; Alliance pref. 123; Anglo-India 460|8; Barnagore 152 small lots; Bally 208; Belvedere 377; Cheviot pref. 145; Delta 355 small lot; Empire 33|4 small lot; Howrah 53|7; Hukumchand pref. 112; India 352; Kamarhatty 553; Northbrook pref. 143.

Miscellaneous:— Indian Iron and Steel 7|7; Tata Iron and Steel 2nd pref. 152 small odd lots; Indian Wood products 17|10; India General Navigation ordy 104; Cawnpore Sugar pref. 163; Samastipore Sugar 10|4; Deventures 5-1|2 per cent 1915|42 Chowringhee Property 100|8.—A. P.

General Tendency Good On Stock Exchange

IMPROVEMENT IN WHEAT ON PRE-BUREAU BUYING

Tin Weak On 15 Per Cent. Increase In Present Quota

(Special Cable)

LONDON, Aug. 9.

On the Stock Exchange despite the end of the account, more interest was displayed and with the outlook regarded more hopeful the general tendency remained good.

In commodities, wheat improved on pre-Bureau buying. Cotton further weakened on pessimistic consideration of the American crop. The announcement of 15 per cent increase in the present quarter's quota caused a setback in tin prices which later recovered somewhat.

Wall Street opened quietly steady but after advancing succumbed to profit-taking sales.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Aug. 9.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £99

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Wednesday, July 31, £98
Thursday, August 1, £98
Friday, August 2, £98
Tuesday, August 6, £98 1/4
Wednesday, August 7, £98 1/4
Thursday, August 8, £98 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Aug. 9. 3-30 p.m.

Market generally were very quiet with only small business. Giltedgeds were firm, but business was moderate. Industrials in general were steady with some good features.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£86 1/2) £87
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£108 5/8) ...106 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£1?1 7/8) £111 7/8
4 per cent Funding Loan (£119 3/8) £119 3/8
3 1/2 per cent. War Loan (£107 1/8) £107 1/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£117 1/2) £117 7/8

INDUSTRIALS.

British Celanese 2nd Preference (24-3) 23-9
Marks and Spencer Splits share (4 3/8) 4 3/8
Hydro Electric (dol 4 1/8) dol 4 1/8
Musical Industries (26-6) 26-6
Princhin Johnson (43-7 1/2) 44-0
Imperial Chemical (35-0) 35-0
Imperial Chemical Ord (8-6) 8-7 1/2
Woolsworth New Ford (114-0) 114-7 1/2
Realisation 1930 (£76) £77
Dunlop Rubber (43-10 1/2) 43-10 1/2
University Ordinary (30-6) 30-6
Ford Motors (36-6) 36-3
Cable Wires (£7 1/2) £7 1/2
British American Tobacco (122-6) 122-6
Camera A (£8 1/2) £8 3/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (145-0) 145
P and O S N Company Defd (18-3) 18-3
Distillers (93-0) 93-6
Bred and Dyers (8-9) 8-9
British Celanese (14-10 1/2) 14-10 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (65-0) 65-0
Courtaulds Ordinary (56-9) 56-9
Fine Cotton Spinners (6-9) 6-9
Western Limited Ordinary (15-6) 15-6
Inter Nickels (£28 1/2) £28 1/2
Bengal Iron and Steel (5-0) 5-0
Tata Iron and Steel (£103 1/2) £103 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, Aug. 9.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£98 5/8) £99 1/8
3 1/2 per cent Indian (£97 1/2) £98
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£114) £114
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£117) £117
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£108 1/2) £108 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1948-47 (£115 1/2) £115 1/2
5 1/2 per cent New Indian 1934-58 (£105 1/2) £105 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£110 1/2) £111

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (18-9) 18-9
Donaro Tea (41-3) 41-3
Empire of India and Ceylon (30-0) 30-0

JUTE SHARES.

Bangalore (£12 1/2) £12 1/2

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (22-0) 22-0
Gula Kelampong (21-3) 21-3
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (29-9) 29-9

MINING SHARES.

Nandydrug (58-9) 58-9
Burma Corporation (10-4 1/2) 10-4 1/2
Rio Tintos (£16 7/8) £16 5/8
East Rand Proprietor (52-0) 52-0
Rand Mines (160-0) 160-0

MINE SHARES.

Crown Mines (275-0) 275-0
Goddar New (210-0) 210-0
Moddar New (74-4 1/2) 75-0
Sub Nigel (261-3) 261-3
Spring Mines Split Shares (44-4 1/2) 44 1/2
Union Corporation (167-6) 167-6

OIL SHARES.

Venezuela Persian (41-10 1/2) 41-10 1/2
Anglo Iranian (65-0) 66-3
Burma Oil (78-6) 78-6
Mexican Eagle (5-7 1/2) 5-3
Shell Transport (75-0) 75-0
Royal Dutch (26 3/8) 26-3/4

HOME RAIL SHARES.

Great Western (£50) £50
L M Ford (£21) £21
L N E R Defd (£5 3/4) £5 3/4
Southern Dutch (£21 1/2) £21 7/8
London Paris 5 per cent (£135 1/4) £134 3/4
London Board G Stock (£98) £98

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Aug. 9.

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motor (dol 42) dol 42 5/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 17 1/8) dol 16 7/8
U S Steel Common (dol 41 5/8) dol 42 1/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 98 1/4) dol 100

NOT WORDS BUT SPIRIT COUNTS

Madras Governor Hopes India Bill Will Lead To Self-Govt.

MADRAS, August 9.

"Whether this constitution functions successfully or not does not depend on the words of the Act of Parliament but on the spirit in which that Constitution is made to function," said the Governor speaking at a dinner given in his honour by Sir Alladi Krishnaswamy Iyer, Advocate General, last night.

His Excellency added that the spirit in which the 1919 Act had been worked in this presidency enabled the letter of the law to be put inside in order that the Constitution might function successfully. "This", he said, 'will show that no matter what words may be in the Act of Parliament it is possible and, I hope probable that this new constitution will broaden out from precedent to precedent, containing within itself the seeds of growth until the time arrives when it will be said that complete and absolute self-government which the autonomous provinces' desire is theirs for the taking."

Concluding, the Governor said that the League of Nations was today beset with difficulties and he believed that it had come to one of the testing times in its existence. "Whether the League of Nations succeeds or fails, whether its ideals are too high for the present period, whether its originators were too far ahead of the times, there does exist in this world the germ of a real League of Nations and that germ is the Commonwealth under the King Emperor. The ideals which the British Commonwealth of Nations sets before itself and indeed the ideals of the League of Nations and we are, indeed well able to carry them out. There are some few in this country and perhaps in England who say that the time may in the very far future come when the association between England and India may cease. I hope the time will never come. I believe that the greater the power and influence of a large number of self-governing units united in loyalty to one crown, the greater the power and authority it has for keeping the world at peace."

The Governor hoped that with their constitution broadening from precedent to precedent England and India may continue to hand in hand down the ages.—A. P.

EDUCATION BOARD

Govt. Of India Decide To Revive It Without A Bureau

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, Aug. 9.

The Government of India have decided to revive the Central Advisory Board of Education, says a resolution of the Department of Education, Health and Lands. The functions of the Board will be: (A) to advise on any Educational questions which may be referred to it by the Government of India or by any local Government; (B) To call for information and advise regarding educational developments or special interest of value to India and to examine this information and circulate it with recommendations to the Government of India and to the Local Governments.

CONSTITUTION OF BOARD.

The constitution of the Board will be: (A) Hon. Member in charge of the Department of Eucation, Health and Lands (Chairman); (B) Educational Commissioner with the Government of India; (C) Six nominees of the Government of India, of whom one at least shall be a woman; (D) One member elected by the Council of State; (E) Two members elected by the Legislative Assembly; (F) Three members nominated by the Inter-university Board of India; (G) A representative of each Local Government who shall be either a Minister in charge of Education (or his deputy) or Director of Public Instruction (or his deputy).

The tenure of office of non-official members of the Board will be three years. The official members of the Board will continue until they are replaced by others. The Secretary of the Board will be appointed by the Government of India.

COMMITTEES OF BOARD.

The resolution gives details of the method of working of the board for the purpose of which the Board will form a Standing and 'ad voc' Committee and will have the power of appointing to those committees and will have persons who are members of the Board but who possess special knowledge and experience of the problems which the Committees will examine.

The Government of India have not yet fixed any date for the first meeting of the Board but it is anticipated that it will be held at Delhi as soon as possible after the beginning of the cold weather.

It will be observed that the Board of Education is to be revived without a bureau. The Government of India think that apart from financial considerations, the precise functions and establishment of a bureau could best be defined after the opinion of the Board has been obtained in the matter.

HOLIDAYS WITH PAY FOR WORKERS

U. P. Merchants Oppose Proposal And Consider It Not Practical

CAWNPORE, Aug. 8.

In response to a communication on the subject of Holidays with pay received from the Government of India, through the Director of Industries, United Provinces, the Secretary, United Provinces Chamber of Commerce has addressed a letter to the latter to the following effect:—

It may be recalled that the question came for first discussion at the 19th Session of the International Labour Conference and the proposals before that Conference were:

1. That Annual Holidays with pay should be granted to workers other than those engaged in agriculture or shipping.

2. That a minimum period of service under one employee should be prescribed by which a worker would be eligible for holidays with pay, etc.

3. That the period of holiday and the pay to be granted to workers during the holidays should be fixed on some definite basis.

OPPOSITION TO PROPOSAL

That the Committee have very carefully considered the question and are of the opinion that as most of the labourers in the country were working on daily wages and did not usually stay in the factory for any considerable time, the question of granting annual holidays with pay did not arise. In addition to that there was the problem of piece workers. The Committee believes that owing to the observance of different festivals by different communities at different times of the year, there were more stop days in India than in any other countries of the world, and the percentage of absentees was also much greater in India than in other industrial countries. Moreover, it was the general practice of the Indian worker to take his holiday whenever it suited him irrespective of the consideration whether his employer could spare him or not. Consequently, the Committee were opposed to the first proposal.

NOT PRACTICAL.

Considering the present state of trade union organisation in the country, it could not be expected that the workers shall be in a position to maintain record of their service in different concerns in a way to claim the number of holidays due to them. Therefore, the question of eligibility for Annual Holidays with pay did not appear to be a practical proposition.

The Committee were emphatically of the opinion that India should not ratify any Convention of this nature unless other industrially advanced countries of the world had given a lead. The Committee were strongly opposed to putting any extra burden on the industries in their present depressed state, and believed that any attempt to introduce the system of holidays with pay was likely to be frustrated.—United Press.

SUGAR TO SUBSTITUTE JUTE

Extensive Propaganda In Bengal Villages

CALCUTTA, Aug. 8.

The Government resolution on the Annual Report of the Department of Agriculture, Bengal, for the year 1933-34 just published says that while the season was on the whole a good one for winter and autumn crops and fair for rabi crops, economic conditions continued to be bad and the prices of rice and jute were low. Government were also compelled to reduce expenditure by the abolition of five posts of District Agricultural Officer.

The report of the Bengal Jute Enquiry Committee was published in February 1934. Owing to the divergence of opinion among the members of the Committee on certain essential points Government addressed the Board of Economic Enquiry for advice on certain questions arising out of the report of the Committee. In the meantime, more extensive propaganda than in previous years was undertaken in the rural areas through both official and non-official agencies in the hope of persuading cultivators to restrict sowings of jute, but the effect was not appreciable.

SUGAR FOR JUTE.

In this direction the assistance of the Imperial Council of Agriculture Research, coming at a time when the state of provincial revenues forbade expansion was most valuable and it was owing to the grants received from the Council that, in spite of the acute financial stringency, it was possible to carry on as many as seven important schemes of agricultural research work at Krishnasagar, the other for investigation work into the costs of sugar cane cultivation. The importance of the former scheme lies in the prospect which can hardly be exaggerated in view of the importance of the cultivation of sugar cane as a substitute for jute.

Work on agricultural research also continued at the Universities of Calcutta and Dacca with grants from the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research.

NEW MILLS AT WORK.

There was also an increase in the cultivation of tobacco, which was one of the few crops that did not suffer from depressed prices. The practice of growing tobacco for home consumption was increased by a large distribution of a departmental seed, but in a large area the crop was unfortunately damaged by hail.

The question of training further batches of teachers at the Secondary Agricultural School at Dacca in connection with the scheme for agricultural education in High English and Middle English Schools was not taken up pending examination of the position as regards the working of the agricultural classes in the schools already participating in the scheme. During the year under report there were fifty-six schools teaching agriculture, and 3030 boys received instructions on the subject—both theoretical and practical.—United Press.

SIKH'S BODY FOUND NEAR CIVIL COURTS

AGRA CITY, Aug. 9.

The Agra Police have recovered the body of a Punjabi Sikh near the Civil Courts, Agra. It seems he was murdered by an axe last night. The person has not yet been identified.—A.P.

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JUPITER GENERAL
has a net-work of agencies throughout the country.
J7

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

JUPITER GENERAL
has claim settling agents throughout the world.
J8

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, AUGUST 10, 1935

Abyssinia Thirsting For Peace, Not War

But Ready To Defend If Attacked

800,000 Abyssinians Trained By Belgian Officers

Emperor Says Every Child In Country Knows How To Use Rifle

(From Our Correspondent.)
ALLAHABAD, August 9.

In an interesting interview with an Indian the Emperor of Abyssinia is reported to have said that Abyssinia was a member of the League of Nations and would try every peaceful means for a settlement, but if in the meantime anybody attacked his country then until a single drop of blood remained in their bodies, they would fight for the freedom of their motherland.

Asked if the League of Nations could not succeed in bringing about a settlement the Emperor vehemently protested and said: "Why not". if the League wanted it must succeed, and he believed the League would intervene in this matter.

Questioned about the arrangements made for the protection of his country, the Emperor said, seeing the political conditions in Europe, he had according to his light made preparations for Abyssinia's protection. Even when Abyssinia became a member of the League, it was not weapons that so much afforded protection, but the most important thing for protection was the general good-will and the blessings of his people which he knew he had.

They had Belgian Officers in the Army who had trained 800,000 Abyssinians in warfare. Every child in Abyssinia knew how to use a rifle. They had ' Air Force also which they built with the co-operation of the French.

The Emperor said Abyssinia was anxious to extend its trade with foreign countries, but it never wanted to capture any neighbouring territory by means of war. The Emperor concluded by saying Abyssinia was striving for peace and not war.

C. P. SYMPATHY FOR ABYSSINIANS

Resolution Disallowed In Council ?

NAGPUR, Aug. 9.

The "United Press" understands that a resolution recommending to His Excellency the Governor that a message be sent to the Prime Minister that the sympathy of the people of Central Provinces and Berar are with the Abyssinian people and they expect that in the event of an Italo-Abyssinian War, His Majesty's Government will enforce the covenant of the League of Nations to boycott the aggressor nation and that the invaded people be supplied with arms and ammunition for self-defence, has been disallowed by the President under Legislative Rules.

Mr. C. B. Parakh (representing the Nagpur-Kamptee constituency in the C. P. Council) who had sponsored the resolution, has been informed that the motion is out of order as it relates to a matter affecting the relations of His Majesty's Government or of the Government of India or of the Governor or Governor in Council, with any foreign State.—United Press.

ALLEGED GAMBLER'S DESPERATE RUSH AT SUB-INSPECTOR WITH SWORD

Rewa Police Break Up Big Gaming Establishment In City

REWA: August 9.

The State Police of Rewa are reported to have effected the arrests of a gang of alleged notorious gamblers, during the weekend in Rewa.

It appears from the account that the City Police of Rewa on receipt of certain information that gambling was in progress in the house of one Lalmani, alias Gaibinath, a Brahmin, residing in the Pandentola of Rewa, raided his house at about 11 at night, and surrounding it on all sides, asked the Brahmin to open the door of his house, and surrender himself with his companions.

On Lalmani's refusal to comply with the orders, the Police began to break open the door, on which Lalmani finding no means of escape, flung the door wide-open, and rushed towards the Sub-Inspector of Police with a sword in his hand.

The sub-inspector warded off the blow and over-powering the accused, handed him over to the constables.

After the capture and removal of Lalmani. the Police entered into his house and made an extensive search of the place. During the search, it is reported, they effected several more arrests of the persons who had assembled there to gamble and seized a large amount of cash and arms from the place.

The arrested persons were produced before the court of the Deputy Magistrate, Rewa, where their trial is proceeding.—United Press.

DANGEROUS DACOITS CONVICTED

Adopted American Gangster Methods To Loot Running Train

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 9.

Found guilty of running train dacoity in the Bengal North Western Railway between Waltergange and Babhnan stations, by the Additional Sessions Judge, Basti, three young men, Ori Lohar, Bhagwati and Badshir, were sentenced, the first two to eight years' rigorous imprisonment each and the last to ten years' rigorous imprisonment.

The accused adopted American gangster methods.

The Judge remarking that the gang was of a dangerous type and safety of public from such dangers was of paramount importance considered deterrent sentence called for.—A. P.

TWO ABSCONDERS ARRESTED

CAWNPORE, Aug. 8.

Report of two absconders being arrested has reached here.

It is stated that one Devi Dayal of the Central Provinces who was wanted under section 366 was arrested by Mr. Athar Ali, Circle Inspector, in charge of Bilhaur Thana, in the Anwarganj Circle, while another man Mahabir, wanted in connection with some dacoity case in Fatehpur was arrested by a Constable also in the Anwarganj area.—United Press.

ALL OVER BIT OF LAND

One Killed And Several Wounded In Fracas Between Jats

NEW DELHI, August 8.

A fatal fight occurred between two parties of Jats, wherein one person died and several persons were seriously injured, says a message received here from village Mundaka, near Nangloi. The police rushed to the spot and arrested four persons.

It is alleged that the fracas occurred over the ploughing of a land. One Hardeo used to till the land of one Mst. Kamalia, a widow. Yesterday morning about half a dozen people belonging to one party headed by one Chandgi, entered the field of Mst. Kamalia and began to plough it.

Hardeo objected to it and an altercation ensued which culminated in a serious fight wherein lathis and axes were freely used.

Three other people who came to the rescue of Hardeo, also received serious injuries along with Hardeo.

The injured persons were removed to hospital where Sobha Chand subsequently expired.

Police are making enquiries.—United Press.

TONGA DRIVER'S TRAGIC END

JUBBULPORE, August 9

A young Hindu tonga-driver of Jubbulpore is reported to have met the death under tragic circumstances early yesterday morning.

It appears from the account that the tongawala while coming down from the Railway station to the city, his pony startled and dashed the tonga against a culvert. The tonga falling in a deep nullah was smashed to pieces, while the driver was killed instantaneously.

The dead body was removed to the morgue, where after an inquest being held it was handed over to his relatives.—United Press.

C. P. GOVERNOR TO GO ON LEAVE

NAGPUR, August 9.

The "United Press" understands on reliable authority that His Excellency Sir Hyde Gowan, Governor of Central Provinces, will go on leave extending for four months in winter this year and that the Hon. Mr. E. Gordon, Finance Member, will officiate in his place.—United Press.

CURFEW ORDERS EXTENDED

DACCA, August 9.

Curfew orders under the Suppression of Terrorist Outrages Act have been promulgated for one year by the District Magistrate, prohibiting persons between ages of 12 and 30 sitting or loitering from sunrise to sunset in 19 scheduled places which include places of Hindu worship, parks, play grounds and school compounds.

It may be remembered that a similar order promulgated one year ago expired on the 31st July. —United Press.

At a general meeting of the Ahmedabad Municipal Teachers' Association a resolution was passed protesting against the new grades fixed by Government from the 1st April, 1935 for the primary school teachers and emphasised that the revised grades of salary will spread dissatisfaction among teachers which will ultimately lead to severe set-back in primary education.

Mr. Husseinbhoy A. Lalljee, who had been to Geneva to attend the International Labour Conference as a delegate of the Indian Employers, returned by the mail boat on Thursday.

CARE OF INSANE IN PRESIDENCY

Mental Hospitals' Population Shows Slight Decrease From Last Year

According to the Annual Report on Mental Hospitals in the Bombay Presidency for the year 1934, the total population of the six Mental Hospitals was 2,899 as compared with 2,895 in 1933.

Admissions including readmissions numbered 647 males and 218 females during the year against 657 males and 221 females respectively in 1933. Of the 865 cases admitted for treatment 13 were Europeans and Eurasians, 75 Indian Christians, 526 Hindus, 19 Muhammadans and 59 belonged to other castes. Readmissions numbered 39 (30 males and 9 females) as compared with 25 (20 males and 5 females) last year. The daily average strength was 2,108.7 as compared with 2,045.5 in the previous year.

Hospitals Overcrowded

With a view to avoid overcrowding of the Mental Hospitals and to set free some additional accommodation, reciprocal arrangements with other provinces and Indian States were abrogated. Nevertheless on account of the rush of mental patients all the hospitals are still overcrowded and there is an urgent need of additional accommodation. Rough plans and estimates for additional accommodation of 304 incurable patients at the Central Mental Hospital, Yeravda, have been submitted by the Surgeon-General to Government.

During the year under report 380 patients were discharged cured, 116 improved, 54 not improved and 50 were discharged otherwise.

The daily average number of sick treated in hospitals was 112.1 against 114.3 in 1933. The percentage of sickness to the daily average strength was 5.3 against 5.5 in 1933. The health of the patients was generally good during the year.

Mortality Declines

There were 159 deaths against 216 in 1933. The ratio of deaths percentage of the daily average strength was 7.5 as compared with 10.5 in the preceding year.

The total expenditure amounted to Rs. 7,04,583 as compared with Rs. 7,43,426 in 1933. Deducting the receipts from paying patients, etc., the net expenditure was Rs. 3,14,547 against Rs. 3,31,928.

The employment of patients on such work as gardening, grinding, bidi-making, tailoring, carpentry, cane-work, weaving and helping in the domestic duties connected with the Mental Hospitals continues as in previous years. Rs. 2,812 were expended during the year for the amusements and recreation of the insane against Rs. 2,883 in 1933.

SERIOUS BOAT DISASTER

Nine Passengers Drowned In River Meghna

NOAKHALI, August 9.

A serious boat disaster occurred yesterday in the river Meghna when a country boat with 53 passengers proceeding towards Nalchira Island was overtaken by a strong gale midstream. Panic-stricken passengers scrambled to one side of the boat as a result of which it soon capsized.

Forty-four men were picked up by another boatman who happened to pass by that route, but no trace of the remaining nine has yet been found.—United Press.

JUVENILE OFFENDERS IN BENGAL

Probation Officers Act As Guides And Friends Of Boys And Girls

CALCUTTA, By Mail.

A press note issued by the Government of Bengal on the administration of laws about juvenile offenders says:—

"Sixteen Honorary Lady Magistrates sitting by turn with stipendiary Magistrate in the Central Juvenile Court dealt with 1,367 children during the year 1934 in the Central Juvenile Court.

A new departure of this year was the probation work undertaken for children. There were three Probation Officers, two male and one female, acting under the supervision of the Children's Court Magistrate, who had under their care 139 boys and 120 girls. The probation officers look after the health, work and conduct of the children and act as their friends and guides in every way. Before a case is disposed of, the probation officer makes a thorough enquiry into the antecedents of the children and the suitability of the sureties and of the places of residence.

VARIED PROGRAMME

Boys dealt with by the Courts in the Children's Act area are sent to the Reformatory and Industrial Schools at Alipore and those from outside the area to the Reformatory Schools at Hazaribagh. A marked improvement in the general health since the introduction of an improved diet, primary education, up to Class V, facilities for religious and moral instruction, organised visits to places of interest, compulsory physical exercises including drill and gymnastics, scouting and vocational training in tinsmithy, blacksmithy, weaving, carpentry and tailoring are some of the features in the administration of these Alipore Schools. The schools which have accommodation for 30 boys are maintained entirely at Government cost which came up to Rs. 47,032 in 1934.

Besides these schools, the Govinda Kumar Home at Painhati, the Salvation Army Women's Industrial Home at Entally, the Fendall Home and the Society for the Protection of Children in India have also been notified as suitable places of custody, and receive suitable grants from the Government.—United Press.

EX-G. I. P. STRIKER ARRESTED

KHANDWA, August 8.

An ex-G.I.P. striker has been arrested by the police on charges of stealing goods while in transit by goods trains between the two Railway stations.

It is stated that the accused and his son who lost their jobs in the strike of 1930 were indulging in such thefts for several months past.—United Press.

Pondicherry Textile Deadlock

Employers Take Advantage As Trade Unions Are Illegal In French India

AN APPEAL TO GOVERNOR TO INTERVENE

MADRAS, (By Mail).

Mr. S. Guruswamy, Assistant Secretary, All-India Railwaymen's Federation, has issued the following:—

There is a conspiracy of silence regarding the present situation in Pondicherry where 3,000 textile workers are on strike.

The public will be aware that there was a strike in Swan mills in April last, and a settlement was reached promising better conditions for the staff and no victimisation. After the close of the last strike nearly 40 active workers were victimised on arbitrary grounds and when a popular maistry was discharged on the the 23rd July, 210 workers in his section went in a body to the Manager requesting reconsideration. But the Manager declared a lockout of the 210 employees on the 25th of July resulting in the strike of the rest of the workers in the Mills as a protest.

Trade Unions are illegal in French India and therefore the employer has taken advantage of this by imposing inhuman conditions of service.

VIOLATED IN FRENCH INDIA

Nearly 18 conventions of the International Labour Office applicable to the French India have all been ratified by France and they have all been violated in French India. Representation has been made by the National Trades Union Federation, Bombay, to lodge a complaint to the League of Nations under Article 409 of the Versailles Treaty that the French Government have violated Article 421 of the Treaty by not enforcing the ratified Conventions, especially those concerning unemployment, prohibition of night work for women and children, right of Association, weekly rest and minimum wage fixing machinery.

In French India, representations have also been made to Confederation de Travail, Paris, to take up the matter with the Ministry of Labour and Colonies, Paris.

H.E. the Governor of the French India is requested to intervene in the dispute for peaceful settlement permitting Trade Unions to function in French India enforce the provisions of the ratified Convention in French India without delay in the interests of all concerned.—United Press.

NO UNTOUCHABILITY IN JHALAWAR

Maharaj-Rana Announces His Decision To Abolish It

(From Our Correspondent.)
INDORE, Aug. 7.

Presiding over the meeting of Harijans last week-end, the Maharaj-Rana of Jhalawar announced his decision to abolish untouchability in his state.

Referring in the course of his speech to the recent throwing open unreservedly to Harijans of all temples including those hitherto reserved for the members of the Ruling House, the Maharaja subscribed whole-heartedly to the doctrine of oneness of life propounded in the ancient Vedic lore and exemplified in his life by Gandhiji—the champion of the rights of the oppressed to uphold whose cause the Mahatma nearly staked his life.

Concluding the Maharaja exhorted the gathering of Harijans to cultivate habits of cleanliness and temperance so essential to establish closer contact with their fellow-beings.

SHOPKEEPER SENTENCED

CHAPRA, August 8.

Jai Narain Marwari, from whose shop in the jurisdiction of Sonepur Police Station, 48 unbanderolled match boxes were recovered as the result of a surprise search by the police, has been sentenced by the S.D.O. Chapra to a fine of Rs. 150, or in default, 4 months' rigorous imprisonment under Act 12 (2) of the Matches, (Excise Duty) of 1934.—United Press.

The Excise Police raided a village in North Daskroi Taluka on Wednesday and arrested four Thakardars for alleged manufacture of illicit country liquor. Police attached several implements used in manufacturing liquor.

NO GIVING OF FINGER PRINTS

Berar Congress Executive Decision

(From Our Correspondent)
AKOLA, Aug. 7.

The Executive Committee of the Berar Provincial Congress Committee met at Akola on August 4th in Rajastan Hall under the Presidentship of Sjt. Brijlal Biyani Resolutions for the organisation of Hindustani Seva-Dal, labourers and peasants in the Province were adopted. The Committee adopted the following resolution in connection with Satyagrahis' finger prints.

"It has been brought to the notice of the Provincial Congress Committee that at certain places, police authorities are demanding the finger prints from those who courted jail in last two Civil Disobedience Movements. This Committee is of opinion that this action of the Police is not only illegal but is also against the self-respect of Satyagrahis; therefore it is not necessary for them to give their finger prints."

UNION FOR MUNICIPAL SWEEPERS

Dohad Congress Socialist Plans

DOHAD, August 7

The local Congress Socialist Committee has resolved to form a Union of the Municipal sweepers. With this aim a meeting of the sweepers was held, when Sjt. Kamalashanker Pandya, Secretary of the Gujerat Congress Socialist Party emphasised the need of their own organisation, with a view to protect rights and further their interests.

Spade work is being carried on and their organisation will come into being very shortly.—United Press.

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